

Precision 3650 Tower

Service Manual

Notes, cautions, and warnings

 **NOTE:** A NOTE indicates important information that helps you make better use of your product.

 **CAUTION:** A CAUTION indicates either potential damage to hardware or loss of data and tells you how to avoid the problem.

 **WARNING:** A WARNING indicates a potential for property damage, personal injury, or death.

Working inside your computer

Safety instructions

Use the following safety guidelines to protect your computer from potential damage and to ensure your personal safety. Unless otherwise noted, each procedure included in this document assumes that you have read the safety information that shipped with your computer.

⚠ WARNING: Before working inside your computer, read the safety information that is shipped with your computer. For more safety best practices, see the Regulatory Compliance home page at www.dell.com/regulatory_compliance.

⚠ WARNING: Disconnect your computer from all power sources before opening the computer cover or panels. After you finish working inside the computer, replace all covers, panels, and screws before connecting your computer to an electrical outlet.

⚠ CAUTION: To avoid damaging the computer, ensure that the work surface is flat, dry, and clean.

⚠ CAUTION: To avoid damaging the components and cards, handle them by their edges, and avoid touching the pins and the contacts.

⚠ CAUTION: You should only perform troubleshooting and repairs as authorized or directed by the Dell technical assistance team. Damage due to servicing that is not authorized by Dell is not covered by your warranty. See the safety instructions that is shipped with the product or at www.dell.com/regulatory_compliance.

⚠ CAUTION: Before touching anything inside your computer, ground yourself by touching an unpainted metal surface, such as the metal at the back of the computer. While you work, periodically touch an unpainted metal surface to dissipate static electricity which could harm internal components.

⚠ CAUTION: When you disconnect a cable, pull it by its connector or its pull tab, not the cable itself. Some cables have connectors with locking tabs or thumbscrews that you must disengage before disconnecting the cable. When disconnecting cables, keep them evenly aligned to avoid bending the connector pins. When connecting cables, ensure that the ports and the connectors are correctly oriented and aligned.

⚠ CAUTION: Press and eject any installed card from the media-card reader.

ⓘ NOTE: The color of your computer and certain components may appear differently than shown in this document.

Before working inside your computer

About this task

ⓘ NOTE: The images in this document may differ from your computer depending on the configuration you ordered.

Steps

1. Save and close all open files and exit all open applications.
2. Shut down your computer. Click **Start** > **Power** > **Shut down**.

ⓘ NOTE: If you are using a different operating system, see the documentation of your operating system for shut-down instructions.

3. Disconnect your computer and all attached devices from their electrical outlets.
4. Disconnect all attached network devices and peripherals, such as keyboard, mouse, and monitor from your computer.

 **CAUTION: To disconnect a network cable, first unplug the cable from your computer and then unplug the cable from the network device.**

5. Remove any media card and optical disc from your computer, if applicable.

Safety precautions

The safety precautions chapter details the primary steps to be taken before performing any disassembly instructions.

Observe the following safety precautions before you perform any installation or break/fix procedures involving disassembly or reassembly:

- Turn off the system and all attached peripherals.
- Disconnect the system and all attached peripherals from AC power.
- Disconnect all network cables, telephone, and telecommunications lines from the system.
- Use an ESD field service kit when working inside any tablet/notebook/desktop to avoid electrostatic discharge (ESD) damage.
- After removing any system component, carefully place the removed component on an anti-static mat.
- Wear shoes with non-conductive rubber soles to reduce the chance of getting electrocuted.

Standby power

Dell products with standby power must be unplugged before you open the case. Systems that incorporate standby power are essentially powered while turned off. The internal power enables the system to be remotely turned on (wake on LAN) and suspended into a sleep mode and has other advanced power management features.

Unplugging, pressing and holding the power button for 15 seconds should discharge residual power in the system board. Remove the battery from tablets/notebooks.

Bonding

Bonding is a method for connecting two or more grounding conductors to the same electrical potential. This is done through the use of a field service electrostatic discharge (ESD) kit. When connecting a bonding wire, ensure that it is connected to bare metal and never to a painted or non-metal surface. The wrist strap should be secure and in full contact with your skin, and ensure that you remove all jewelry such as watches, bracelets, or rings prior to bonding yourself and the equipment.

Electrostatic discharge—ESD protection

ESD is a major concern when you handle electronic components, especially sensitive components such as expansion cards, processors, memory DIMMs, and system boards. Very slight charges can damage circuits in ways that may not be obvious, such as intermittent problems or a shortened product life span. As the industry pushes for lower power requirements and increased density, ESD protection is an increasing concern.

Due to the increased density of semiconductors used in recent Dell products, the sensitivity to static damage is now higher than in previous Dell products. For this reason, some previously approved methods of handling parts are no longer applicable.

Two recognized types of ESD damage are catastrophic and intermittent failures.

- **Catastrophic** – Catastrophic failures represent approximately 20 percent of ESD-related failures. The damage causes an immediate and complete loss of device functionality. An example of catastrophic failure is a memory DIMM that has received a static shock and immediately generates a "No POST/No Video" symptom with a beep code emitted for missing or nonfunctional memory.
- **Intermittent** – Intermittent failures represent approximately 80 percent of ESD-related failures. The high rate of intermittent failures means that most of the time when damage occurs, it is not immediately recognizable. The DIMM receives a static shock, but the tracing is merely weakened and does not immediately produce outward symptoms related to the damage. The weakened trace may take weeks or months to melt, and in the meantime may cause degradation of memory integrity, intermittent memory errors, etc.

The more difficult type of damage to recognize and troubleshoot is the intermittent (also called latent or "walking wounded") failure.

Perform the following steps to prevent ESD damage:

- Use a wired ESD wrist strap that is properly grounded. The use of wireless anti-static straps is no longer allowed; they do not provide adequate protection. Touching the chassis before handling parts does not ensure adequate ESD protection on parts with increased sensitivity to ESD damage.
- Handle all static-sensitive components in a static-safe area. If possible, use anti-static floor pads and workbench pads.
- When unpacking a static-sensitive component from its shipping carton, do not remove the component from the anti-static packing material until you are ready to install the component. Before unwrapping the anti-static packaging, ensure that you discharge static electricity from your body.
- Before transporting a static-sensitive component, place it in an anti-static container or packaging.

ESD field service kit

The unmonitored Field Service kit is the most commonly used service kit. Each Field Service kit includes three main components: anti-static mat, wrist strap, and bonding wire.

Components of an ESD field service kit

The components of an ESD field service kit are:


- **Anti-Static Mat** – The anti-static mat is dissipative and parts can be placed on it during service procedures. When using an anti-static mat, your wrist strap should be snug and the bonding wire should be connected to the mat and to any bare metal on the system being worked on. Once deployed properly, service parts can be removed from the ESD bag and placed directly on the mat. ESD-sensitive items are safe in your hand, on the ESD mat, in the system, or inside a bag.
- **Wrist Strap and Bonding Wire** – The wrist strap and bonding wire can be either directly connected between your wrist and bare metal on the hardware if the ESD mat is not required, or connected to the anti-static mat to protect hardware that is temporarily placed on the mat. The physical connection of the wrist strap and bonding wire between your skin, the ESD mat, and the hardware is known as bonding. Use only Field Service kits with a wrist strap, mat, and bonding wire. Never use wireless wrist straps. Always be aware that the internal wires of a wrist strap are prone to damage from normal wear and tear, and must be checked regularly with a wrist strap tester in order to avoid accidental ESD hardware damage. It is recommended to test the wrist strap and bonding wire at least once per week.
- **ESD Wrist Strap Tester** – The wires inside of an ESD strap are prone to damage over time. When using an unmonitored kit, it is a best practice to regularly test the strap prior to each service call, and at a minimum, test once per week. A wrist strap tester is the best method for doing this test. If you do not have your own wrist strap tester, check with your regional office to find out if they have one. To perform the test, plug the wrist-strap's bonding-wire into the tester while it is strapped to your wrist and push the button to test. A green LED is lit if the test is successful; a red LED is lit and an alarm sounds if the test fails.
- **Insulator Elements** – It is critical to keep ESD sensitive devices, such as plastic heat sink casings, away from internal parts that are insulators and often highly charged.
- **Working Environment** – Before deploying the ESD Field Service kit, assess the situation at the customer location. For example, deploying the kit for a server environment is different than for a desktop or portable environment. Servers are typically installed in a rack within a data center; desktops or portables are typically placed on office desks or cubicles. Always look for a large open flat work area that is free of clutter and large enough to deploy the ESD kit with additional space to accommodate the type of system that is being repaired. The workspace should also be free of insulators that can cause an ESD event. On the work area, insulators such as Styrofoam and other plastics should always be moved at least 12 inches or 30 centimeters away from sensitive parts before physically handling any hardware components
- **ESD Packaging** – All ESD-sensitive devices must be shipped and received in static-safe packaging. Metal, static-shielded bags are preferred. However, you should always return the damaged part using the same ESD bag and packaging that the new part arrived in. The ESD bag should be folded over and taped shut and all the same foam packing material should be used in the original box that the new part arrived in. ESD-sensitive devices should be removed from packaging only at an ESD-protected work surface, and parts should never be placed on top of the ESD bag because only the inside of the bag is shielded. Always place parts in your hand, on the ESD mat, in the system, or inside an anti-static bag.
- **Transporting Sensitive Components** – When transporting ESD sensitive components such as replacement parts or parts to be returned to Dell, it is critical to place these parts in anti-static bags for safe transport.

ESD protection summary

It is recommended that all field service technicians use the traditional wired ESD grounding wrist strap and protective anti-static mat at all times when servicing Dell products. In addition, it is critical that technicians keep sensitive parts separate from all insulator parts while performing service and that they use anti-static bags for transporting sensitive components.

After working inside your computer

About this task

 **CAUTION:** Leaving stray or loose screws inside your computer may severely damage your computer.

Steps

1. Replace all screws and ensure that no stray screws remain inside your computer.
2. Connect any external devices, peripherals, or cables you removed before working on your computer.
3. Replace any media cards, discs, or any other parts that you removed before working on your computer.
4. Connect your computer and all attached devices to their electrical outlets.
5. Turn on your computer.

Disassembly and reassembly

Recommended tools

The procedures in this document may require the following tools:








- Phillips #0 screwdriver
- Phillips #1 screwdriver
- Phillips #2 screwdriver
- Plastic scribe-Recommended for field technician
- T-30 torx screwdriver

Screw List

The following table shows the screw list and the images for different components.

- i** **NOTE:** When removing screws from a component, it is recommended to note the screw type, the quantity of screws, and then place them in a screw storage box. This is to ensure that the correct number of screws and correct screw type is restored when the component is replaced.
- i** **NOTE:** Some computers have magnetic surfaces. Ensure that the screws are not left attached to such surface when replacing a component.
- i** **NOTE:** Screw color may vary with the configuration ordered.

Table 1. Screw list

| Component | Screw type | Quantity | Image |
|--------------------------------------|------------|----------|---|
| Side cover | M6-32x12.7 | 1 |  |
| M.2 2280 Solid-state drive | M2x3.5 | 1 |  |
| WLAN card | M2x3.5 | 1 |  |
| System Fan | #6-32 | 1 |  |
| Processor fan and heat-sink assembly | #6-32 | 4 |  |
| Front I/O panel | #6-32 | 1 |  |
| System board | #6-32 | 8 |  |

Major components of your system


1. Side cover
2. Memory module
3. I/O panel
4. Fan and Heat-sink assembly
5. Processor
6. Solid-state drive
7. Power button
8. System board
9. Chassis
10. Front bezel
11. 3.5-inch Hard-drive
12. System fan
13. Graphics card
14. Optical drive (Optional)
15. Power-supply unit

Side cover

Removing the side cover

Prerequisites

1. Follow the procedure in [before working inside your computer](#).

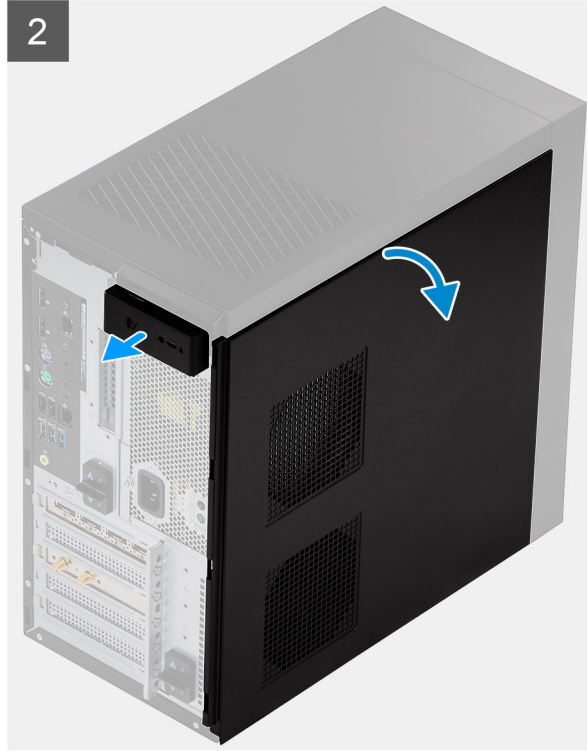
 **NOTE:** Ensure that you remove the security cable from the security-cable slot (if applicable).

About this task

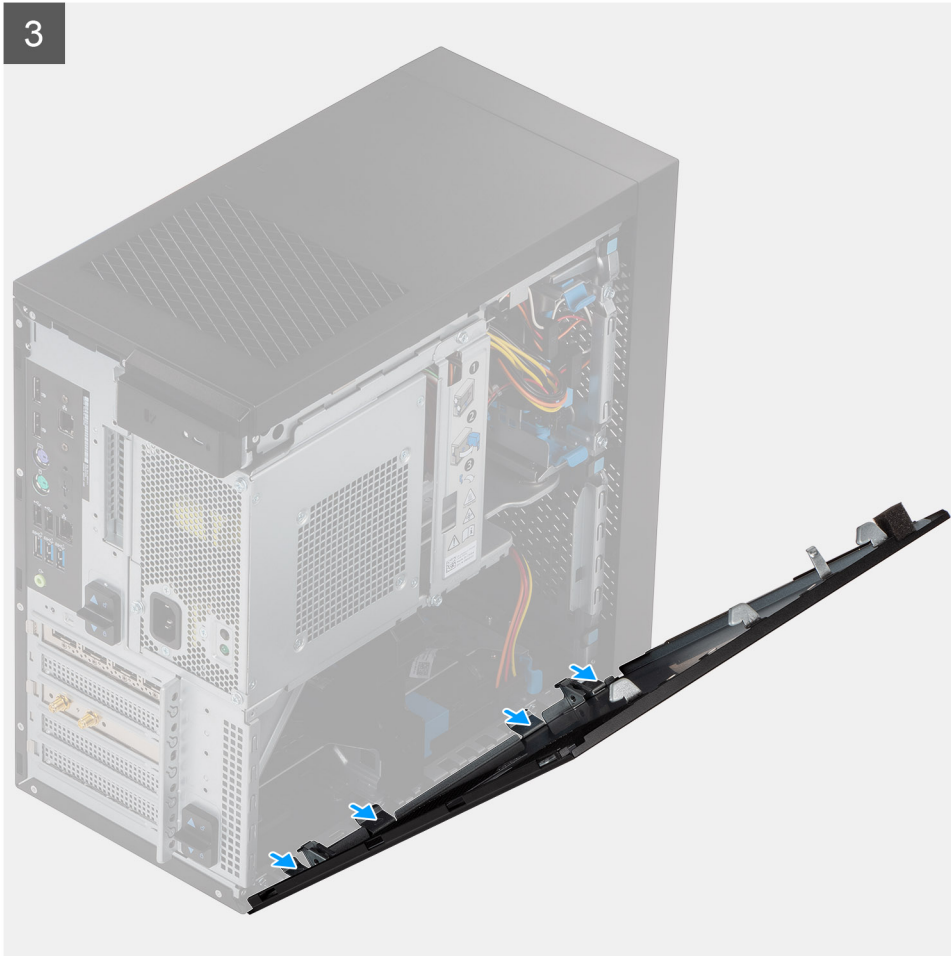
The following images indicate the location of the side cover and provide a visual representation of the removal procedure.



1x
M6.32x12.7



3



Steps

1. Remove the single screw (M6.32x12.7) to unlock the release latch.
2. Pull the release latch to release the side cover from the computer.
3. Open the side cover towards the side of the computer and lift the cover away from the computer.

Installing the side cover

Prerequisites

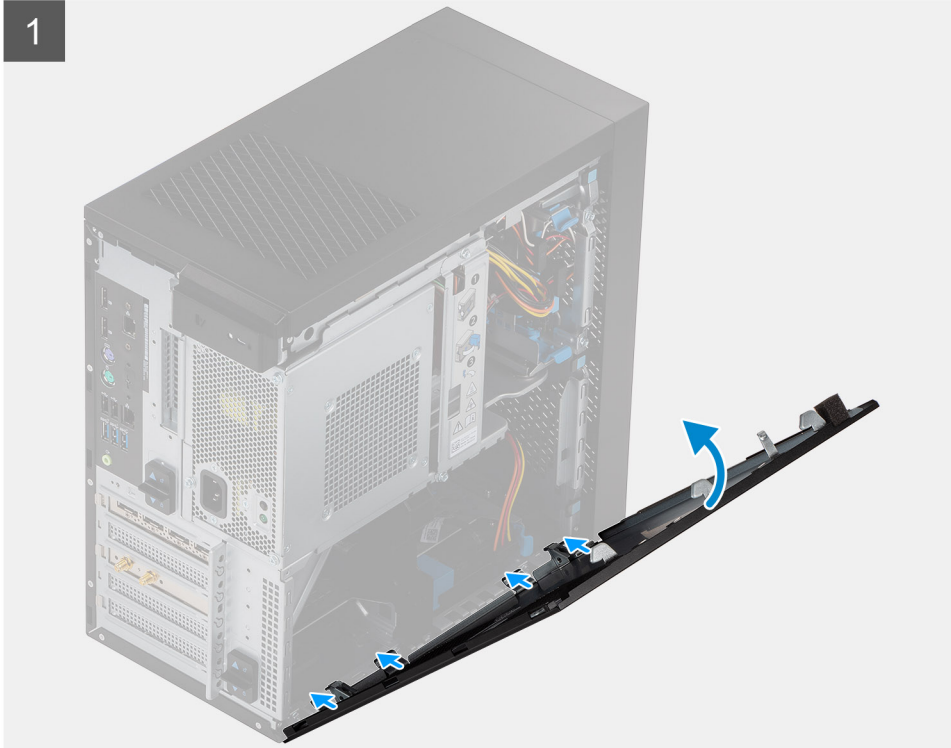
If you are replacing a component, remove the existing component before performing the installation procedure.

About this task

The following image indicates the location of the side cover and provides a visual representation of the installation procedure.



1x
M6.32x12.7



Steps

1. Locate the side cover slot on your computer.

2. Align the tabs on the side cover with the slots on the chassis.
3. Press the side cover gently.
4. The release latch automatically locks the side cover to the computer.
5. Replace the screw (M6.32x12.7) to secure the release latch.

