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X299 UD4 Pro

User's Manual

Rev. 1001 12ME-X29UD4P-1001R



For more product details, please visit GIGABYTE's website.



To reduce the impacts on global warming, the packaging materials of this product are recyclable and reusable. GIGABYTE works with you to protect the environment.



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- For quick set-up of the product, read the Quick Installation Guide included with the product.
- In order to assist in the use of this product, carefully read the User's Manual.
- For product-related information, check on our website at: http://www.gigabyte.com

Identifying Your Motherboard Revision

The revision number on your motherboard looks like this: "REV: X.X." For example, "REV: 1.0" means the revision of the motherboard is 1.0. Check your motherboard revision before updating motherboard BIOS, drivers, or when looking for technical information.

Example:

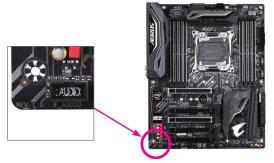
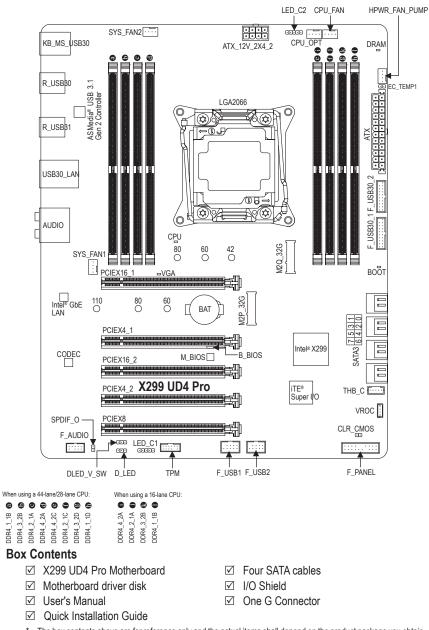


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X299 UD4 Pro Motherboard Layout

* The box contents above are for reference only and the actual items shall depend on the product package you obtain. The box contents are subject to change without notice.

Chapter 1 Hardware Installation

1-1 Installation Precautions

The motherboard contains numerous delicate electronic circuits and components which can become damaged as a result of electrostatic discharge (ESD). Prior to installation, carefully read the user's manual and follow these procedures:

- Prior to installation, make sure the chassis is suitable for the motherboard.
- Prior to installation, do not remove or break motherboard S/N (Serial Number) sticker or warranty sticker provided by your dealer. These stickers are required for warranty validation.
- Always remove the AC power by unplugging the power cord from the power outlet before installing or removing the motherboard or other hardware components.
- When connecting hardware components to the internal connectors on the motherboard, make sure they are connected tightly and securely.
- When handling the motherboard, avoid touching any metal leads or connectors.
- It is best to wear an electrostatic discharge (ESD) wrist strap when handling electronic components such as a motherboard, CPU or memory. If you do not have an ESD wrist strap, keep your hands dry and first touch a metal object to eliminate static electricity.
- Prior to installing the motherboard, please have it on top of an antistatic pad or within an electrostatic shielding container.
- Before connecting or unplugging the power supply cable from the motherboard, make sure the power supply has been turned off.
- Before turning on the power, make sure the power supply voltage has been set according to the local voltage standard.
- Before using the product, please verify that all cables and power connectors of your hardware components are connected.
- To prevent damage to the motherboard, do not allow screws to come in contact with the motherboard circuit or its components.
- Make sure there are no leftover screws or metal components placed on the motherboard or within the computer casing.
- Do not place the computer system on an uneven surface.
- Do not place the computer system in a high-temperature or wet environment.
- Turning on the computer power during the installation process can lead to damage to system components as well as physical harm to the user.
- If you are uncertain about any installation steps or have a problem related to the use of the product, please consult a certified computer technician.
- If you use an adapter, extension power cable, or power strip, ensure to consult with its installation and/or grounding instructions.