Next steps

1. Follow the procedure in [after working inside your computer](#).

Power-supply unit cage

Opening the power-supply unit cage

Prerequisites

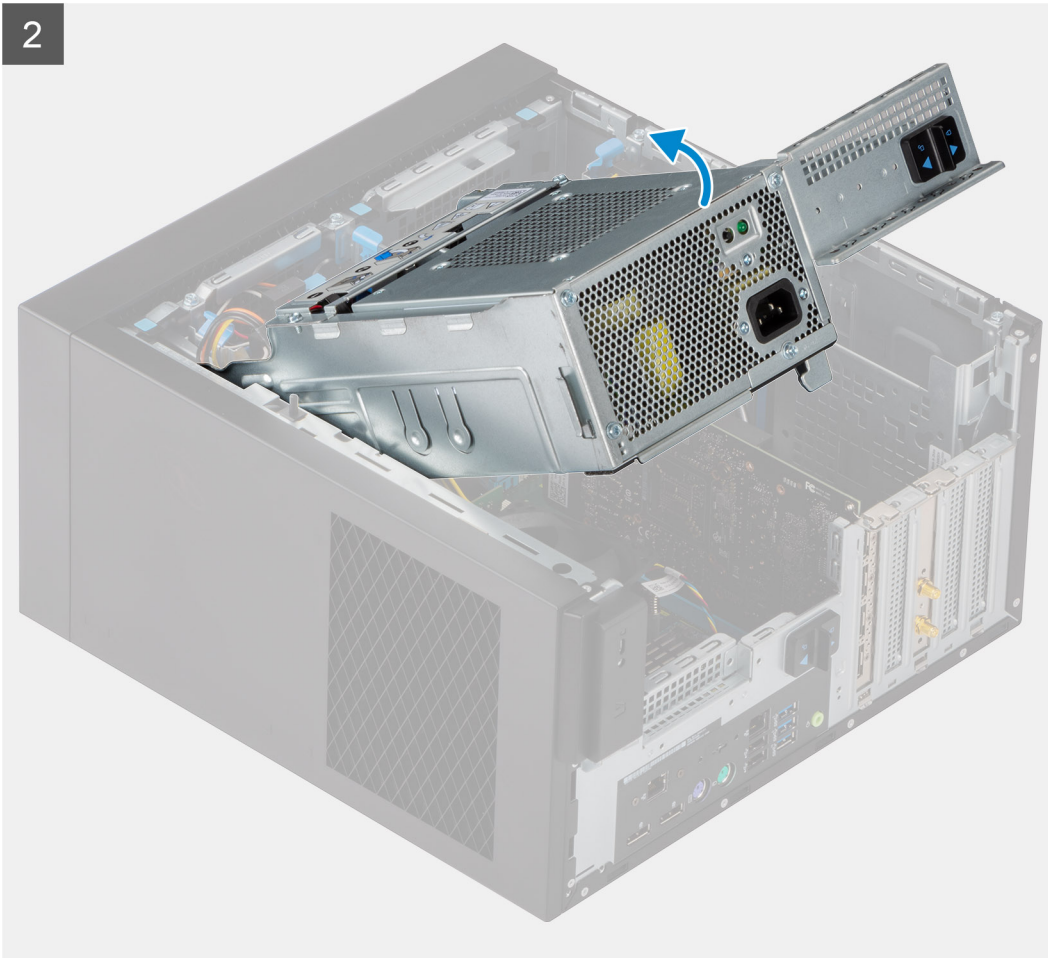
1. Follow the procedure in [before working inside your computer](#).
2. Remove the [side cover](#).

About this task

The following images indicate the location of the power-supply unit cage and provide a visual representation of the removal procedure.



2



Steps

1. Lay the computer on the right side.
2. Slide the PSU hinge and the PSU release latch to unlock the PSU cage.
3. Lift and open the PSU cage.

Closing the power-supply unit cage

Prerequisites

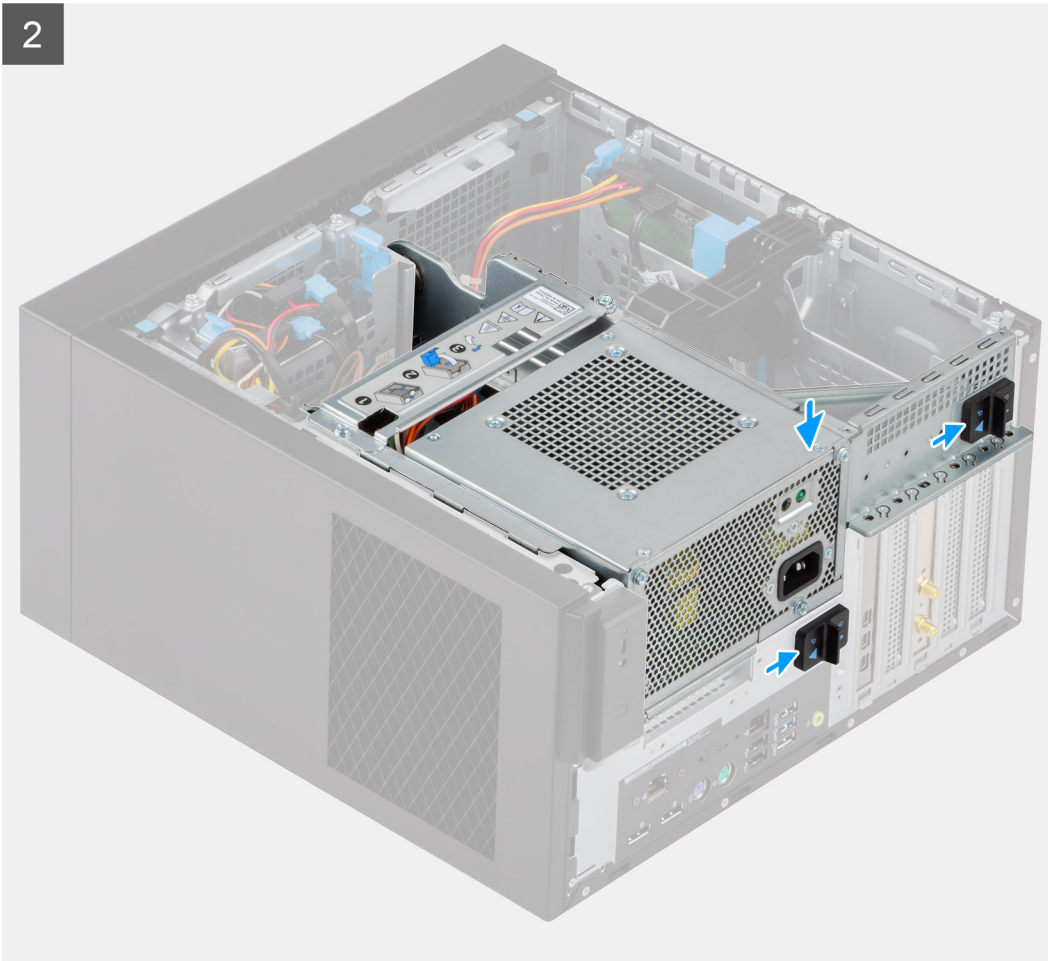
If you are replacing a component, remove the existing component before performing the installation procedure.

About this task

The following images indicate the location of the power-supply unit cage and provide a visual representation of the installation procedure.



2



Steps

1. Rotate the PSU cage
2. Press the PSU cage down and slide the PSU hinge and PSU release latches to lock the PSU cage..

Next steps

1. Install the [side cover](#).
2. Follow the procedure in [after working inside your computer](#).

Front bezel

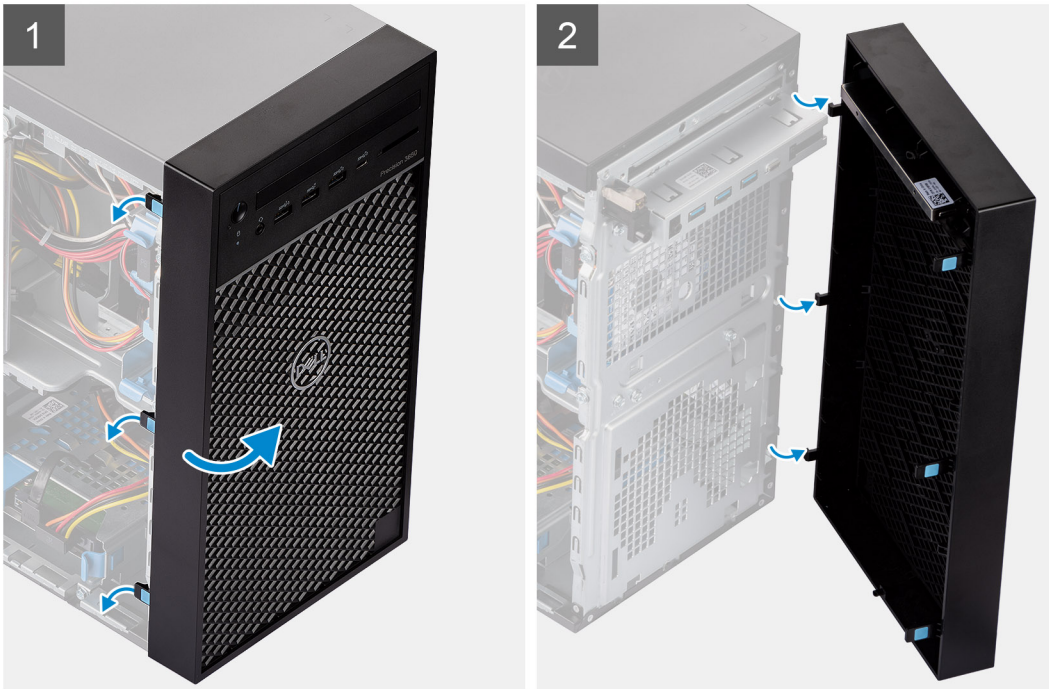
Removing the front bezel

Prerequisites

1. Follow the procedure in [before working inside your computer](#).
2. Remove the [side cover](#).

About this task

The following images indicate the location of the front bezel and provide a visual representation of the removal procedure.



Steps

1. Pry the retention tabs to release the front bezel from the computer.
2. Slightly pull the front bezel and gently rotate to release the other tabs on the bezel from the slots in the computer chassis.
3. Remove the front bezel from the computer.

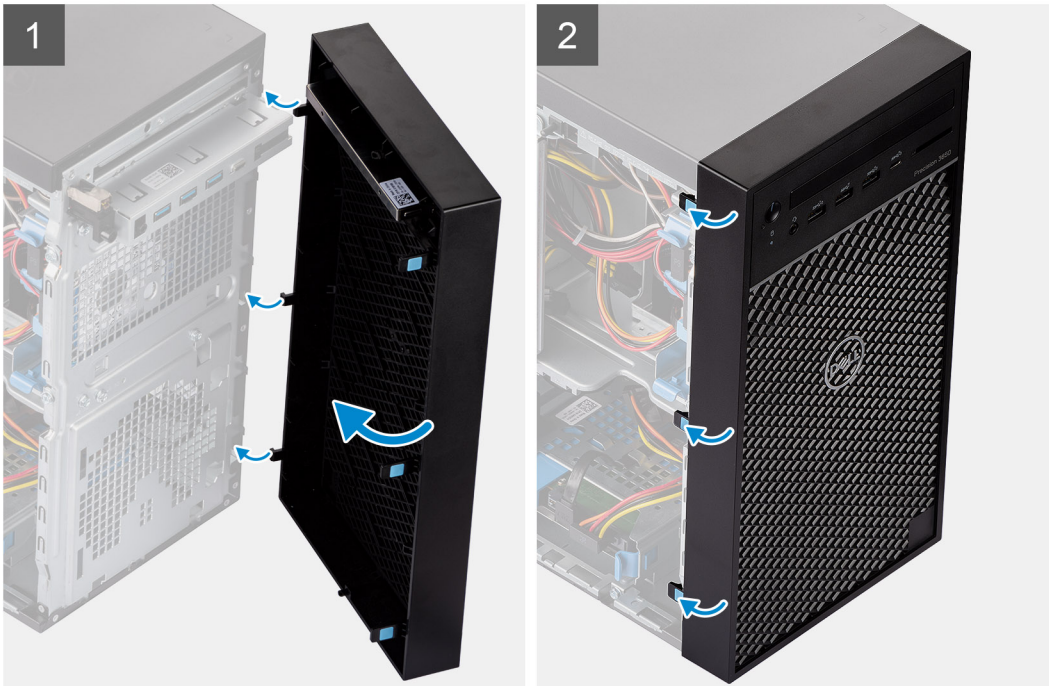
Installing the front bezel

Prerequisites

If you are replacing a component, remove the existing component before performing the installation procedure.

About this task

The following image indicates the location of the front bezel and provides a visual representation of the installation procedure.



Steps

1. Position the front bezel to align the tabs on the bezel with the slots on the chassis.
2. Press the bezel until the tabs clicks into place.

Next steps

1. Install the [side cover](#).
2. Follow the procedure in [after working inside your computer](#).

Memory modules

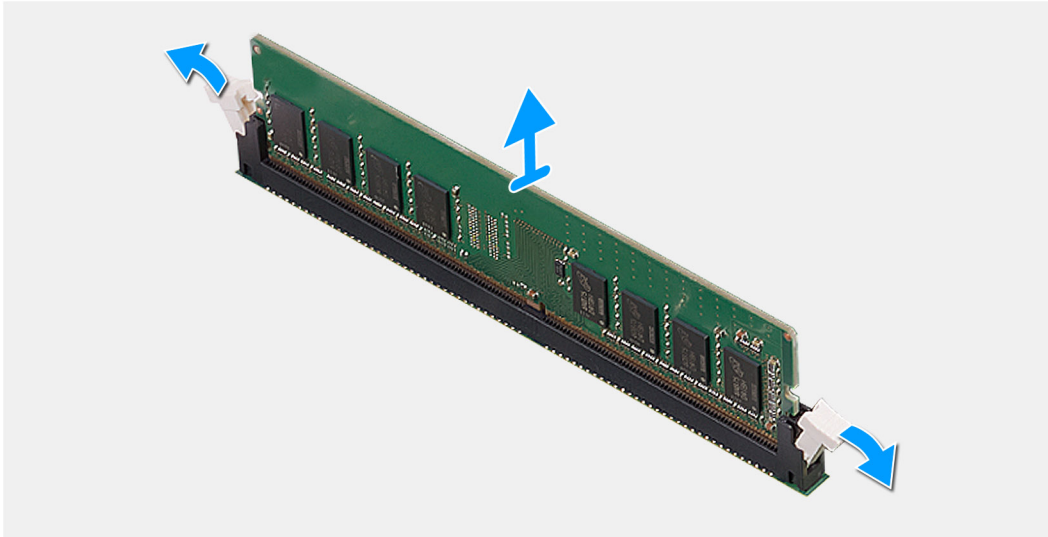
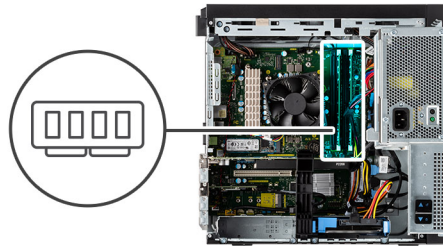
Removing the memory modules

Prerequisites

1. Follow the procedure in [before working inside your computer](#).
2. Remove the [side cover](#).
3. Open the [PSU cage](#).

About this task

The following images indicate the location of the memory modules and provide a visual representation of the removal procedure.



Steps

1. Pull the securing clips from both side of the memory module until the memory module pops up.
2. Slide and remove the memory module from the memory-module slot.

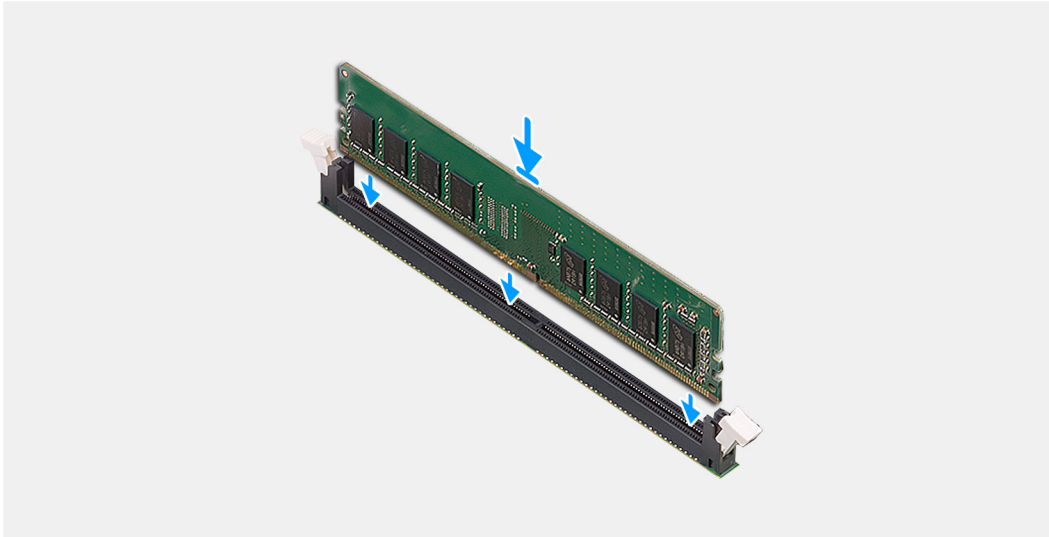
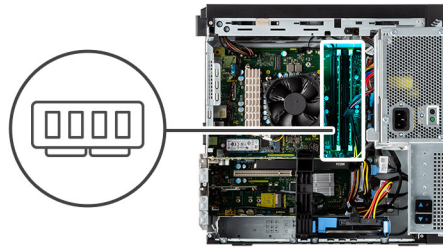
Installing the memory modules

Prerequisites

If you are replacing a component, remove the existing component before performing the installation procedure.

About this task

The following image indicates the location of the memory modules and provides a visual representation of the installation procedure.



Steps

1. Align the notch on the memory module with the tab on the memory-module slot.
2. Slide the memory module firmly into the slot at an angle and press the memory module down until it clicks into place.

i **NOTE:** If you do not hear the click, remove the memory module and reinstall it.

Next steps

1. Close the [PSU cage](#)
2. Install the [side cover](#).
3. Follow the procedure in [after working inside your computer](#).

Solid-state drive

Removing the M.2 2280 PCIe solid-state drive

Prerequisites

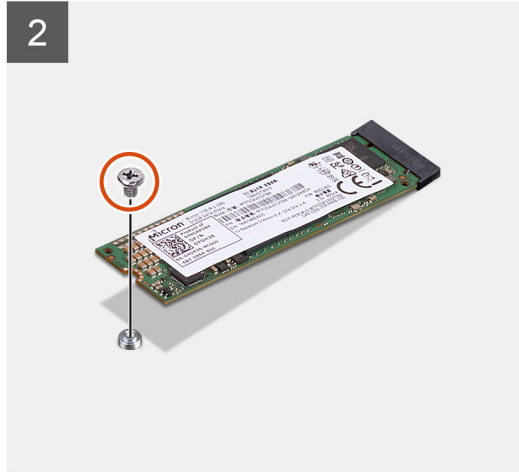
1. Follow the procedure in [before working inside your computer](#).
2. Remove the [side cover](#).
3. Open the [PSU cage](#).

About this task

The following images indicate the location of the solid-state drive and provide a visual representation of the removal procedure.



1x
M2x3.5



Steps

1. Remove the screw (M2x3.5) that secures the solid-state drive to the system board.
2. Slide and lift the solid-state drive off the system board.

Installing the M.2 2280 PCIe solid-state drive

Prerequisites

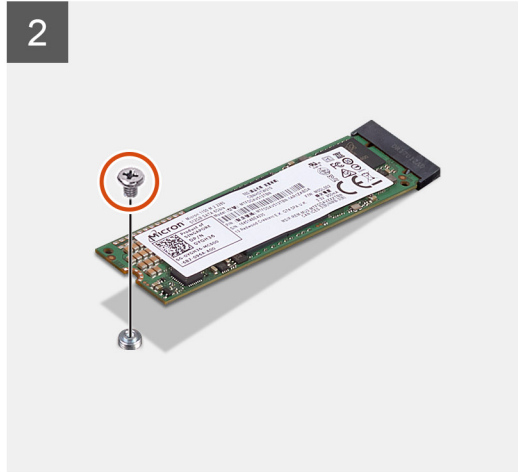
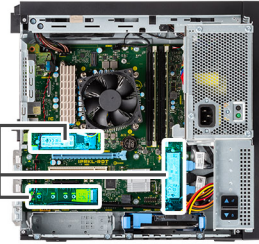
If you are replacing a component, remove the existing component before performing the installation procedure.

About this task

The following image indicates the location of the solid-state drive and provides a visual representation of the installation procedure.



1x
M2x3.5



Steps

1. Align the notch on the solid-state drive with the tab on the solid-state drive connector.
2. Insert the solid-state drive at a 45-degree angle into the slot on the system board.
3. Replace the screw (M2x3.5) to secure the M.2 2280 solid-state drive to the system board.

Next steps

1. Close the [PSU cage](#)
2. Install the [side cover](#).
3. Follow the procedure in [after working inside your computer](#).

2.5-inch hard drive

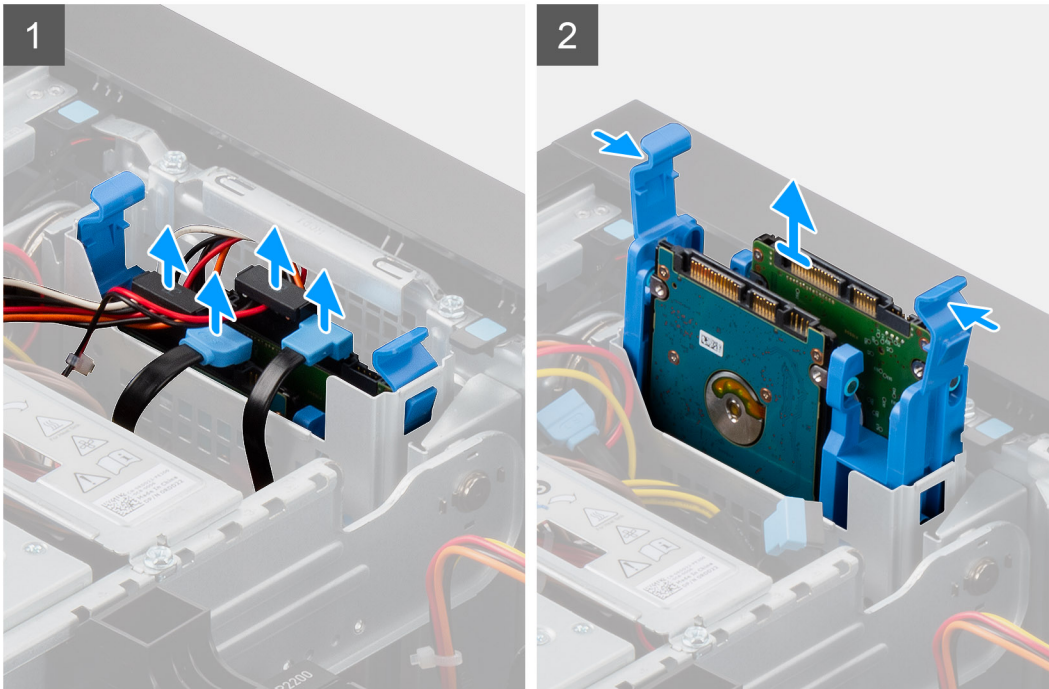
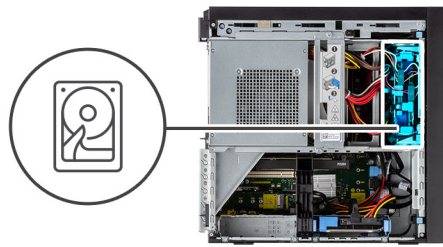
Removing the 2.5-inch hard-disk drive

Prerequisites

1. Follow the procedure in [before working inside your computer](#).
2. Remove the [side cover](#).
3. Open the [PSU cage](#).

About this task

The following images indicate the location of the 2.5-inch hard-disk drive assembly and provide a visual representation of the removal procedure.



Steps

1. Disconnect the hard drive data and power cables from the connectors on the 2.5-inch hard-disk drive module.
2. Press the release tabs on both the sides of the hard-disk drive bracket to release it from the slots on the computer chassis.
3. Lift the hard-disk drive assembly from the computer.

i **NOTE:** Note the orientation of the hard-disk drive so that you can replace it correctly.

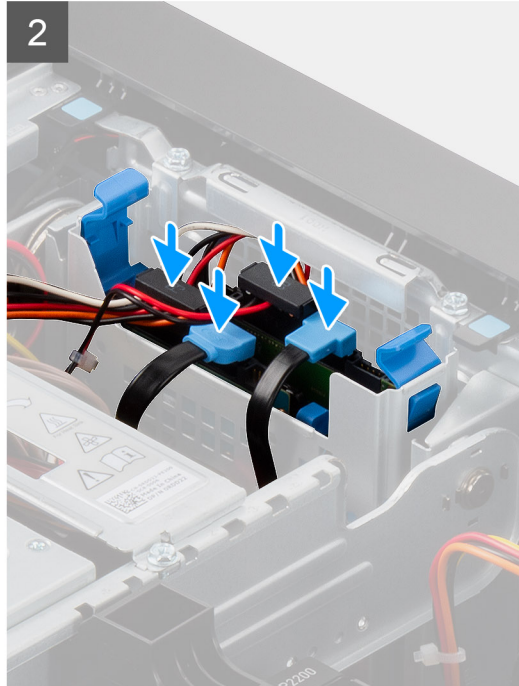
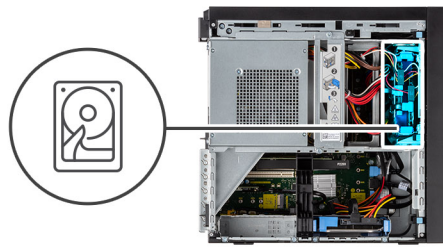
Installing the 2.5-inch hard-disk drive

Prerequisites

If you are replacing a component, remove the existing component before performing the installation procedure.

About this task

The following image indicates the location of the 2.5-inch hard-disk drive assembly and provides a visual representation of the installation procedure.



Steps

1. Press the release tabs on the hard-disk drive bracket and slightly align back to insert the hard-disk drive assembly to the slot on the computer chassis.
2. Connect the hard drive data and power cables to the connectors on the 2.5-inch hard-disk drive module.

Next steps

1. Close the [PSU cage](#)
2. Install the [side cover](#).
3. Follow the procedure in [after working inside your computer](#).

3.5-inch hard drive

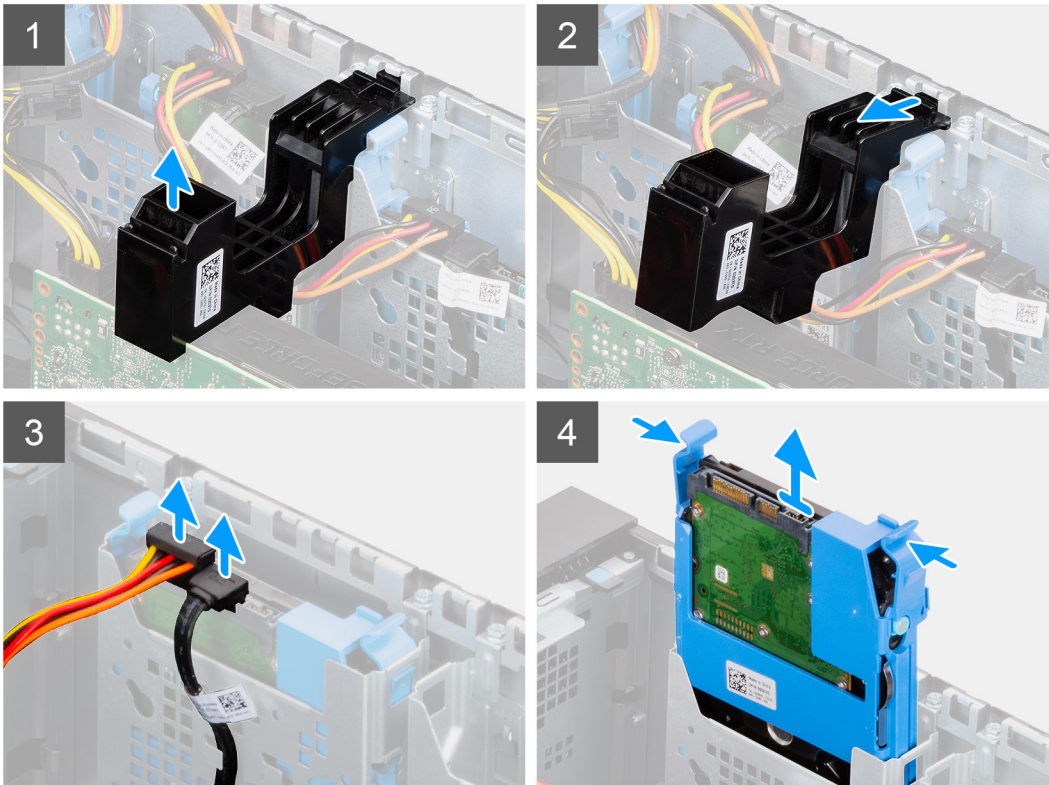
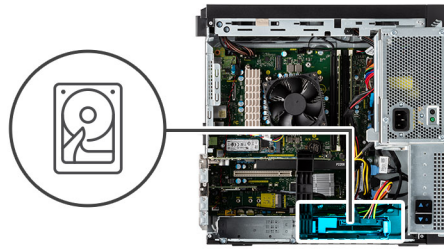
Removing the 3.5-inch hard-disk drive assembly

Prerequisites

1. Follow the procedure in [before working inside your computer](#).
2. Remove the [side cover](#).
3. Open the [PSU cage](#).

About this task

The following images indicate the location of the 3.5-inch hard-disk drive assembly and provide a visual representation of the removal procedure.



Steps

1. Lift the side of the PCIe holder that sits on the graphics card.
2. Slide the PCIe holder to release the tab from the slot on the chassis
3. Disconnect the hard drive data and power cables from the connectors on the 3.5-inch hard-disk drive module.
4. Press the release tabs on both the sides of the hard-disk drive bracket to release it from the slots on the computer chassis.
5. Lift the hard-disk drive assembly from the computer.

i **NOTE:** Note the orientation of the hard-disk drive so that you can replace it correctly.

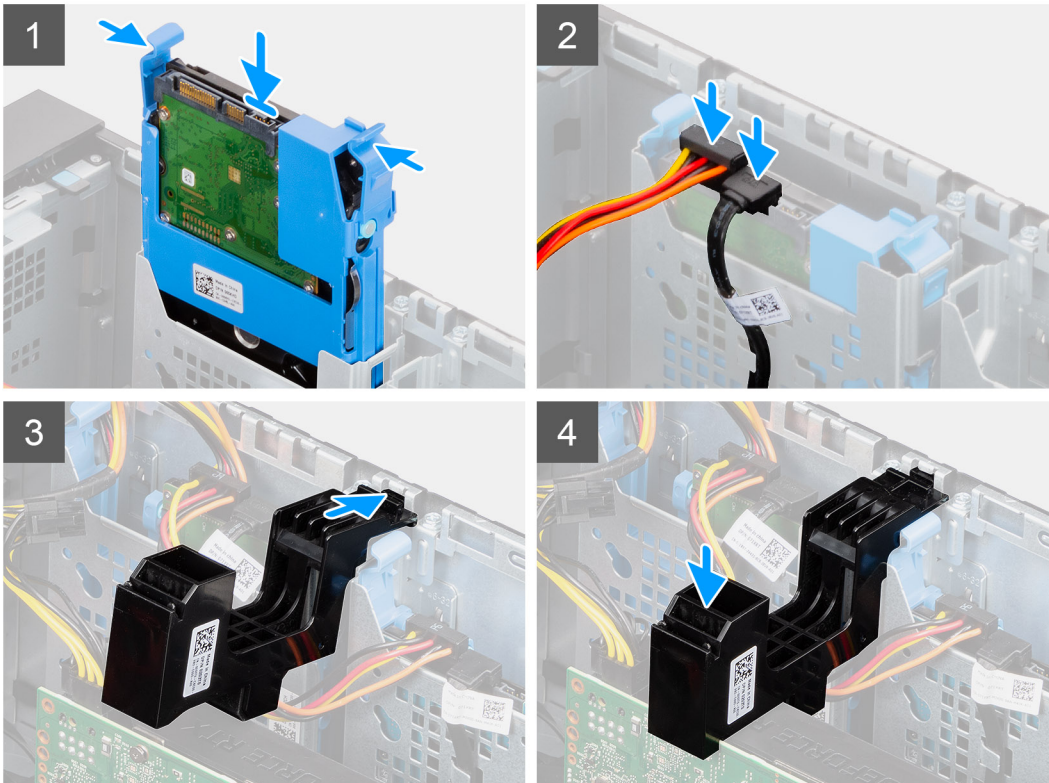
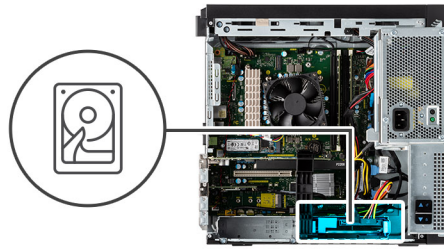
Installing the 3.5-inch hard-disk drive assembly

Prerequisites

If you are replacing a component, remove the existing component before performing the installation procedure.

About this task

The following image indicates the location of the 3.5-inch hard-disk drive assembly and provides a visual representation of the installation procedure.



Steps

1. Press the release tabs on the hard-disk drive bracket and align to insert the hard-disk drive assembly to the slot on the computer chassis.
2. Connect the hard drive data and power cables to the connectors on the 3.5-inch hard-disk drive module.
3. Insert the tab on the PCIe card holder into the slot on the chassis and gently press down until it is secured to the graphics card.

Next steps

1. Close the [PSU cage](#)
2. Install the [side cover](#).
3. Follow the procedure in [after working inside your computer](#).

WLAN card

Removing the WLAN card

Prerequisites

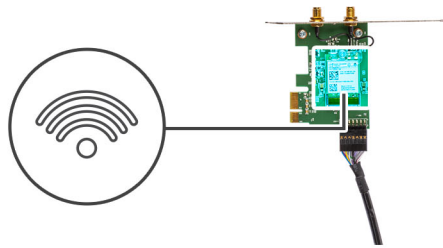
1. Follow the procedure in [before working inside your computer](#).
2. Remove the [side cover](#).
3. Open the [PSU cage](#).

About this task

The following images indicate the location of the wireless card and provide a visual representation of the removal procedure.



1x
M2x3.5



Steps

1. Remove the (M2x3.5) screw that secures the WLAN card to the system board.
2. Lift the WLAN card bracket away from the WLAN card.
3. Disconnect the antenna cables from the WLAN card.
4. Slide and remove the WLAN card from the connector on the system board.

Installing the WLAN card

Prerequisites

If you are replacing a component, remove the existing component before performing the installation procedure.

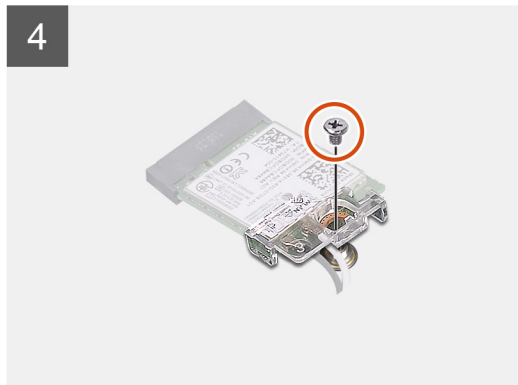
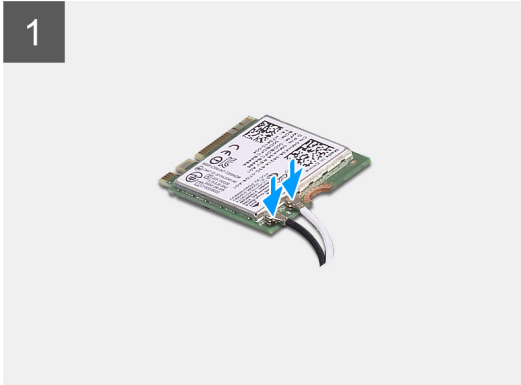
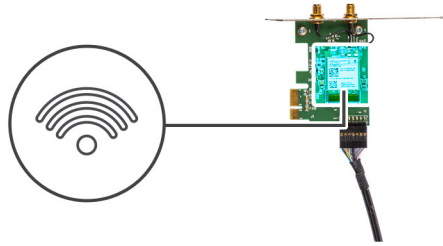
About this task

The following image indicates the location of the wireless card and provides a visual representation of the installation procedure.

Steps



1x
M2x3.5



1. Connect the antenna cables to the WLAN card.

The following table provides the antenna-cable color scheme for the WLAN card of your computer.

Table 2. Antenna-cable color scheme

| Connectors on the wireless card | Antenna-cable color |
|---------------------------------|---------------------|
| Main (white triangle) | White |
| Auxiliary (black triangle) | Black |

2. Place the WLAN card bracket to secure the WLAN antenna cables.
3. Insert the WLAN card into the connector on the system board.
4. Replace the (M2x3.5) screw to secure the plastic tab to the WLAN card.

Next steps

1. Close the [PSU cage](#)
2. Install the [side cover](#).
3. Follow the procedure in [after working inside your computer](#).