Product Specifications 1-2

CPU	 Support for Intel® Core[™] X series processors in the LGA2066 package (Go to GIGABYTE's website for the latest CPU support list.) L3 cache varies with CPU
Chipset	Intel® X299 Express Chipset
Memory	 8 x DDR4 DIMM sockets supporting up to 128 GB of system memory ^(Note 1) Support for up to 512 GB of system memory when using Registered DIMMs. 4 x DDR4 DIMM sockets supporting up to 64 GB of system memory ^(Note 2) 4 channel memory architecture ^(Note 1) Dual channel memory architecture ^(Note 2) Support for DDR4 2667/2400/2133 MHz memory modules Support for non-ECC Un-buffered DIMM memory modules Support for Registered DIMM 1Rx8/2Rx8/1Rx4/2Rx4 memory modules (operate in non-ECC mode) Support for Extreme Memory Profile (XMP) memory modules and memory modules.)
Audio	 Realtek[®] ALC1220 codec High Definition Audio 2/4/5.1/7.1-channel Support for S/PDIF Out
	Intel® GbE LAN chip (10/100/1000 Mbit)
Expansion Slots	 2 x PCI Express x16 slots, running at x16 (PCIEX16_1, PCIEX16_2) 1 x PCI Express x16 slot, running at x8 (PCIEX8) 2 x PCI Express x16 slots, running at x4 (PCIEX4_1, PCIEX4_2) (All of the PCI Express slots conform to PCI Express 3.0 standard.) Refer to "1-6 Setting up AMD CrossFire"/NVIDIA® SLI[∞] Configuration," for the installation notices for the PCI Express x16 slots.
Multi-Graphics Technology	 Support for NVIDIA[®] Quad-GPU SLI[™] and 3-Way (Note 3)/2-Way (Note 1) NVIDIA[®] SLI[™] technologies Support for AMD Quad-GPU CrossFire[™] and 3-Way (Note 3)/2-Way AMD CrossFire[™] technologies
Storage Interface	 Chipset: 1 x M.2 connector (Socket 3, M key, type 2242/2260/2280 SATA and PCIe x4/x2 SSD support) (M2Q_32G) 1 x M.2 connector (Socket 3, M key, type 2260/2280/22110 SATA and PCIe x4/x2 SSD support) (M2P_32G) 8 x SATA 6Gb/s connectors Support for RAID 0, RAID 1, RAID 5, and RAID 10

(Note 1) Supported when using a 44-lane or 28-lane CPU.

(Note 2) Supported when using a 16-lane CPU. (Note 3) Supported when using a 44-lane CPU.

USB	 Chipset+ASMedia® USB 3.1 Gen 2 Controller: 2 x USB 3.1 Gen 2 Type-A ports (red) on the back panel Chipset: 10 x USB 3.1 Gen 1 ports (6 ports on the back panel, 4 ports available through the internal USB headers) 4 x USB 2.0/1.1 ports available through the internal USB headers
Internal Connectors	 1 x 24-pin ATX main power connector 1 x 8-pin ATX 12V power connector 1 x CPU fan header 1 x water cooling CPU fan header 2 x system fan headers 1 x 3 Amp fan/water cooling pump header 1 x digital LED strip header 1 x digital LED strip power select jumper 2 x RGB (RGBW) LED strip extension cable headers 2 x M.2 Socket 3 connectors 8 x SATA 6Gb/s connectors 1 x front panel header 1 x front panel audio header 2 x USB 3.1 Gen 1 headers 2 x USB 2.0/1.1 headers 1 x Trusted Platform Module (TPM) header 1 x temperature sensor header 1 x Clear CMOS jumper
Back Panel Connectors	 1 x PS/2 keyboard/mouse port 2 x USB 3.1 Gen 2 Type-A ports (red) 6 x USB 3.1 Gen 1 ports 1 x RJ-45 port 6 x audio jacks (Center/Subwoofer Speaker Out, Rear Speaker Out, Side Speaker Out, Line In, Line Out, Mic In)
I/O Controller	iTE [®] I/O Controller Chip
Hardware Monitor	 Voltage detection Temperature detection Fan speed detection Water cooling flow rate detection Overheating warning Fan fail warning Fan speed control * Whether the fan (pump) speed control function is supported will depend on the fan (pump) you install.