Slim optical-drive

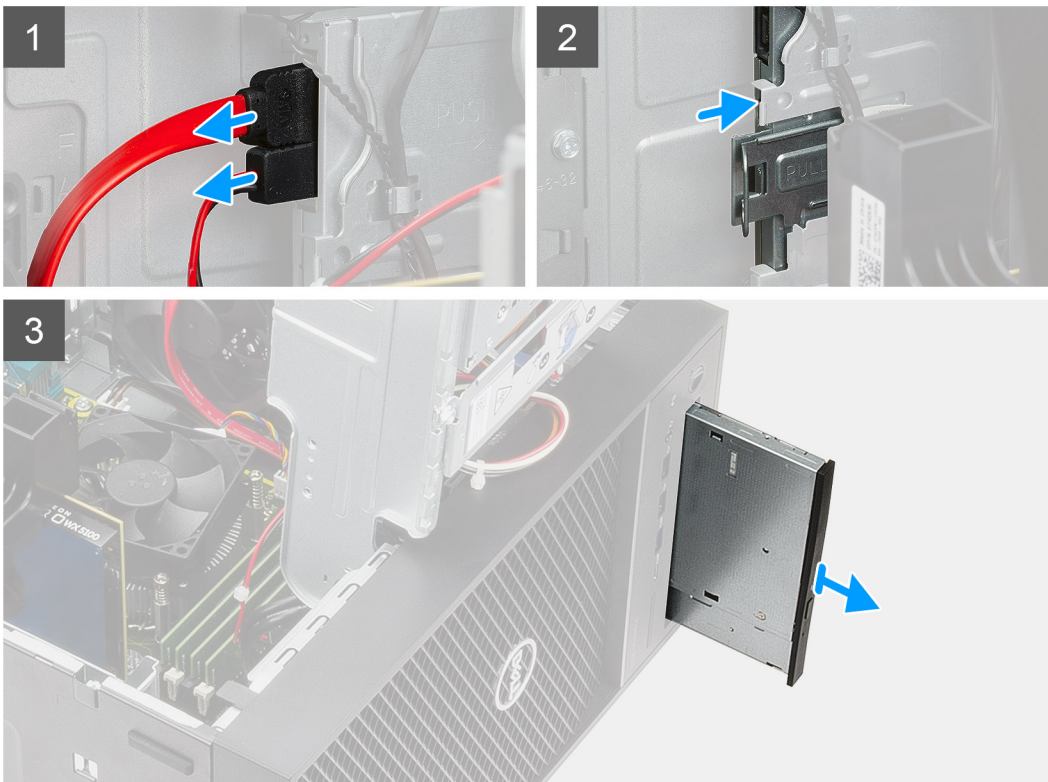
Removing the Slim-Optical Disk Drive

Prerequisites

1. Follow the procedure in [before working inside your computer](#).
2. Remove the [side cover](#).
3. Open the [PSU cage](#).

About this task

The following images indicate the location of the slim ODD and provide a visual representation of the removal procedure.



Steps

1. Disconnect the data and power cables from the slim ODD.
2. Pull the securing tab to release the slim ODD from the chassis.
3. Slide and remove the slim ODD from the ODD slot.

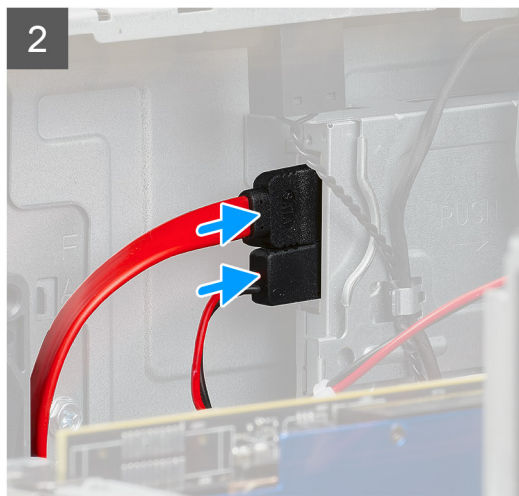
Installing the Slim-Optical Disk Drive

Prerequisites

If you are replacing a component, remove the existing component before performing the installation procedure.

About this task

The following images indicate the location of the slim ODD and provide a visual representation of the installation procedure.



Steps

1. Insert the slim ODD assembly into the ODD slot.
2. Slide the slim ODD assembly until it snaps into place.
3. Route the power cable and data cable through the routing guides and connect the cables to the slim ODD.

Next steps

1. Close the [PSU cage](#)
2. Install the [side cover](#).
3. Follow the procedure in [after working inside your computer](#).

Graphics card

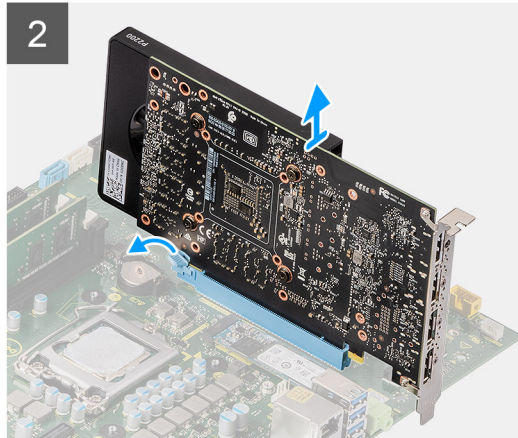
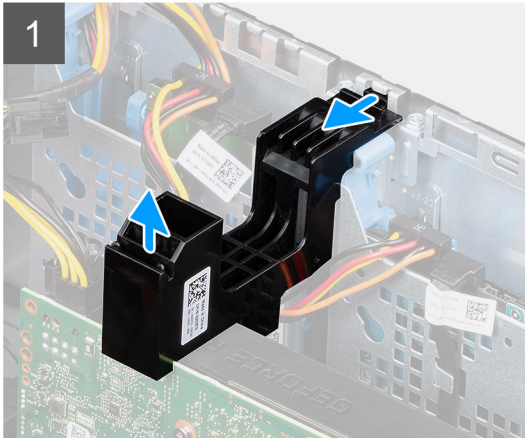
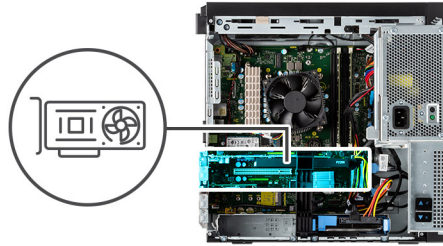
Removing the graphics card

Prerequisites

1. Follow the procedure in [before working inside your computer](#).
2. Remove the [side cover](#).
3. Open the [PSU cage](#).

About this task

The following images indicate the location of the graphics card and provide a visual representation of the removal procedure.



Steps

1. Locate the graphics card (PCI-Express).
2. Lift the side of the PCIe holder that sits on the graphics card.
3. Slide the PCIe holder to release it from the slot on the chassis
4. Push and hold the securing tab on the graphics-card slot and lift the graphics card from the graphics-card slot.

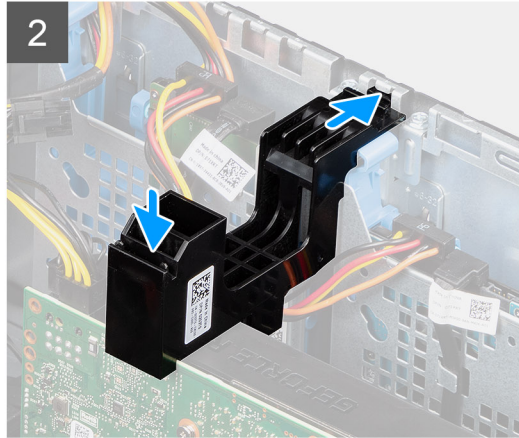
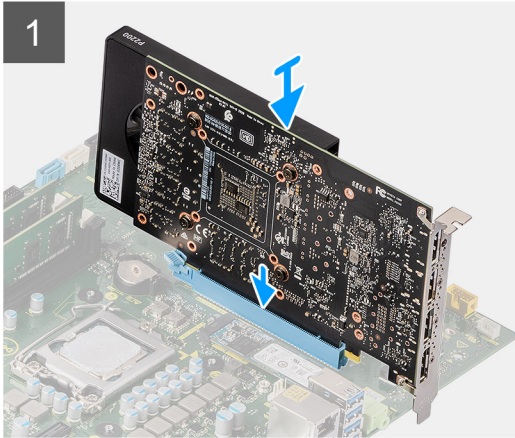
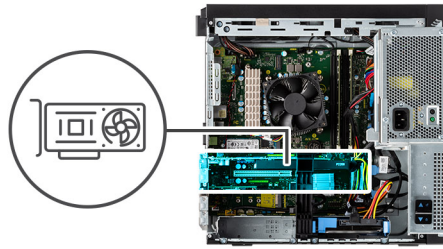
Installing the graphics card

Prerequisites

If you are replacing a component, remove the existing component before performing the installation procedure.

About this task

The following images indicate the location of the graphics card and provide a visual representation of the installation procedure.



Steps

1. Align the graphics card with the PCI-Express card connector on the system board.
2. Using the alignment post, connect the graphics card in the connector and press down firmly. Ensure that the card is firmly seated.
3. Insert the tab on the PCIe card holder into the slot on the chassis and gently press down until it is secured to the graphics card.

Next steps

1. Close the [PSU cage](#)
2. Install the [side cover](#).
3. Follow the procedure in [after working inside your computer](#).

System fan

Removing the system fan

Prerequisites

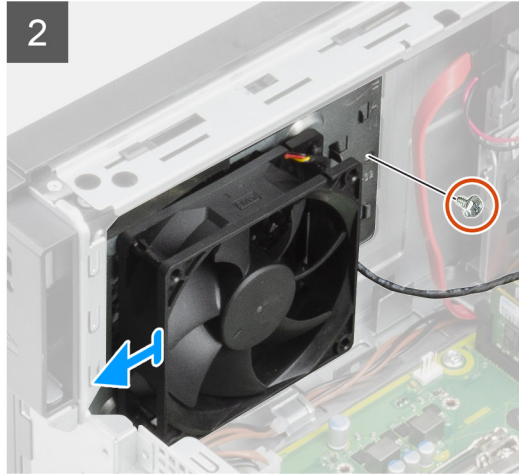
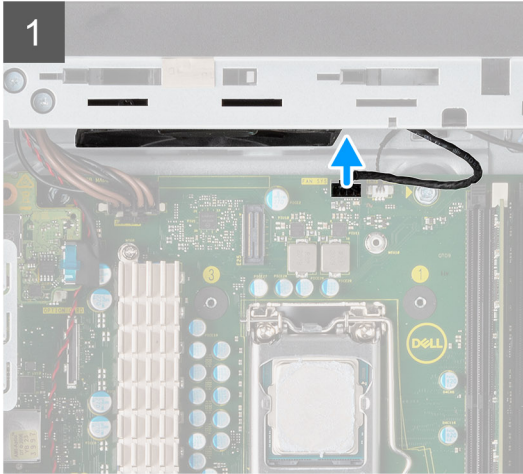
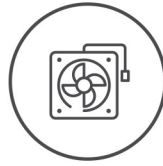
1. Follow the procedure in [before working inside your computer](#).
2. Remove the [side cover](#).
3. Open the [PSU cage](#).

About this task

The following images indicate the location of the fan duct and provide a visual representation of the removal procedure.



1x
6-32



Steps

1. Disconnect the system fan cable from the connector on the system board.
2. Remove the single (#6-32) screw that secures the system fan bracket to the computer chassis.
3. Slide the system fan and bracket out of the computer.

Installing the system fan

Prerequisites

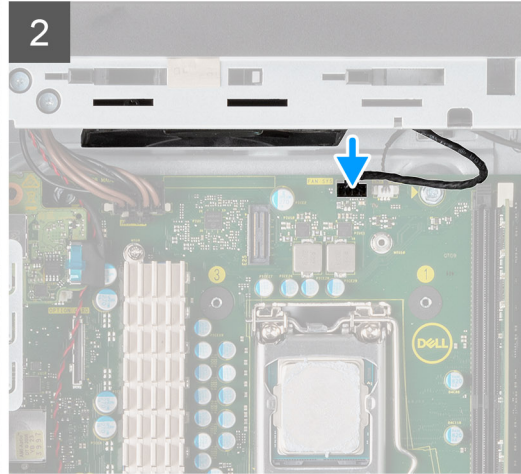
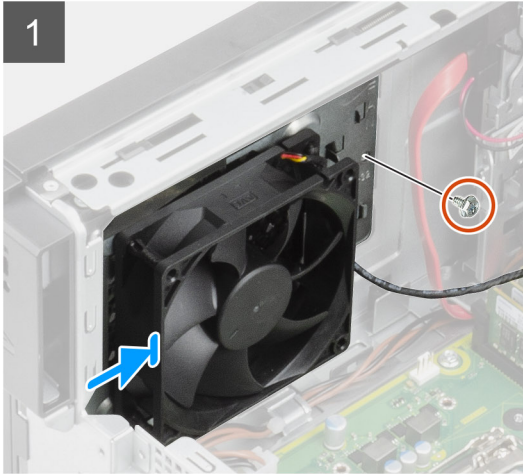
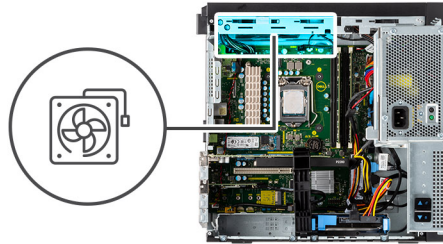
If you are replacing a component, remove the existing component before performing the installation procedure.

About this task

The following image indicates the location of the fan duct and provides a visual representation of the installation procedure.



1x
6-32



Steps

1. Position the system fan to align it with the slots on the computer chassis.
2. Replace the single (#6-32) screw that secures the system fan to the computer chassis.

Next steps

1. Close the [PSU cage](#)
2. Install the [side cover](#).
3. Follow the procedure in [after working inside your computer](#).

Coin-cell battery

Removing the coin-cell battery

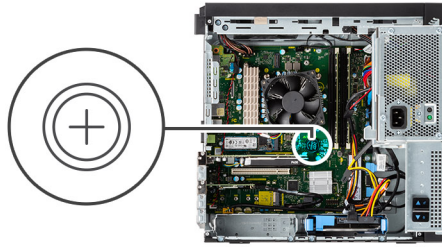
Prerequisites

1. Follow the procedure in [before working inside your computer](#).
2. Remove the [side cover](#).
3. Open the [PSU cage](#).
4. Remove the [powered GPU](#).

i **NOTE:** This step is required only if the system is configured with powered GPU.

About this task

The following images indicate the location of the coin-cell battery and provide a visual representation of the removal procedure.



Steps

1. Using a plastic scribe, gently pry the coin-cell battery out of the slot on the system board.
2. Remove the coin-cell battery away from the computer.

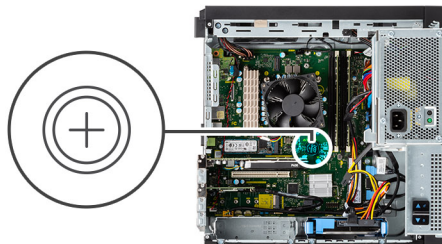
Installing the coin-cell battery

Prerequisites

If you are replacing a component, remove the existing component before performing the installation procedure.

About this task

The following image indicates the location of the coin-cell battery and provides a visual representation of the installation procedure.



Steps

1. Insert the coin cell battery with the "+" sign facing up and slide it under the securing tabs at the positive side of the connector.
2. Press the battery into the connector until it locks into place.

Next steps

1. Install the [powered GPU](#).
i **NOTE:** This step is required only if the system is configured with powered GPU.
2. Close the [PSU cage](#)
3. Install the [side cover](#).
4. Follow the procedure in [after working inside your computer](#).

Processor fan and heat-sink assembly

Removing the processor fan and heat-sink assembly

Prerequisites

1. Follow the procedure in [before working inside your computer](#).
⚠ **WARNING:** The heat sink may become hot during normal operation. Allow sufficient time for the heat sink to cool before you touch it.
⚠ **CAUTION:** For maximum cooling of the processor, do not touch the heat transfer areas on the heat sink. The oils in your skin can reduce the heat transfer capability of the thermal grease.
2. Remove the [side cover](#).
3. Open the [PSU cage](#).

About this task

The following images indicate the location of the processor fan and heat-sink and provide a visual representation of the removal procedure.




Steps

1. Disconnect the processor fan cable from the connector on the system board.
2. Loosen the four captive screws that secure the processor fan and heat-sink assembly to the system board.
3. Lift the processor fan and heat-sink assembly off the system board.

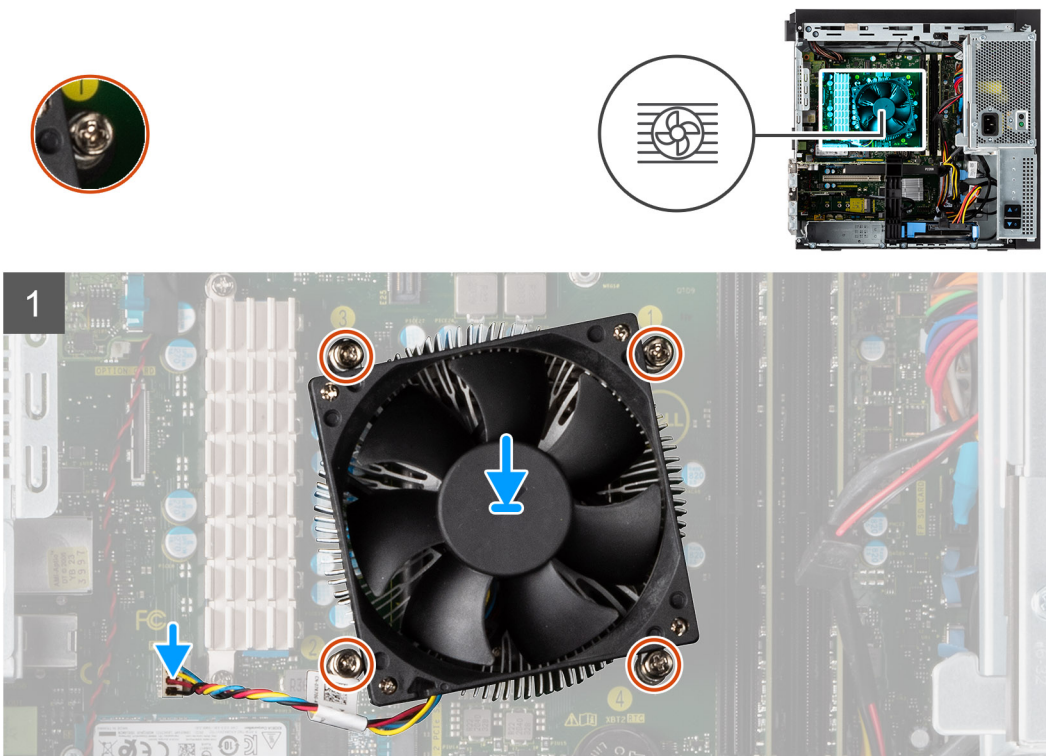
Installing the processor fan and heat-sink assembly

Prerequisites

 **NOTE:** If either the processor or the heat sink is replaced, use the thermal grease that is provided in the kit to ensure that thermal conductivity is achieved.

About this task

The following image indicates the location of the processor fan and heat-sink assembly and provides a visual representation of the installation procedure.



Steps

1. Align the screw holes on the processor fan and heat-sink assembly with the screw holes on the system board.
2. Tighten the four captive screws that secure the processor fan and heat-sink assembly to the system board.
3. Connect the processor-fan cable to the connector on the system board.

Next steps

1. Close the [PSU cage](#)
2. Install the [side cover](#).
3. Follow the procedure in [after working inside your computer](#).

Processor

Removing the processor

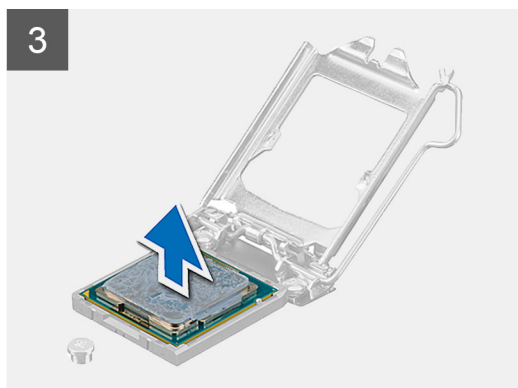
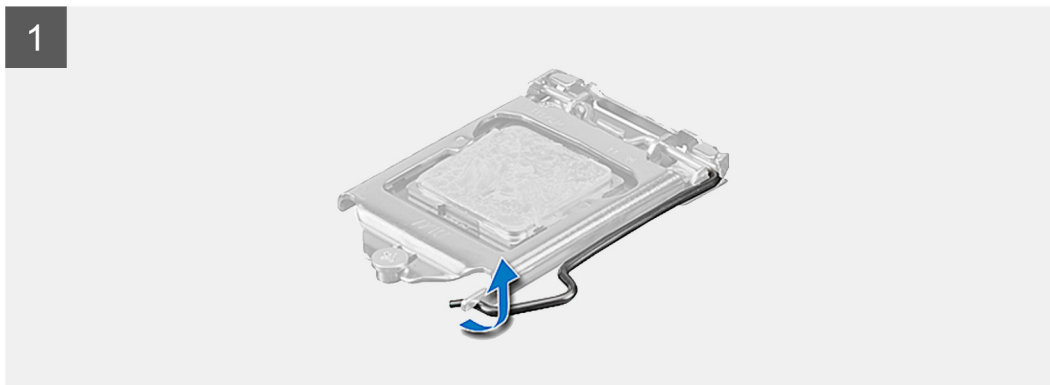
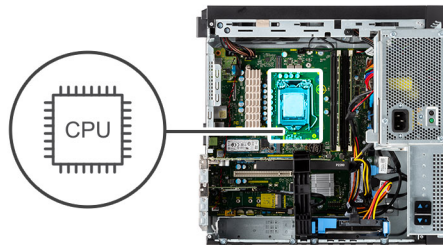
Prerequisites

1. Follow the procedure in [before working inside your computer](#).
2. Remove the [side cover](#).
3. Open the [PSU cage](#).
4. Remove the [processor fan and heat-sink assembly](#).

i **NOTE:** The processor might still be hot after the computer is shut down. Allow the processor to cool down before removing it.

About this task

The following images indicate the location of the processor and provide a visual representation of the removal procedure.



Steps

1. Press down and push the release lever away from the processor to release it from the securing tab.
2. Lift the lever upward to lift the processor cover.

CAUTION: When removing the processor, do not touch any of the pins inside the socket or allow any objects to fall on the pins in the socket.

3. Gently lift the processor from the processor socket.

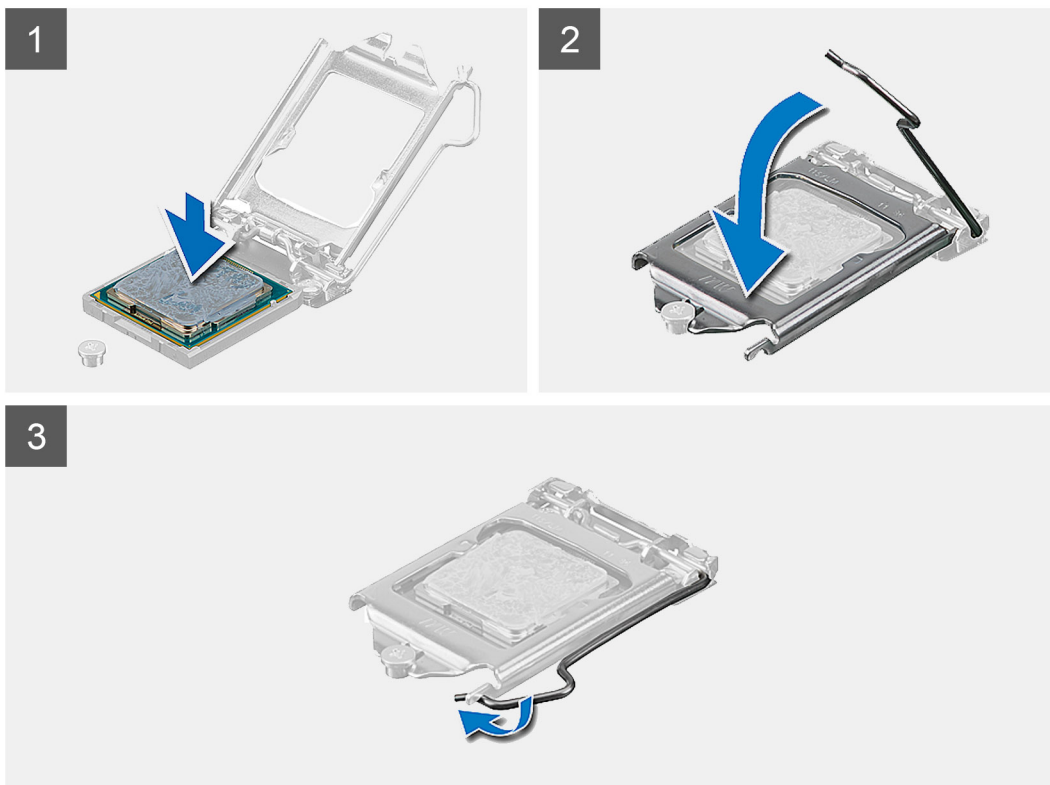
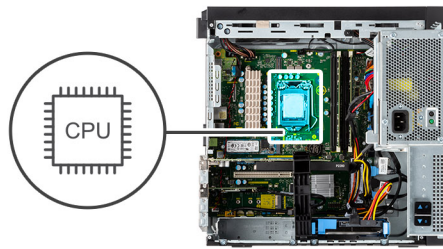
Installing the processor

Prerequisites

If you are replacing a component, remove the existing component before performing the installation procedure.

About this task

The following image indicates the location of the processor and provides a visual representation of the installation procedure.



Steps

1. Ensure that the release lever on the processor socket is fully extended in the open position.
2. Align the notches on the processor with the tabs on the processor socket and place the processor in the processor socket.
i NOTE: The pin 1 corner of the processor has a triangle that aligns with the triangle on the pin 1 corner on the processor socket. When the processor is properly seated, all four corners are aligned at the same height. If one or more corners of the processor are higher than the others, the processor is not seated properly.
3. When the processor is fully seated in the socket, pivot the release-lever down and place it under the tab on the processor cover.

Next steps

1. Install the [processor fan and heat-sink assembly](#).
2. Close the [PSU cage](#)
3. Install the [side cover](#).
4. Follow the procedure in [after working inside your computer](#).

Power button

Removing the power button

Prerequisites

1. Follow the procedure in [before working inside your computer](#).
2. Remove the [side cover](#).
3. Open the [PSU cage](#).
4. Remove the [front bezel](#).

About this task

The following images indicate the location of the power button and provide a visual representation of the removal procedure.

Steps

1. Disconnect the power-button cable from the connector on the system board.
2. Press the release tabs on the power-button head and slide the power-button cable out from the front-side chassis of the computer.
3. Pull the power-button cable out from the computer.

Installing the power button

Prerequisites

If you are replacing a component, remove the existing component before performing the installation procedure.

About this task

The following images indicate the location of the power button switch and provide a visual representation of the installation procedure.

Steps

1. Insert the power-button cable into the slot from the front-side of the computer, and press the power-button head until it clicks into the place in the chassis.
2. Align and connect the power-button cable to the connector on the system board.

Next steps

1. Install the [front bezel](#).
2. Close the [PSU cage](#)
3. Install the [side cover](#).
4. Follow the procedure in [after working inside your computer](#).

Intrusion switch

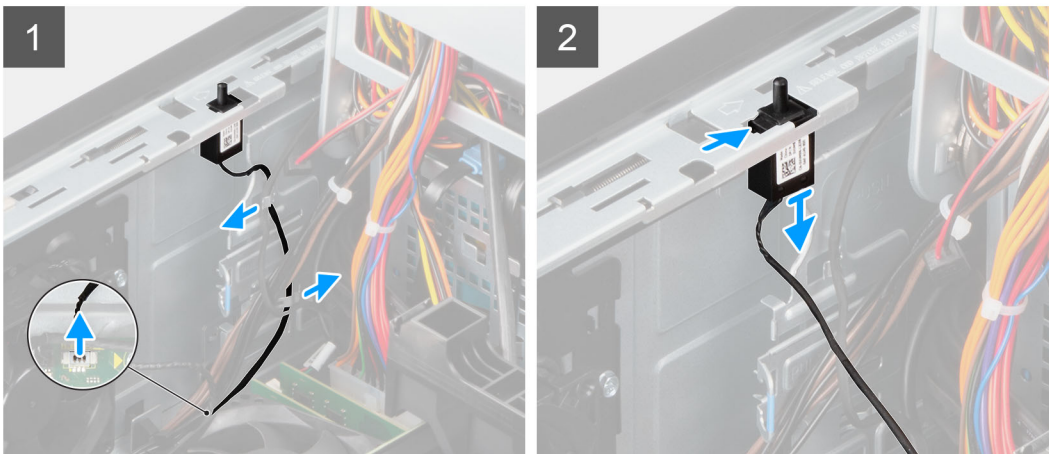
Removing the intrusion switch

Prerequisites

1. Follow the procedure in [before working inside your computer](#).
2. Remove the [side cover](#).
3. Open the [PSU cage](#).

About this task

The following image indicates the location of the intrusion switch and provides a visual representation of the removal procedure.



Steps

1. Disconnect the intruder cable from the connector on the system board.
2. Slide and remove the intrusion switch from the chassis.

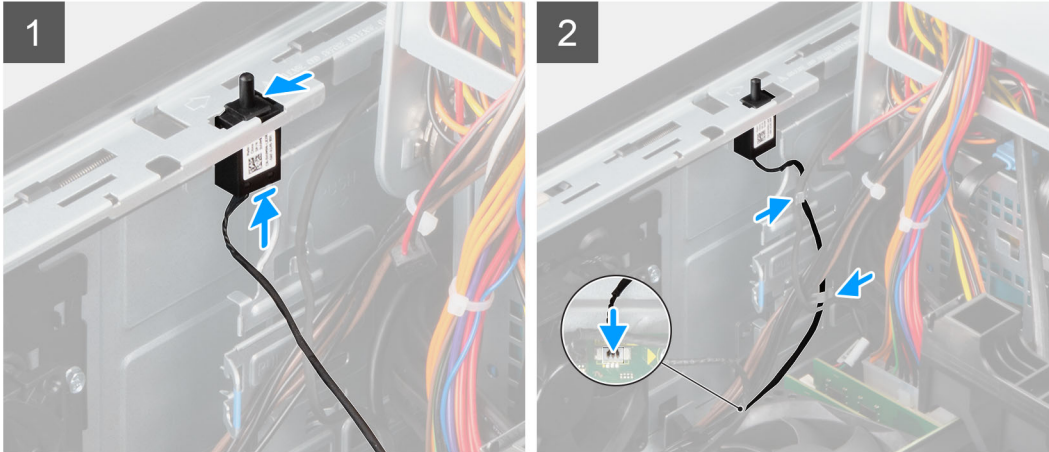
Installing the intrusion switch

Prerequisites

If you are replacing a component, remove the existing component before performing the installation procedure.

About this task

The following image indicates the location of the intrusion switch and provides a visual representation of the installation procedure.



Steps

1. Insert the intrusion switch into its slot and slide the switch to secure it into the slot.
2. Connect the intruder cable to the connector on the system board.

Next steps

1. Close the [PSU cage](#)
2. Install the [side cover](#).
3. Follow the procedure in [after working inside your computer](#).

Front I/O panel

Removing the IO panel

Prerequisites

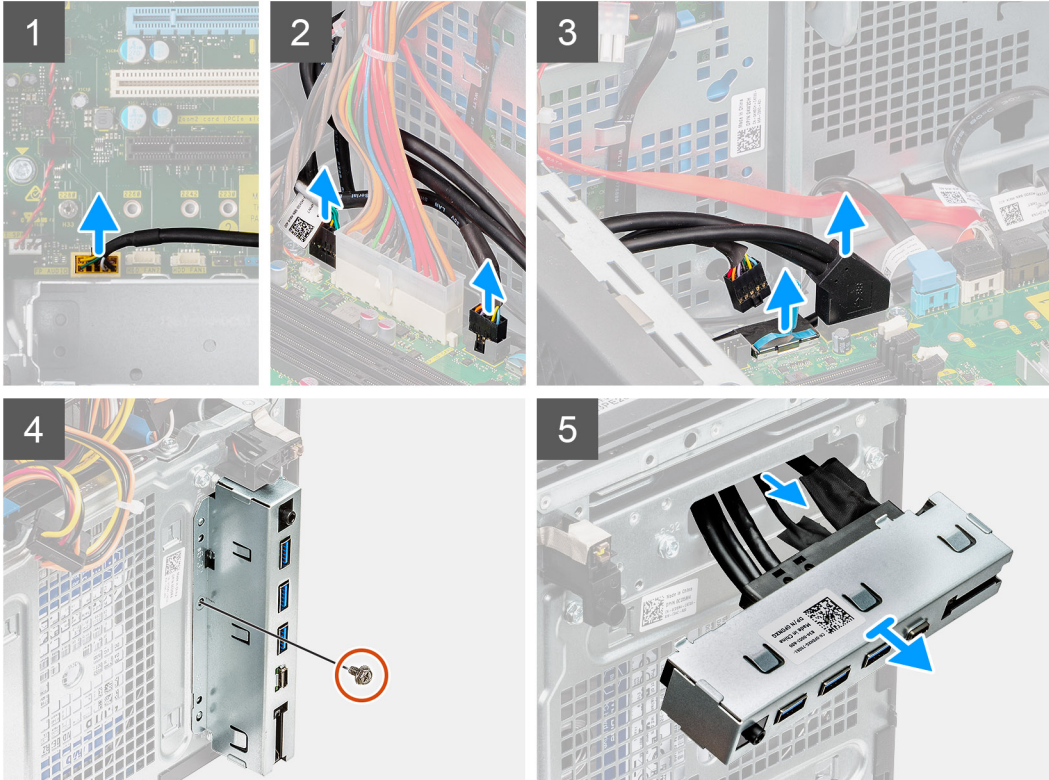
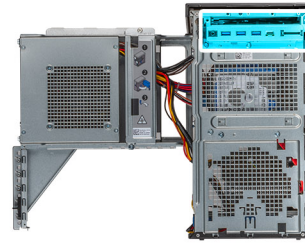
1. Follow the procedure in [before working inside your computer](#).
2. Remove the [side cover](#).
3. Open the [front bezel](#).
4. Open the [PSU cage](#).

About this task

The following image indicates the location of the intrusion switch and provides a visual representation of the removal procedure.



1x
6-32



Steps

1. Disconnect the IO audio, SD card, USB Type-C and IO USB cables from the connector on the system board.
2. Slide and remove the IO panel from the chassis.

Installing the IO panel

Prerequisites

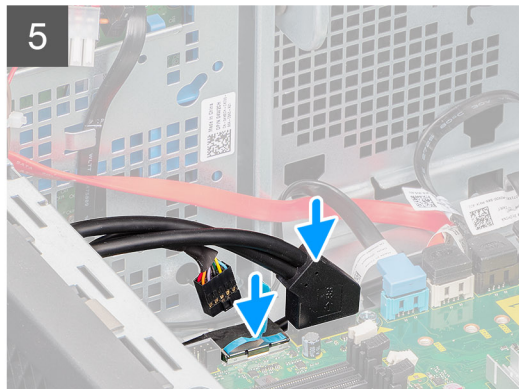
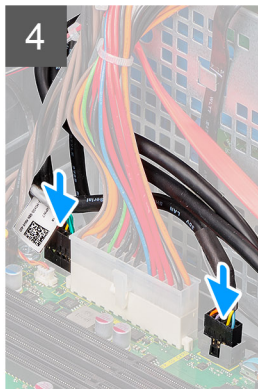
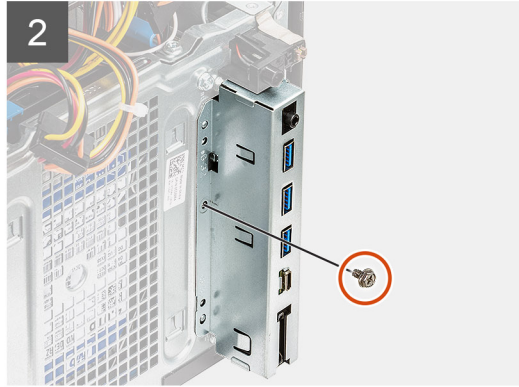
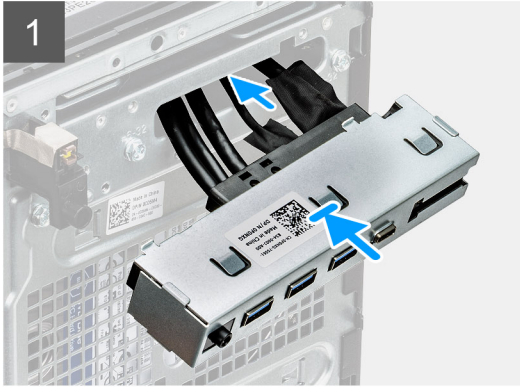
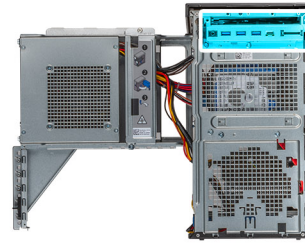
If you are replacing a component, remove the existing component before performing the installation procedure.

About this task

The following image indicates the location of the intrusion switch and provides a visual representation of the installation procedure.



1x
6-32



Steps

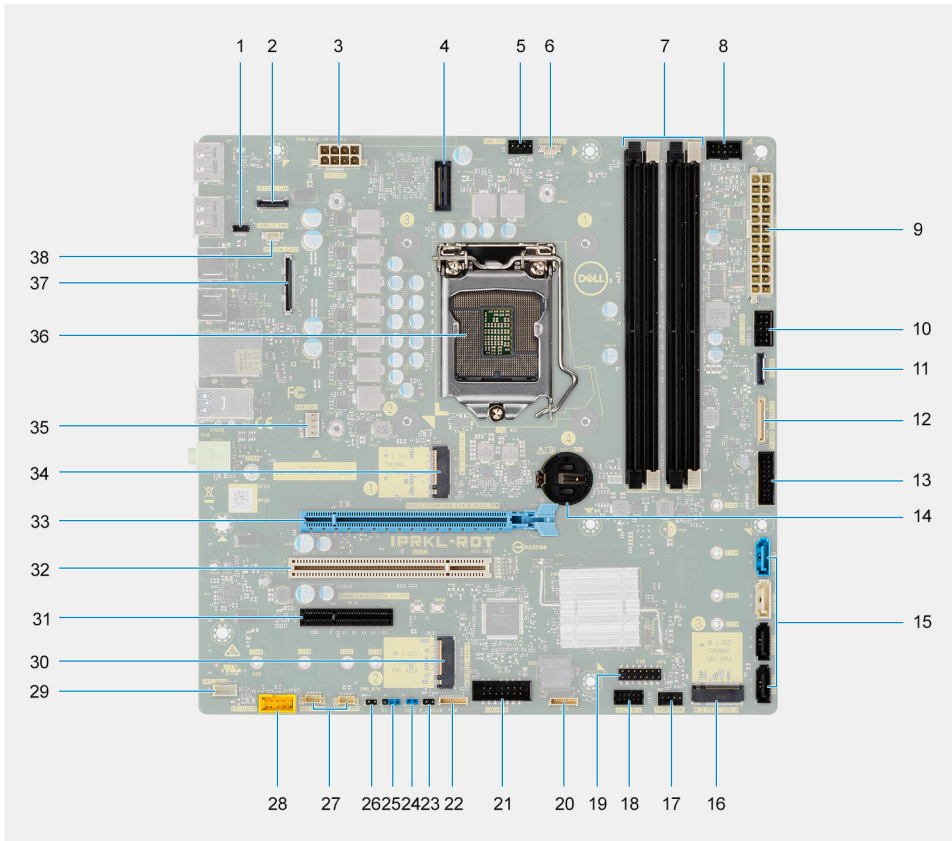
1. Insert the IO panel into its slot and slide the to secure it into the slot.
2. Replace the single (#6-32) screw that secures the IO panel to the computer chassis.
3. Connect the IO audio, SD card, USB Type-C and IO USB cables to the connector on the system board.