BIOS	2 x 128 Mbit flash
	Use of licensed AMI UEFI BIOS
	 Support for DualBIOS[™]
	 PnP 1.0a, DMI 2.7, WfM 2.0, SM BIOS 2.7, ACPI 5.0
Unique Features	 Support for APP Center Available applications in APP Center may vary by motherboard model. Supported functions of each application may also vary depending on motherboard specifications. 3D OSD @BIOS AutoGreen BIOS Setup Color Temperature Cloud Station EasyTune Easy RAID Game Boost ON/OFF Charge Platform Power Management RGB Fusion Smart Reyboard Smart HUD System Information Viewer USB Blocker V-Tuner Support for Q-Flash Support for Xpress Install
Bundled	Norton® Internet Security (OEM version)
Software	cFosSpeed
Operating System	Support for Windows 10 64-bit
Form Factor	ATX Form Factor; 30.5cm x 24.4cm

* GIGABYTE reserves the right to make any changes to the product specifications and product-related information without prior notice.



Please visit GIGABYTE's website for support lists of CPU, memory modules, SSDs, and M.2 devices.



Please visit the **Support\Utility List** page on GIGABYTE's website to download the latest version of apps.

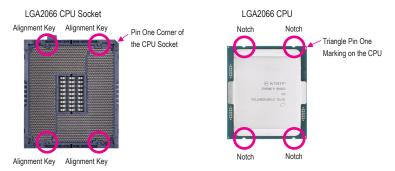
1-3 Installing the CPU

Read the following guidelines before you begin to install the CPU:

- Make sure that the motherboard supports the CPU.
 - (Go to GIGABYTE's website for the latest CPU support list.)
 - Always turn off the computer and unplug the power cord from the power outlet before installing the CPU to prevent hardware damage.
 - Locate the pin one of the CPU. The CPU cannot be inserted if oriented incorrectly. (Or you may locate the notches on both sides of the CPU and alignment keys on the CPU socket.)
 - Apply an even and thin layer of thermal grease on the surface of the CPU.
 - Do not turn on the computer if the CPU cooler is not installed, otherwise overheating and damage of the CPU may occur.
 - Set the CPU host frequency in accordance with the CPU specifications. It is not recommended
 that the system bus frequency be set beyond hardware specifications since it does not meet the
 standard requirements for the peripherals. If you wish to set the frequency beyond the standard
 specifications, please do so according to your hardware specifications including the CPU, graphics
 card, memory, hard drive, etc.

Installing the CPU

Locate the alignment keys on the motherboard CPU socket and the notches on the CPU.



To ins

To protect the socket contacts, do not remove the protective plastic cover unless the CPU is inserted into the CPU socket. Save the cover properly and replace it if the CPU is removed.

1-4 Installing the Memory



Read the following guidelines before you begin to install the memory:

- Make sure that the motherboard supports the memory. It is recommended that memory of the same capacity, brand, speed, and chips be used.
 - (Go to GIGABYTE's website for the latest supported memory speeds and memory modules.)
- Always turn off the computer and unplug the power cord from the power outlet before installing the memory to prevent hardware damage.
- Memory modules have a foolproof design. A memory module can be installed in only one direction. If you are unable to insert the memory, switch the direction.



Please visit GIGABYTE's website for details on hardware installation.

4 Channel/Dual Channel Memory Configuration

When using a 44-lane/28-lane CPU:

This motherboard supports 4 Channel Technology. After the memory is installed, the BIOS will automatically detect the specifications and capacity of the memory. The eight DDR4 memory sockets are divided into four channels and each channel has two memory sockets as following:

► Channel A: DDR4_2_1A, DDR4_4_2A

➤ Channel B: DDR4_1_1B, DDR4_3_2B

➤ Channel C: DDR4_2_1C, DDR4_4_2C

➤ Channel D: DDR4_1_1D, DDR4_3_2D

>> Refer to the table below for memory installation according to the number of the memory modules you want to install:

DDR4_1_1B	DDR4_3_2B	DDR4_2_1A	DDR4_4_2A	DDR4_4_2C	DDR4_2_1C	DDR4_3_2D	DDR4_1_1D
×	×	×	×	×	>	×	>
~	×	>	×	×	>	×	>
~	×	>	×	~	~	~	`
~	~	~	~	~	~	~	>
	DDR4_1_1B × · · ·	DDR4_1_1B DDR4_3_2B × × ✓ × ✓ × ✓ × ✓ ×	DDR4_1_1B DDR4_3_2B DDR4_2_1A X X X V X V V X V V X V V X V	DDR4_1_1B DDR4_3_2B DDR4_2_1A DDR4_4_2A X X X X V X V X V X V X V X V X V X V X V X V X V X V X	DDR4_1_1B DDR4_3_2B DDR4_2_1A DDR4_4_2A DDR4_4_2C X X X X X V X V X X V X V X X V X V X X V X V X Y V X V X Y V V V V V	DDR4_1_1B DDR4_3_2B DDR4_2_1A DDR4_4_2A DDR4_4_2C DDR4_2_1C X X X X X X X Y Y X Y X X Y <th< td=""><td>DDR4_1_1B DDR4_3_2B DDR4_2_1A DDR4_4_2A DDR4_4_2C DDR4_2_1C DDR4_3_2D X X X X X X X X V X X X X X X X V X X X X X X X V X X X X X X X V X X X X X X X V X X X X X X X V X X X X X X X V X X X X X X X V Y Y Y Y Y Y Y</td></th<>	DDR4_1_1B DDR4_3_2B DDR4_2_1A DDR4_4_2A DDR4_4_2C DDR4_2_1C DDR4_3_2D X X X X X X X X V X X X X X X X V X X X X X X X V X X X X X X X V X X X X X X X V X X X X X X X V X X X X X X X V X X X X X X X V Y Y Y Y Y Y Y

✓ : Installed, ★: Not Installed.

When using a 16-lane CPU:

This motherboard supports Dual Channel Technology. After the memory is installed, the BIOS will automatically detect the specifications and capacity of the memory. The four memory sockets are divided into two channels and each channel has two memory sockets as following:

- ➤ Channel A: DDR4_2_1A, DDR4_4_2A
- ➤ Channel B: DDR4_1_1B, DDR4_3_2B

Dual Channel Memory Configurations Table

	DDR4_4_2A	DDR4_2_1A	DDR4_3_2B	DDR4_1_1B		
2 Modules	×	>	×	~		
4 Modules	~	~	~	~		
 Installed, X: Not Installed. 						

Due to CPU limitations, read the following guidelines before installing the memory in Dual Channel mode.

- 1. Dual Channel mode cannot be enabled if only one memory module is installed.
- 2. When enabling Dual Channel mode with two or four memory modules, it is recommended that memory of the same capacity, brand, speed, and chips be used.
- Note 1: When installing the memory, make sure to begin with the first socket of each channel, such as DDR4_2_1A, DDR4_1_1B, DDR4_2_1C, or DDR4_1_1D.
- Note 2: If you are using a Registered DIMM memory, make sure it is a 1Rx8/2Rx8/1Rx4/2Rx4 one.
- Note 3: To ensure memory compatibility, we do not recommend that you install Registered DIMM and Un-buffered DIMM memory at the same time.

1-5 Installing an Expansion Card



- Read the following guidelines before you begin to install an expansion card:
- Make sure the motherboard supports the expansion card. Carefully read the manual that came with your expansion card.
- Always turn off the computer and unplug the power cord from the power outlet before installing an
 expansion card to prevent hardware damage.

1-6 Setting up AMD CrossFire[™]/NVIDIA[®] SLI[™] Configuration

A. System Requirements

- Windows 10 64-bit operating systema

- A CrossFire/SLI-supported motherboard with two or more PCI Express x16 slots and correct driver
- CrossFire/SLI-ready graphics cards of identical brand and chip and correct driver (For the latest GPUs that support the 3-way CrossFire/SLI technology, please refer to the AMD/NVIDIA® website.) (Note 1)
- CrossFire (Note 2)/SLI bridge connectors
- A power supply with sufficient power is recommended (Refer to the manual of your graphics cards for the power requirement)

B. Connecting the Graphics Cards

Step 1:

Observe the steps in "1-5 Installing an Expansion Card" and install CrossFire/SLI graphics cards on the PCI Express x16 slots. Step 2:

Insert the CrossFire(Note 2)/SLI bridge connectors in the CrossFire/SLI gold edge connectors on top of the cards.

Step 3:

Plug the display cable into the graphics card on the PCIEX16_1 slot.

▶ Refer to the table below when using a 44-lane CPU:

	1-Way	2-Way	3-Way
PCIEX16_1	✓ (x16)	✓ (x16)	✓ (x16)
PCIEX16_2	×	✓ (x16)	✓ (x16)
PCIEX8	×	×	✓ (x8)

✓ : Installed, ★: Not Installed.