Next steps

1. Close the [PSU cage](#).
2. Install the [front bezel](#).
3. Install the [side cover](#).
4. Follow the procedure in [after working inside your computer](#).

System board

System board Layout



1. E24 connector
2. Optional 2.5 GbE RJ-45 connector
3. Processor power connector
4. E25 connector
5. System fan connector
6. Chassis Intrusion Detection connector
7. Memory module slots
8. Power button connector
9. System board power connector
10. SD card connector
11. Front panel USB connector
12. Front panel USB-C connector
13. Front panel USB power connector
14. Coin cell battery
15. SATA 0 (blue), SATA 1 (white), SATA 2 and SATA 3 (black) connectors
16. M.2 PCIe SSD connector
17. System fan connector (front)
18. Thunderbolt 4 AIC connector
19. E20 connector
20. E23 connector
21. CAC_PIV power connector
22. P30 connector
23. CMOS clock reset jumper
- 24.

- 25.
- 26.
27. Hard drive fan connectors
28. Front panel audio connector
29. Internal speaker connector
30. M.2 PCIe SSD connector
31. Full Height PCIe x4 slot (open-ended)
32. PCI-32 slot
33. Full Height PCIe x16 slot
34. M.2 PCIe SSD connector
35. Processor fan connector
36. Processor socket
37. Optional video card connector
38. USB-C connector

Removing the system board

Prerequisites

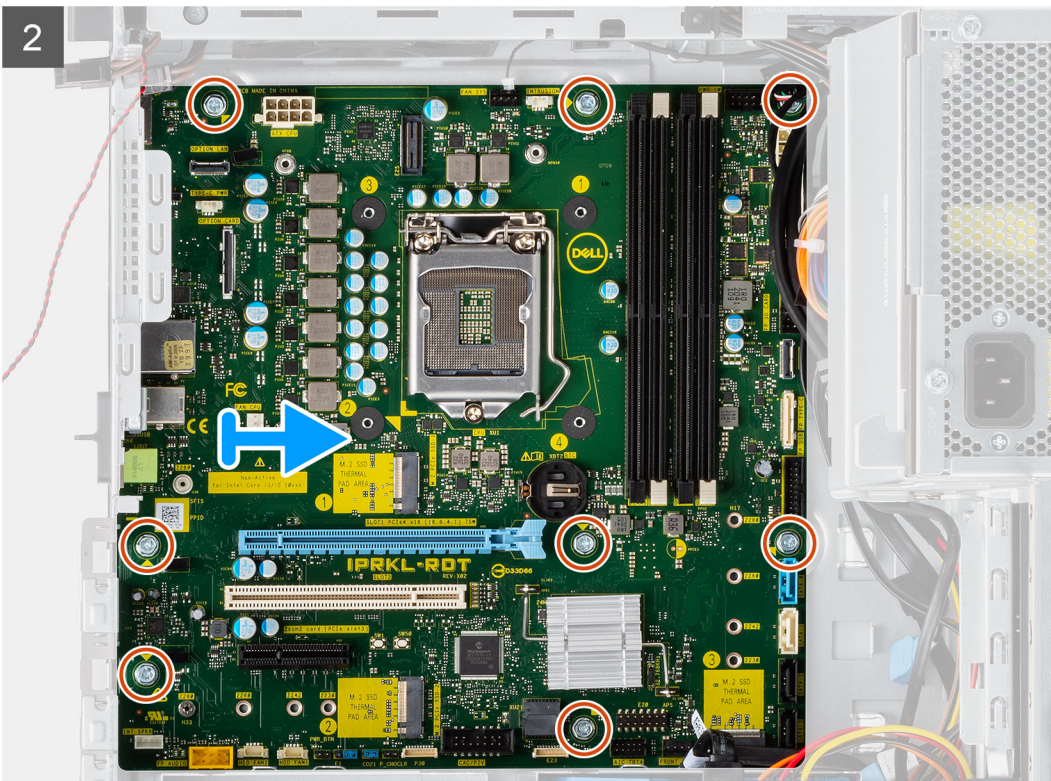
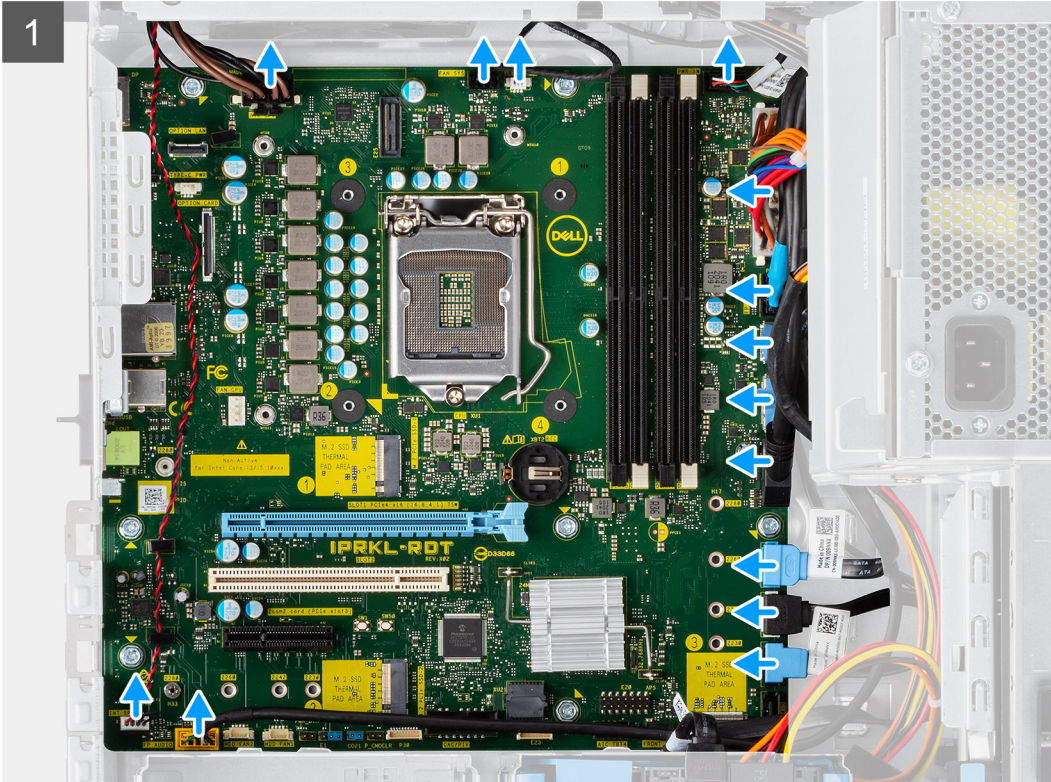
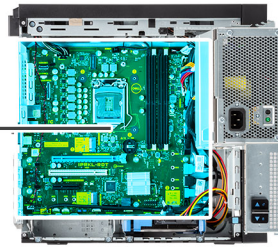
1. Follow the procedure in [before working inside your computer](#).
 - NOTE:** Your computer's Service Tag is stored in the system board. You must enter the Service Tag in the BIOS setup program after you replace the system board.
 - NOTE:** Replacing the system board removes any changes that you have made to the BIOS using the BIOS setup program. You must make the appropriate changes again after you replace the system board.
 - NOTE:** Before disconnecting the cables from the system board, note the location of the connectors so that you can reconnect the cables correctly after you replace the system board.
2. Remove the [side cover](#).
3. Remove the [front bezel](#).
4. Open the [PSU cage](#).
5. Remove the [memory module](#).
6. Remove the [WLAN](#).
7. Remove the [M.2 2280 SSD](#).
8. Remove the [coin-cell battery](#).
9. Remove the [graphics card](#).
10. Remove the [processor fan and heat-sink assembly](#).
11. Remove the [processor](#).

About this task

The following images indicate the location of the system board and provide a visual representation of the removal procedure.



8x
6-32



Steps

1. Disconnect all the cables that are connected to the system board.
2. Remove the eight (#6-32) screws that secure the system board to the chassis.
3. Lift the system board at an angle and remove the system board off the chassis.

Installing the system board

Prerequisites

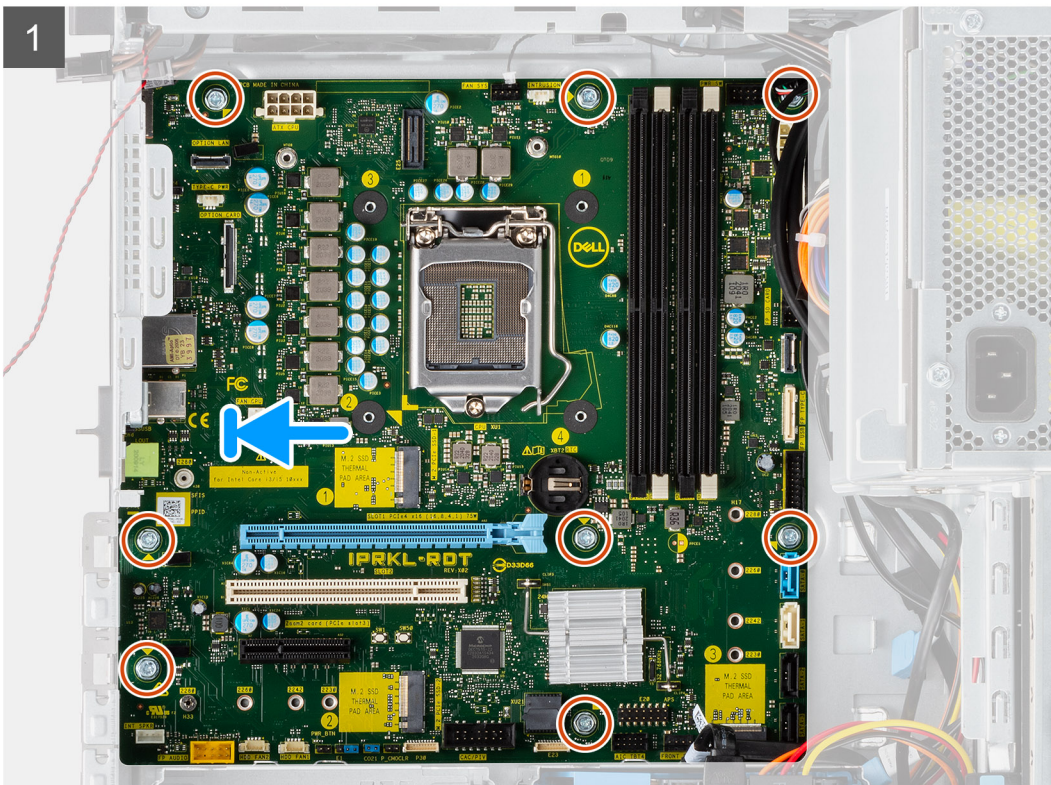
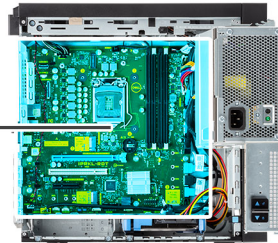
If you are replacing a component, remove the existing component before performing the installation procedure.

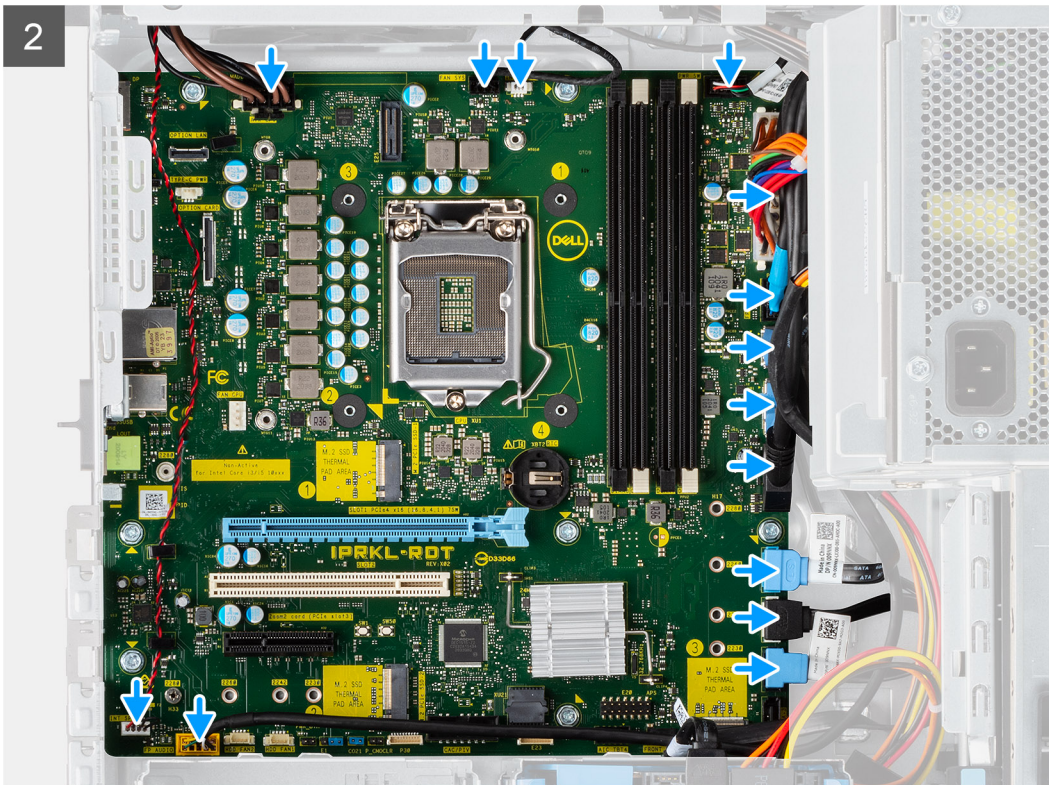
About this task

The following images indicate the location of the system board and provide a visual representation of the installation procedure.



8x
6-32





Steps

1. Slide the rear I/O-ports on the system board into the rear I/O-slots on the chassis
2. Align the screw holes on the system board with the screw holes on the chassis.
3. Replace the eight screws (#6-32) that secure the system board to the chassis.
4. Route and connect all the cables to the connectors on the system board.

Next steps

1. Install the [processor](#).
2. Install the [processor fan and heat-sink assembly](#).
3. Install the [coin-cell battery](#).
4. Install the [graphics card](#).
5. Install the [/M.2 2280 SSD](#).
6. Install the [WLAN](#).
7. Install the [memory module](#).
8. Close the [PSU cage](#)
9. Install the [front bezel](#).
10. Install the [side cover](#).
11. Follow the procedure in [after working inside your computer](#).
 - i** **NOTE:** Your computer's Service Tag is stored in the system board. You must enter the Service Tag in the BIOS setup program after you replace the system board.
 - i** **NOTE:** Replacing the system board removes any changes that you have made to the BIOS using the BIOS setup program. You must make the appropriate changes again after you replace the system board.

Drivers and downloads

Drivers and downloads

When troubleshooting, downloading or installing drivers it is recommended that you read the Dell Knowledge Based article, Drivers and Downloads FAQ [SLN128938](#).

System setup

Boot Sequence

Boot Sequence allows you to bypass the System Setup–defined boot device order and boot directly to a specific device (for example: optical drive or hard drive). During the Power-on Self Test (POST), when the Dell logo appears, you can:

- Access System Setup by pressing F2 key
- Bring up the one-time boot menu by pressing F12 key

The one-time boot menu displays the devices that you can boot from including the diagnostic option. The boot menu options are:

- Removable Drive (if available)
- STXXXX Drive (if available)
 - **NOTE:** XXX denotes the SATA drive number.
- Optical Drive (if available)
- SATA Hard Drive (if available)
- Diagnostics

The boot sequence screen also displays the option to access the System Setup screen.

System setup options

NOTE: Depending on your computer and its installed devices, the items that are listed in this section may or may not appear.

Table 3. System setup options—System information menu

| Overview | |
|------------------------------|--|
| Precision 3650 Tower | |
| BIOS Version | Displays the BIOS version number. |
| Service Tag | Displays the Service Tag of the computer. |
| Asset Tag | Displays the Asset Tag of the computer. |
| Manufacture Date | Displays the manufacture date of the computer. |
| Ownership Date | Displays the ownership date of the computer. |
| Express Service Code | Displays the express service code of the computer. |
| Ownership Tag | Displays the Ownership Tag of the computer. |
| Signed Firmware Update | Displays whether the Signed Firmware Update is enabled on your computer. |
| Processor Information | |
| Processor Type | Displays the processor type. |
| Maximum Clock Speed | Displays the maximum processor clock speed. |
| Minimum Clock Speed | Displays the minimum processor clock speed. |
| Current Clock Speed | Displays the current processor clock speed. |
| Core Count | Displays the number of cores on the processor. |

Table 3. System setup options—System information menu (continued)

| Overview | |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Processor ID | Displays the processor identification code. |
| Processor L2 Cache | Displays the processor L2 Cache size. |
| Processor L3 Cache | Displays the processor L3 Cache size. |
| Microcode Version | Displays the microcode version. |
| Intel Hyper-Threading Capable | Displays whether the processor is Hyper-Threading (HT) capable. |
| 64-Bit Technology | Displays whether 64-bit technology is used. |
| Memory Information | |
| Memory Installed | Displays the total computer memory installed. |
| Memory Available | Displays the total computer memory available. |
| Memory Speed | Displays the memory speed. |
| Memory Channel Mode | Displays single or dual channel mode. |
| Memory Technology | Displays the technology that is used for the memory. |
| DIMM 1 Size | Displays the DIMM 1 memory size. |
| DIMM 2 Size | Displays the DIMM 2 memory size. |
| DIMM 3 Size | Displays the DIMM 3 memory size. |
| DIMM 4 Size | Displays the DIMM 4 memory size. |
| Devices Information | |
| Video Controller | Displays the video controller type of the computer. |
| Video Memory | Displays the video memory information of the computer. |
| Wi-Fi Device | Displays the wireless device information of the computer. |
| Native Resolution | Displays the native resolution of the computer. |
| Video BIOS Version | Displays the video BIOS version of the computer. |
| Audio Controller | Displays the audio controller information of the computer. |
| Bluetooth Device | Displays the Bluetooth device information of the computer. |
| LOM MAC Address | Displays the LAN On Motherboard (LOM) MAC address of the computer. |
| dGPU Video Controller | Displays the discrete video controller type of the computer. |
| Slot 1 | Displays the SATA hard drive information of the computer. |
| Slot 2 | Displays the SATA hard drive information of the computer. |
| Slot 3 | Displays the SATA hard drive information of the computer. |
| Slot 4 | Displays the SATA hard drive information of the computer. |

Table 4. System setup options—Boot Configuration menu

| Boot Configuration | |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| Boot Sequence | |
| Boot Mode: UEFI only | Displays the boot mode. |
| Boot Sequence | Displays the boot sequence. |
| Secure Digital (SD) Card Boot | Enable or disable the SD card read-only boot. By default, the Secure Digital (SD) Card Boot option is not enabled. |
| Secure Boot | |
| Enable Secure Boot | Enable or disable the secure boot feature. |

Table 4. System setup options—Boot Configuration menu (continued)

| Boot Configuration | |
|------------------------------|---|
| Secure Boot Mode | By default, the option is not enabled. Enable or disable to change the secure boot mode options. By default, the Deployed Mode is enabled. |
| Expert Key Management | |
| Enable Custom Mode | Enable or disable custom mode. By default, the custom mode option is not enabled. |
| Custom Mode Key Management | Select the custom values for expert key management. |

Table 5. System setup options—Integrated Devices menu

| Integrated Devices | |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Date/Time | Displays the current date in MM/DD/YYYY format and current time in HH:MM:SS AM/PM format. |
| Audio | |
| Enable Audio | Enable or disable the integrated audio controller. By default, all the options are enabled. |
| Serial Port | |
| Serial Port Configuration | Enable or disable the serial port address. By default, the COM1: Port is configured at 3F8h with IRQ4 option is enabled. |
| USB Configuration | |
| | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Enable or disable booting from USB mass storage devices through the boot sequence or boot menu. By default, all the options are enabled. |
| Front USB Configuration | |
| | Enable or disable the individual front USB ports. By default, all the options are enabled. |
| Rear USB Configuration | |
| | Enable or disable the individual rear USB ports. By default, all the options are enabled. |
| Miscellaneous Devices | |
| | Enable or disable the PCI Slot By default, the option is enabled. |
| Dust Filter Maintenance | |
| | Enable or disable the dust filter maintenance. By default, the Disabled option is enabled. |

Table 6. System setup options—Storage menu

| Storage | |
|--------------------------|--|
| SATA Operation | |
| | Enable or disable the operating mode of the integrated SATA hard drive controller. By default, the AHCI option is enabled. |
| Storage Interface | |
| Port Enablement | Enable or disable the onboard drives. By default, all the options are enabled. |
| SMART Reporting | |

Table 6. System setup options—Storage menu (continued)

| Storage | |
|---|--|
| Enable SMART Reporting | Enable or disable Self-Monitoring, Analysis, and Reporting Technology (SMART) during computer startup. By default, the Enable SMART Reporting option is not enabled. |
| Drive Information | |
| SATA-0 | |
| Type | Displays the SATA HDD type information of the computer. |
| Device | Displays the SATA HDD device information of the computer. |
| SATA-1 | |
| Type | Displays the SATA HDD type information of the computer. |
| Device | Displays the SATA HDD device information of the computer. |
| SATA-2 | |
| Type | Displays the SATA HDD type information of the computer. |
| Device | Displays the SATA HDD device information of the computer. |
| SATA-3 | |
| Type | Displays the SATA HDD type information of the computer. |
| Device | Displays the SATA HDD device information of the computer. |
| M.2 PCIe SSD-0 | |
| Type | Displays the M.2 PCIe SSD-0 type information of the computer. |
| Device | Displays the M.2 PCIe SSD-0 device information of the computer. |
| M.2 PCIe SSD-1 | |
| Type | Displays the M.2 PCIe SSD-1 type information of the computer. |
| Device | Displays the M.2 PCIe SSD-1 device information of the computer. |
| Enable MediaCard | |
| Secure Digital (SD) Card | Enable or disable the SD card. By default, the Secure Digital (SD) Card option is enabled. |
| Secure Digital (SD) Card Read-Only Mode | Enable or disable the SD card read-only mode. By default, the Secure Digital (SD) Card Read-Only Mode option is not enabled. |

Table 7. System setup options—Display menu

| Display | |
|-------------------------|--|
| Multi-Display | |
| Enable Multi-Display | Enable or disable the Enable Multi-Display buttons on the computer. By default, the option is enabled. |
| Primary Display | |
| Video Primary Display | Determines the primary display when multiple controllers are available on the computer By default, the Auto option is enabled. |
| Full Screen Logo | |
| | Enable or disable full screen logo. By default, the option is not enabled. |

Table 8. System setup options—Connection menu

| Connection | |
|---|---|
| Network Controller Configuration | |
| Integrated NIC | Controls the on-board LAN controller. By default, the Enabled with PXE option is enabled. |
| Wireless Device Enable | |
| WLAN | Enable or disable the internal WLAN device By default, the option enabled. |
| Bluetooth | Enable or disable the internal Bluetooth device By default, the option enabled. |
| Enable UEFI Network Stack | Enable or disable UEFI Network Stack and controls the on-board LAN Controller. By default, the option is enabled. |
| HTTPs Boot Feature | |
| HTTPs Boot | Enable or disable the HTTPs Boot feature. By default, the HTTPs Boot option is enabled. |
| HTTPs Boot Mode | With Auto Mode, the HTTPs Boot extracts Boot URL from the DHCP. With Manual Mode, the HTTPs Boot reads Boot URL from the user-provided data. By default, the Auto Mode option is enabled. |

Table 9. System setup options—Power menu

| Power | |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| USB PowerShare | |
| Enable USB PowerShare | Enable or disable the USB PowerShare. By default, the Enable USB PowerShare option is enabled |
| USB Wake Support | |
| Enable USB Wake Support | When enabled, you can use the USB devices like a mouse or keyboard to wake your computer from standby. By default, the option is enabled. |
| AC Behavior | |
| AC Recovery | Enables the system to turn on automatically, when AC is inserted. By default, the Power Off option is enabled. |
| Active State Power Management | |
| Aspm | Enables or disables the Active State Power Management (ASPM) level By default, the Auto option is enabled. |
| Block Sleep | |
| | Enables to block entering sleep (S3) mode in the operating system. By default, the Block Sleep option is disabled. |
| Deep Sleep Control | |
| | Enable or disable the Deep Sleep mode support. By default, the Disabled option is enabled. |
| Fan Control Override | |
| | Enable or disable the fan control override feature. By default, the option is disabled. |
| Intel Speed Shift Technology | |
| | Enable or disable the Intel speed shift technology support. |

Table 9. System setup options—Power menu (continued)

| | |
|--------------|--|
| Power | |
| | By default, the Intel Speed Shift Technology option is enabled. |

Table 10. System setup options—Security menu

| | |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Security | |
| TPM 2.0 Security | |
| TPM 2.0 Security On | Enable or disable TPM 2.0 security options. By default, the TPM 2.0 Security On option is enabled. |
| Attestation Enable | Enables to control whether the Trusted Platform Module (TPM) Endorsement Hierarchy is available to the operating system. By default, the Attestation Enable option is enabled. |
| Key Storage Enable | Enables to control whether the Trusted Platform Module (TPM) Storage Hierarchy is available to the operating system. By default, the Key Storage Enable option is enabled. |
| SHA-256 | BIOS and the TPM will use the SHA-256 hash algorithm to extend measurements into the TPM PCRs during BIOS boot. By default, the SHA-256 option is enabled. |
| Clear | Enables to clear the TPM owner information and returns the TPM to the default state. By default, the Clear option is disabled. |
| PPI ByPass for Clear Commands | Controls the TPM Physical Presence Interface (PPI). By default, the PPI ByPass for clear Commands option is disabled. |
| Chassis intrusion | Controls the chassis intrusion feature. By default, the option is disabled. |
| SMM Security Mitigation | Enable or disable SMM Security Mitigation. By default, the option is enabled. |
| Data Wipe on Next Boot | |
| Start Data Wipe | Enable or disable the data wipe on next boot. By default, the option is disabled. |
| Absolute | Enable or disable or permanently disable the BIOS module interface of the optional Absolute Persistence Module service from Absolute software. By default, the Enable Absolute option is enabled. |
| UEFI Boot Path Security | Controls whether or not the computer will prompt the user to enter the admin password (if set) when booting to a UEFI boot device from the F12 boot menu. By default, the Always Except Internal HDD option is enabled. |

Table 11. System setup options—Passwords menu

| | |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Passwords | |
| Admin Password | Set, change, or delete the administrator password. |
| System Password | Set, change, or delete the computer password. |
| Internal HDD-0 Password | Set, change, or delete the Internal HDD-0 password. |
| NVMe SSD0 | Set, change, or delete the NVMe SSD0 password. |

Table 11. System setup options—Passwords menu (continued)

| Passwords | |
|------------------------------------|--|
| Password Configuration | |
| Upper Case Letter | Reinforces password must have at least one upper case letter. By default, the option is disabled. |
| Lower Case Letter | Reinforces password must have at least one lower case letter. By default, the option is disabled. |
| Digit | Reinforces password must have at least one digit. By default, the option is disabled. |
| Special Character | Reinforces password must have at least one special character. By default, the option is disabled. |
| Minimum Characters | Set the minimum characters allowed for password. |
| Password Bypass | When enabled, this always prompts for computer and internal hard drive passwords when powered on from the off state. By default, the Disabled option is enabled. |
| Password Changes | |
| Enable Non-Admin Password Changes | Enable or disable to change computer and hard drive password without the need for admin password. By default, the option is enabled. |
| Admin Setup Lockout | |
| Enable Admin Setup Lockout | Enables administrators control over how their users can or cannot access BIOS setup. By default, the option is disabled. |
| Master Password Lockout | |
| Enable Master Password Lockout | When enabled, this will disable the master password support. By default, the option is disabled. |
| Allow Non-Admin PSID Revert | |
| Enable Allow Non-Admin PSID Revert | Controls access to the Physical Security ID (PSID) revert of NVMe hard-drives from the Dell Security Manager prompt. By default, the option is disabled. |

Table 12. System setup options—Update, Recovery menu

| Update, Recovery | |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| UEFI Capsule Firmware Updates | Enable or disable BIOS updates through UEFI capsule update packages. By default, the option is enabled. |
| BIOS Recovery from Hard Drive | Enables the user to recover from certain corrupted BIOS conditions from a recovery file on the user primary hard drive or an external USB key. By default, the option is enabled. |
| BIOS Downgrade | |
| Allow BIOS Downgrade | Enable or disable the flashing of the computer firmware to previous revision is blocked. By default, the option is enabled. |

Table 12. System setup options—Update, Recovery menu (continued)

| Update, Recovery | |
|--|---|
| SupportAssist OS Recovery | <p>Enable or disable the boot flow for SupportAssist OS Recovery tool in the event of certain computer errors.</p> <p>By default, the option is enabled.</p> |
| BIOSConnect | <p>Enable or disable cloud Service OS recovery if the main operating system fails to boot with the number of failures equal to or greater than the value specified by the Auto OS Recovery Threshold setup option and local Service OS does not boot or is not installed.</p> <p>By default, the option is enabled.</p> |
| Dell Auto OS Recovery Threshold | <p>Controls the automatic boot flow for SupportAssist System Resolution Console and for Dell OS Recovery Tool.</p> <p>By default, the threshold value is set to 2.</p> |

Table 13. System setup options—System Management menu

| System Management | |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| Service Tag | Display the Service Tag of the computer. |
| Asset Tag | Create a computer Asset Tag. |
| Wake on LAN/WLAN | <p>Enable or disable the computer to power on by special LAN signals when it receives a wakeup signal from the WLAN.</p> <p>By default, the Disabled option is selected.</p> |
| Auto on Time | <p>Enable to set the computer to turn on automatically every day or on a preselected date and time. This option can be configured only if the Auto On Time is set to Everyday, Weekdays, or Selected Days.</p> <p>By default, the option is disabled.</p> |
| Intel AMT Capability | <p>Enable Intel AMT Capability</p> <p>Enable or disable the Intel AMT capability.</p> <p>By default, the Restrict MEBx Access option is enabled.</p> |
| MEBx Hotkey | <p>Enable or disable MEBx hotkey.</p> <p>By default, the option is disabled.</p> |
| USB Provision | <p>Enable USB Provision</p> <p>Enable or disable the Intel AMT provisioning using the local provisioning file through a USB storage device.</p> <p>By default, the option is disabled.</p> |
| SERR Messages | <p>Enable or disable SERR messages.</p> <p>By default, the option is enabled.</p> |
| Dell Development Configuration | <p>Enable Flash Updated Signature Override</p> <p>Enable or disable certain features to control BIOS</p> <p>By default, the option is disabled.</p> |

Table 14. System setup options—Keyboard menu

| Keyboard | |
|------------------------|---|
| Keyboard Errors | <p>Enable Keyboard Error Detection</p> <p>Enable or disable the keyboard error detection.</p> |

Table 14. System setup options—Keyboard menu (continued)

| Keyboard | |
|---|--|
| | By default, the option is enabled. |
| Numlock LED | |
| Enable Numlock LED | Enable or disable Numlock LED. By default, the option is enabled. |
| Device Configuration Hotkey Access | |
| Device Configuration Hotkey Access | Enable or disable users to access device configuration by using hotkeys. By default, the option is enabled. |

Table 15. System setup options—Pre-boot Behavior menu

| Pre-boot Behavior | |
|------------------------------|--|
| Warning and Errors | Enable or disable the action to be done when a warning or error is encountered. By default, the Prompt on Warnings and Errors option is enabled. |
| Fastboot | Enable to set the speed of the boot process. By default, the Minimal option is enabled. |
| Extend BIOS POST Time | Set the BIOS POST time. By default, the 0 seconds option is enabled. |

Table 16. System setup options—Virtualization menu

| Virtualization | |
|---|--|
| Intel Virtualization Technology | |
| Enable Intel Virtualization Technology (VT) | Specify whether a Virtual Machine Monitor (VMM) can utilize the additional hardware capabilities that are provided by Intel Virtualization Technology. By default, the option is enabled. |
| VT for Direct I/O | |
| | Specify whether a Virtual Machine Monitor (VMM) can utilize the additional hardware capabilities that are provided by Intel Virtualization Technology for Direct I/O. By default, the option is enabled. |
| Intel Trusted Execution Technology (TXT) | |
| Enable Intel Trusted Execution Technology (TXT) | Specifies whether a measured Virtual Machine Monitor (MVMM) can utilize the additional hardware capabilities that are provided by Intel Trusted Execution Technology. By default, the option is disabled. |

Table 17. System setup options—Performance menu

| Performance | |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| Multi Core Support | |
| Active Cores | Enables to change the number of CPU cores available to the operating system. By default, the All Cores options are enabled. |
| Intel SpeedStep | |
| Enable Intel SpeedStep Technology | Enables the computer to dynamically adjust processor voltage and core frequency, decreasing average power consumption and heat production. |

Table 17. System setup options—Performance menu (continued)

| Performance | |
|---|---|
| | By default, the option is enabled. |
| C-States Control | |
| Enable C-State Control | Enable or disable additional processor sleep states. By default, the option is enabled. |
| Intel Turbo Boost Technology | |
| Enable Intel Turbo Boost Technology | Enable or disable Intel TurboBoost mode of the processor. By default, the option is enabled. |
| Intel Hyper-Threading Technology | |
| Enable Intel Hyper-Threading Technology | Enable or disable Hyper-Threading in the processor. By default, the option is enabled. |

Table 18. System setup options—System Logs menu

| System Logs | |
|-----------------------|--|
| BIOS Event Log | |
| Clear BIOS Event Log | Display BIOS events. By default, the Keep option is enabled. |

Flashing the BIOS


About this task

You may need to flash (update) the BIOS when an update is available or when you replace the system board.

Follow these steps to flash the BIOS:

Steps

1. Turn on your computer.
2. Go to www.dell.com/support.
3. Click **Product support**, enter the Service Tag of your computer, and then click **Submit**.

 **NOTE:** If you do not have the Service Tag, use the auto-detect feature or manually browse for your computer model.


4. Click **Drivers & downloads > Find it myself**.
5. Select the operating system installed on your computer.
6. Scroll down the page and expand **BIOS**.
7. Click **Download** to download the latest version of the BIOS for your computer.
8. After the download is complete, navigate to the folder where you saved the BIOS update file.
9. Double-click the BIOS update file icon and follow the instructions on the screen.

Updating the BIOS in Windows

Prerequisites


It is recommended to update your BIOS (System Setup) when you replace the system board or if an update is available. For laptops, ensure that your computer battery is fully charged and connected to a power before initiating a BIOS update.

About this task


 **NOTE:** If BitLocker is enabled, it must be suspended prior to updating the system BIOS, and then re enabled after the BIOS update is completed.

Steps

1. Restart the computer.
2. Go to **Dell.com/support**.
 - Enter the **Service Tag** or **Express Service Code** and click **Submit**.
 - Click **Detect Product** and follow the instructions on screen.
3. If you are unable to detect or find the Service Tag, click **Choose from all products**.
4. Choose the **Products** category from the list.

 **NOTE:** Choose the appropriate category to reach the product page.
5. Select your computer model and the **Product Support** page of your computer appears.
6. Click **Get drivers** and click **Drivers and Downloads**.
The Drivers and Downloads section opens.
7. Click **Find it myself**.
8. Click **BIOS** to view the BIOS versions.
9. Identify the latest BIOS file and click **Download**.
10. Select your preferred download method in the **Please select your download method below** window, click **Download File**.
The **File Download** window appears.
11. Click **Save** to save the file on your computer.
12. Click **Run** to install the updated BIOS settings on your computer.
Follow the instructions on the screen.


Updating BIOS on systems with BitLocker enabled

 **CAUTION:** If BitLocker is not suspended before updating the BIOS, the next time you reboot the system it will not recognize the BitLocker key. You will then be prompted to enter the recovery key to progress and the system will ask for this on each reboot. If the recovery key is not known this can result in data loss or an unnecessary operating system re-install. For more information on this subject, see Knowledge Article: <https://www.dell.com/support/article/sln153694>

Updating your system BIOS using a USB flash drive

About this task

If the computer cannot load into Windows but there is still a need to update the BIOS, download the BIOS file using another computer and save it to a bootable USB flash drive.

 **NOTE:** You must use a bootable USB flash drive. For more information, see the knowledge base article [SLN143196](https://www.dell.com/support/article/sln143196).

Steps

1. Download the BIOS update .exe file to another computer.
2. Copy the .exe file onto the bootable USB flash drive.
3. Insert the USB flash drive into the computer that requires the BIOS update.
4. Restart the computer and press F12 when the Dell logo appears to display the One Time Boot Menu.
5. Using arrow keys, select **USB Storage Device** and press Enter.
6. The computer restarts to a Diag C:\> prompt.
7. Run the file by typing the complete filename and press Enter.
8. The BIOS Update Utility is displayed. Follow the on-screen instructions.



Figure 1. DOS BIOS Update Screen

System and setup password

Table 19. System and setup password

| Password type | Description |
|-----------------|--|
| System password | Password that you must enter to log on to your system. |
| Setup password | Password that you must enter to access and make changes to the BIOS settings of your computer. |

You can create a system password and a setup password to secure your computer.

CAUTION: The password features provide a basic level of security for the data on your computer.

CAUTION: Anyone can access the data stored on your computer if it is not locked and left unattended.

NOTE: System and setup password feature is disabled.

Assigning a system setup password

Prerequisites

You can assign a new **System or Admin Password** only when the status is in **Not Set**.

About this task

To enter the system setup, press F2 immediately after a power-on or reboot.

Steps

- In the **System BIOS** or **System Setup** screen, select **Security** and press **Enter**.
The **Security** screen is displayed.
- Select **System/Admin Password** and create a password in the **Enter the new password** field.
Use the following guidelines to assign the system password:
 - A password can have up to 32 characters.
 - The password can contain the numbers 0 through 9.

- Only lower case letters are valid, upper case letters are not allowed.
 - Only the following special characters are allowed: space, ("), (+), (.), (-), (.), (/), (;), ([), (\), (]), (`).
3. Type the system password that you entered earlier in the **Confirm new password** field and click **OK**.
 4. Press **Esc** and a message prompts you to save the changes.
 5. Press **Y** to save the changes.
The computer reboots.

Deleting or changing an existing system setup password


Prerequisites

Ensure that the **Password Status** is Unlocked (in the System Setup) before attempting to delete or change the existing System and Setup password. You cannot delete or change an existing System or Setup password, if the **Password Status** is Locked.

About this task

To enter the System Setup, press **F2** immediately after a power-on or reboot.

Steps

1. In the **System BIOS** or **System Setup** screen, select **System Security** and press **Enter**.
The **System Security** screen is displayed.
2. In the **System Security** screen, verify that **Password Status** is **Unlocked**.
3. Select **System Password**, alter or delete the existing system password and press **Enter** or **Tab**.
4. Select **Setup Password**, alter or delete the existing setup password and press **Enter** or **Tab**.
 **NOTE:** If you change the System and/or Setup password, re enter the new password when prompted. If you delete the System and Setup password, confirm the deletion when prompted.
5. Press **Esc** and a message prompts you to save the changes.
6. Press **Y** to save the changes and exit from System Setup.
The computer restarts.


Troubleshooting

Dell SupportAssist Pre-boot System Performance Check diagnostics

About this task

SupportAssist diagnostics (also known as system diagnostics) performs a complete check of your hardware. The Dell SupportAssist Pre-boot System Performance Check diagnostics is embedded with the BIOS and is launched by the BIOS internally. The embedded system diagnostics provides a set of options for particular devices or device groups allowing you to:

- Run tests automatically or in an interactive mode
- Repeat tests
- Display or save test results
- Run thorough tests to introduce additional test options to provide extra information about the failed device(s)
- View status messages that inform you if tests are completed successfully
- View error messages that inform you of problems encountered during testing

 **NOTE:** Some tests for specific devices require user interaction. Always ensure that you are present at the computer terminal when the diagnostic tests are performed.

For more information, see [Resolve Hardware Issues With Built-in and Online Diagnostics \(SupportAssist ePSA, ePSA or PSA Error Codes\)](#).

Running the SupportAssist Pre-Boot System Performance Check

Steps

1. Turn on your computer.
2. As the computer boots, press the F12 key as the Dell logo appears.
3. On the boot menu screen, select the **Diagnostics** option.
4. Click the arrow at the bottom left corner.
Diagnostics front page is displayed.
5. Click the arrow in the lower-right corner to go to the page listing.
The items detected are listed.
6. To run a diagnostic test on a specific device, press Esc and click **Yes** to stop the diagnostic test.
7. Select the device from the left pane and click **Run Tests**.
8. If there are any issues, error codes are displayed.
Note the error code and validation number and contact Dell.

Dell Enhanced Pre-Boot System Assessment — ePSA Diagnostic 3.0

You can invoke the ePSA diagnostics by either of the following ways :

- Press the F12 key when the system posts and choose **ePSA or Diagnostics** option on One Time Boot Menu.
- Press and hold Fn(Function key on keyboard) and **Power On** (PWR) the system.

For more details, see [Dell EPSA Diagnostic 3.0](#).

System diagnostic lights

Power-supply diagnostics light

Indicates the status of the power-supply in either of the two states:

- Off: No Power
- On: Power is supplied.

Power button light

Table 20. Power button LED status

| Power button LED state | System state | Description |
|------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| Off | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • S4 • S5 | There is in Hibernate or Off state. |
| Solid White | S0 | Working state |
| Solid Amber | | Various sleep states or No POST |
| Blinking Amber/White | | Failure to POST |

This platform relies on the Power button LED light blinking in an amber/white pattern to determine a failure as listed in the following table:

NOTE:

The blinking patterns consists of two numbers (representing First Group: Amber blinks, Second Group: White blinks).

- **First Group:** The Power button LED light blinks Amber, 1 to 9 times followed by a short pause with LED off for a couple of seconds.
- **Second Group:** The Power button LED light then blinks White, 1 to 9 times, followed by a longer pause before the next cycle starts again after a short interval.

Example: No Memory detected (2,3). Power button LED blinks 2-times in Amber followed by a pause, and then blinks 3-times in White. The Power button LED will pause for few seconds before the next cycle repeats itself again.

Table 21. Diagnostic LED status

| Blinking pattern | | Problem description | Suggested resolution |
|------------------|-------|---|--|
| Amber | White | | |
| 1 | 2 | Unrecoverable SPI flash failure | |
| 2 | 1 | CPU failure | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Run the Intel CPU diagnostics tools. • If problem persists, replace the system board. |
| 2 | 2 | System board failure (including BIOS corruption or ROM error) | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Flash latest BIOS version. • If problem persists, replace the system board. |
| 2 | 3 | No memory/RAM detected | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Confirm that the memory module is installed properly. • If problem persists, replace the memory module. |
| 2 | 4 | Memory/RAM failure | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Reset the memory module. • If problem persists, replace the memory module. |

Table 21. Diagnostic LED status (continued)

| Blinking pattern | | Problem description | Suggested resolution |
|------------------|---|--|---|
| 2 | 5 | Invalid Memory installed | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Reset the memory module. If problem persists, replace the memory module. |
| 2 | 6 | System board error, chipset error, clock failure, gate A20 failure, super I/O failure, keyboard controller failure | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Flash latest BIOS version. If problem persists, replace the system board. |
| 3 | 1 | CMOS battery failure | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Reset the CMOS battery connection. If problem persists, replace the RTS battery. |
| 3 | 2 | PCIe or video card/chip failure | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Replace the system board. |
| 3 | 3 | BIOS recovery image not found | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Flash latest BIOS version. If problem persists, replace the system board. |
| 3 | 4 | BIOS recovery image found but invalid | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Flash latest BIOS version. If problem persists, replace the system board. |
| 3 | 5 | Power Rail Failure | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> EC ran into power sequencing failure. If problem persists, replace the system board. |
| 3 | 6 | Paired SPI volume error | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Flash corruption detected by SBIOS. If problem persists, replace the system board. |
| 3 | 7 | Intel ME (Management Engine) error | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Timeout waiting on ME to reply to HECI message. If problem persists, replace the system board. |
| 4 | 2 | CPU power cable connection issue | |

Diagnostic error messages

Table 22. Diagnostic error messages

| Error messages | Description |
|-------------------------------|--|
| AUXILIARY DEVICE FAILURE | The touchpad or external mouse may be faulty. For an external mouse, check the cable connection. Enable the Pointing Device option in the System Setup program. |
| BAD COMMAND OR FILE NAME | Ensure that you have spelled the command correctly, put spaces in the proper place, and used the correct path name. |
| CACHE DISABLED DUE TO FAILURE | The primary cache internal to the microprocessor has failed. Contact Dell |
| CD DRIVE CONTROLLER FAILURE | The optical drive does not respond to commands from the computer. |

Table 22. Diagnostic error messages (continued)

| Error messages | Description |
|--|--|
| DATA ERROR | The hard drive cannot read the data. |
| DECREASING AVAILABLE MEMORY | One or more memory modules may be faulty or improperly seated. Reinstall the memory modules or, if necessary, replace them. |
| DISK C: FAILED INITIALIZATION | The hard drive failed initialization. Run the hard drive tests in Dell Diagnostics . |
| DRIVE NOT READY | The operation requires a hard drive in the bay before it can continue. Install a hard drive in the hard drive bay. |
| ERROR READING PCMCIA CARD | The computer cannot identify the ExpressCard. Reinsert the card or try another card. |
| EXTENDED MEMORY SIZE HAS CHANGED | The amount of memory recorded in non-volatile memory (NVRAM) does not match the memory module installed in the computer. Restart the computer. If the error appears again, Contact Dell |
| THE FILE BEING COPIED IS TOO LARGE FOR THE DESTINATION DRIVE | The file that you are trying to copy is too large to fit on the disk, or the disk is full. Try copying the file to a different disk or use a larger capacity disk. |
| A FILENAME CANNOT CONTAIN ANY OF THE FOLLOWING CHARACTERS: \ / : * ? " < > - | Do not use these characters in filenames. |
| GATE A20 FAILURE | A memory module may be loose. Reinstall the memory module or, if necessary, replace it. |
| GENERAL FAILURE | The operating system is unable to carry out the command. The message is usually followed by specific information. For example, Printer out of paper. Take the appropriate action. |
| HARD-DISK DRIVE CONFIGURATION ERROR | The computer cannot identify the drive type. Shut down the computer, remove the hard drive, and boot the computer from an optical drive. Then, shut down the computer, reinstall the hard drive, and restart the computer. Run the Hard Disk Drive tests in Dell Diagnostics . |
| HARD-DISK DRIVE CONTROLLER FAILURE 0 | The hard drive does not respond to commands from the computer. Shut down the computer, remove the hard drive, and boot the computer from an optical drive. Then, shut down the computer, reinstall the hard drive, and restart the computer. If the problem persists, try another drive. Run the Hard Disk Drive tests in Dell Diagnostics . |
| HARD-DISK DRIVE FAILURE | The hard drive does not respond to commands from the computer. Shut down the computer, remove the hard drive, and boot the computer from an optical drive. Then, shut down the computer, reinstall the hard drive, and restart the computer. If the problem persists, try another drive. Run the Hard Disk Drive tests in Dell Diagnostics . |
| HARD-DISK DRIVE READ FAILURE | The hard drive may be defective. Shut down the computer, remove the hard drive, and boot the computer from an optical. Then, shut down the computer, reinstall the hard drive, and restart the computer. If the problem persists, try another drive. Run the Hard Disk Drive tests in Dell Diagnostics . |
| INSERT BOOTABLE MEDIA | The operating system is trying to boot to non-bootable media, such as an optical drive. Insert bootable media. |

Table 22. Diagnostic error messages (continued)

| Error messages | Description |
|---|--|
| INVALID CONFIGURATION INFORMATION-PLEASE RUN SYSTEM SETUP PROGRAM | The system configuration information does not match the hardware configuration. The message is most likely to occur after a memory module is installed. Correct the appropriate options in the system setup program. |
| KEYBOARD CLOCK LINE FAILURE | For external keyboards, check the cable connection. Run the Keyboard Controller test in Dell Diagnostics . |
| KEYBOARD CONTROLLER FAILURE | For external keyboards, check the cable connection. Restart the computer, and avoid touching the keyboard or the mouse during the boot routine. Run the Keyboard Controller test in Dell Diagnostics . |
| KEYBOARD DATA LINE FAILURE | For external keyboards, check the cable connection. Run the Keyboard Controller test in Dell Diagnostics . |
| KEYBOARD STUCK KEY FAILURE | For external keyboards or keypads, check the cable connection. Restart the computer, and avoid touching the keyboard or keys during the boot routine. Run the Stuck Key test in Dell Diagnostics . |
| LICENSED CONTENT IS NOT ACCESSIBLE IN MEDIADIRECT | Dell MediaDirect cannot verify the Digital Rights Management (DRM) restrictions on the file, so the file cannot be played. |
| MEMORY ADDRESS LINE FAILURE AT ADDRESS, READ VALUE EXPECTING VALUE | A memory module may be faulty or improperly seated. Reinstall the memory module or, if necessary, replace it. |
| MEMORY ALLOCATION ERROR | The software you are attempting to run is conflicting with the operating system, another program, or a utility. Shut down the computer, wait for 30 seconds, and then restart it. Run the program again. If the error message still appears, see the software documentation. |
| MEMORY DOUBLE WORD LOGIC FAILURE AT ADDRESS, READ VALUE EXPECTING VALUE | A memory module may be faulty or improperly seated. Reinstall the memory module or, if necessary, replace it. |
| MEMORY ODD/EVEN LOGIC FAILURE AT ADDRESS, READ VALUE EXPECTING VALUE | A memory module may be faulty or improperly seated. Reinstall the memory module or, if necessary, replace it. |
| MEMORY WRITE/READ FAILURE AT ADDRESS, READ VALUE EXPECTING VALUE | A memory module may be faulty or improperly seated. Reinstall the memory module or, if necessary, replace it. |
| NO BOOT DEVICE AVAILABLE | The computer cannot find the hard drive. If the hard drive is your boot device, ensure that the drive is installed, properly seated, and partitioned as a boot device. |
| NO BOOT SECTOR ON HARD DRIVE | The operating system may be corrupted, Contact Dell . |
| NO TIMER TICK INTERRUPT | A chip on the system board may be malfunctioning. Run the System Set tests in Dell Diagnostics . |
| NOT ENOUGH MEMORY OR RESOURCES. EXIT SOME PROGRAMS AND TRY AGAIN | You have too many programs open. Close all windows and open the program that you want to use. |
| OPERATING SYSTEM NOT FOUND | Reinstall the operating system. If the problem persists, Contact Dell . |
| OPTIONAL ROM BAD CHECKSUM | The optional ROM has failed. Contact Dell . |
| SECTOR NOT FOUND | The operating system cannot locate a sector on the hard drive. You may have a defective sector or corrupted File Allocation Table (FAT) on the hard drive. Run the Windows error-checking utility to check the file structure on the hard drive. See Windows Help and Support for instructions (click Start > Help and Support). If a large number of sectors are defective, back up the data (if possible), and then format the hard drive. |

Table 22. Diagnostic error messages (continued)

| Error messages | Description |
|---|---|
| SEEK ERROR | The operating system cannot find a specific track on the hard drive. |
| SHUTDOWN FAILURE | A chip on the system board may be malfunctioning. Run the System Set tests in Dell Diagnostics . If the message reappears, Contact Dell . |
| TIME-OF-DAY CLOCK LOST POWER | System configuration settings are corrupted. Connect your computer to an electrical outlet to charge the battery. If the problem persists, try to restore the data by entering the System Setup program, then immediately exit the program. If the message reappears, Contact Dell . |
| TIME-OF-DAY CLOCK STOPPED | The reserve battery that supports the system configuration settings may require recharging. Connect your computer to an electrical outlet to charge the battery. If the problem persists, Contact Dell . |
| TIME-OF-DAY NOT SET-PLEASE RUN THE SYSTEM SETUP PROGRAM | The time or date stored in the system setup program does not match the system clock. Correct the settings for the Date and Time options. |
| TIMER CHIP COUNTER 2 FAILED | A chip on the system board may be malfunctioning. Run the System Set tests in Dell Diagnostics . |
| UNEXPECTED INTERRUPT IN PROTECTED MODE | The keyboard controller may be malfunctioning, or a memory module may be loose. Run the System Memory tests and the Keyboard Controller test in Dell Diagnostics or Contact Dell . |
| X:\ IS NOT ACCESSIBLE. THE DEVICE IS NOT READY | Insert a disk into the drive and try again. |

Flashing the BIOS


About this task

You may need to flash (update) the BIOS when an update is available or when you replace the system board.

Follow these steps to flash the BIOS:

Steps

1. Turn on your computer.
2. Go to www.dell.com/support.
3. Click **Product support**, enter the Service Tag of your computer, and then click **Submit**.

 **NOTE:** If you do not have the Service Tag, use the auto-detect feature or manually browse for your computer model.

4. Click **Drivers & downloads > Find it myself**.
5. Select the operating system installed on your computer.
6. Scroll down the page and expand **BIOS**.
7. Click **Download** to download the latest version of the BIOS for your computer.
8. After the download is complete, navigate to the folder where you saved the BIOS update file.
9. Double-click the BIOS update file icon and follow the instructions on the screen.

Flashing BIOS (USB key)


Steps

1. Follow the procedure from step 1 to step 7 in "[Flashing the BIOS](#)" to download the latest BIOS setup program file.
2. Create a bootable USB drive. For more information see the knowledge base article [SLN143196](#) at www.dell.com/support.
3. Copy the BIOS setup program file to the bootable USB drive.
4. Connect the bootable USB drive to the computer that needs the BIOS update.
5. Restart the computer and press **F12** when the Dell logo is displayed on the screen.
6. Boot to the USB drive from the **One Time Boot Menu**.
7. Type the BIOS setup program filename and press **Enter**.
8. The **BIOS Update Utility** appears. Follow the instructions on the screen to complete the BIOS update.

WiFi power cycle

About this task

If your computer is unable to access the internet due to WiFi connectivity issues a WiFi power cycle procedure may be performed. The following procedure provides the instructions on how to conduct a WiFi power cycle:

 **NOTE:** Some ISPs (Internet Service Providers) provide a modem/router combo device.

Steps



1. Turn off your computer.
2. Turn off the modem.
3. Turn off the wireless router.
4. Wait for 30 seconds.
5. Turn on the wireless router.
6. Turn on the modem.
7. Turn on your computer.

Getting help and contacting Dell

Self-help resources


You can get information and help on Dell products and services using these self-help resources:


Table 23. Self-help resources

| Self-help resources | Resource location |
|---|--|
| Information about Dell products and services | www.dell.com |
| My Dell |  |
| Tips |  |
| Contact Support | In Windows search, type <code>Contact Support</code> , and press Enter. |
| Online help for operating system | www.dell.com/support/windows www.dell.com/support/linux |
| Access top solutions, diagnostics, drivers and downloads, and learn more about your computer through videos, manuals and documents. | Your Dell computer is uniquely identified by a Service Tag or Express Service Code. To view relevant support resources for your Dell computer, enter the Service Tag or Express Service Code at www.dell.com/support . For more information on how to find the Service Tag for your computer, see Locate the Service Tag on your computer . |
| Dell knowledge base articles for a variety of computer concerns | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Go to www.dell.com/support. 2. On the menu bar at the top of the Support page, select Support > Knowledge Base. 3. In the Search field on the Knowledge Base page, type the keyword, topic, or model number, and then click or tap the search icon to view the related articles. |

Contacting Dell

To contact Dell for sales, technical support, or customer service issues, see www.dell.com/contactdell.

 **NOTE:** Availability varies by country/region and product, and some services may not be available in your country/region.

 **NOTE:** If you do not have an active Internet connection, you can find contact information about your purchase invoice, packing slip, bill, or Dell product catalog.