▶ Refer to the table below when using a 28-lane CPU:

	1-Way	2-Way			
PCIEX16_1	✓ (x16)	✓ (x16)			
PCIEX16_2	×	✓ (x8)			
PCIEX8	×	×			
 Installed, X: Not Installed. 					

Refer to the table below when using a 16-lane CPU

The first and table below when adding a re-faile of e.						
	1-Way	2-Way (Note 3)				
PCIEX16_1	✓ (x8)	✓ (x8)				
PCIEX16_2	×	✓ (x4)				
PCIEX8	×	×				

✓ : Installed, X: Not Installed.

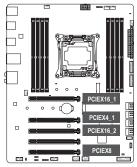
(Note 1) When using dual core graphics cards, only 2-way is supported.

(Note 2) The bridge connector(s) may be needed or not depending on your graphics cards.

(Note 3) Supports the CrossFire technology only.



Procedure and driver screen for enabling CrossFire/SLI technology may differ by graphics cards and driver version. Refer to the manual that came with your graphics cards for more information about enabling CrossFire/SLI technology.



C. Configuring the Graphics Card Driver

C-1. To Enable CrossFire Function

After installing the graphics card driver in the operating system, go to the AMD RADEON SETTINGS screen. Browse to Gaming\Global Settings and ensure AMD CrossFire is set to On.

C-2. To Enable SLI Function

After installing the graphics card driver in the operating system, go to the NVIDIA Control Panel. Browse to the Configure SLI, Surround, PhysX screen and ensure Maximize 3D performance is enabled.

1-7 Back Panel Connectors



PS/2 Keyboard/Mouse Port

Use this port to connect a PS/2 mouse or keyboard.

USB 3.1 Gen 1 Port

The USB 3.1 Gen 1 port supports the USB 3.1 Gen 1 specification and is compatible to the USB 2.0 specification. Use this port for USB devices.

• USB 3.1 Gen 2 Type-A Port (Red)

The USB 3.1 Gen 2 Type-A port supports the USB 3.1 Gen 2 specification and is compatible to the USB 3.1 Gen 1 and USB 2.0 specification. Use this port for USB devices.

RJ-45 LAN Port

The Gigabit Ethernet LAN port provides Internet connection at up to 1 Gbps data rate. The following describes the states of the LAN port LEDs.

Connection/ Speed LED



vity LED	Connection/Speed LED:			Activity LED:		
_	State	Description		State	Description	
ᅴ	Orange	1 Gbps data rate		Blinking	Data transmission or receiving is occurring	
	Green	100 Mbps data rate	1	On	No data transmission or receiving is occurring	
	Off	10 Mbps data rate	1			
			_			

• Center/Subwoofer Speaker Out (Orange)

Use this audio jack to connect center/subwoofer speakers in a 5.1/7.1-channel audio configuration.

Rear Speaker Out (Black)

Use this audio jack to connect rear speakers in a 7.1-channel audio configuration.

Side Speaker Out (Gray)

Use this audio jack to connect side speakers in a 4/5.1/7.1-channel audio configuration.

Line In (Blue)

The line in jack. Use this audio jack for line in devices such as an optical drive, walkman, etc.

Line Out (Green)

The line out jack. Use this audio jack for a headphone or 2-channel speaker. This jack can be used to connect front speakers in a 4/5.1/7.1-channel audio configuration.

Mic In (Pink)

The Mic in jack.



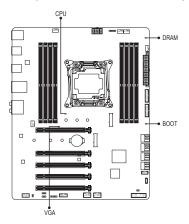
Please visit GIGABYTE's website for more audio software information.

- When removing the cable connected to a back panel connector, first remove the cable from your device and then remove it from the motherboard.
- When removing the cable, pull it straight out from the connector. Do not rock it side to side to
 prevent an electrical short inside the cable connector.

1-8 Onboard LEDs

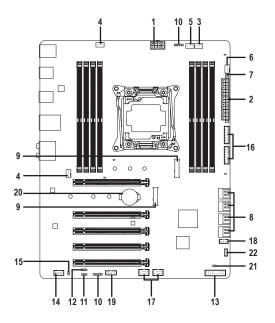
Status LEDs

The status LEDs show whether the CPU, graphics card, memory, and operating system are working properly after system power-on. If the CPU/VGA/DRAM LED is on, that means the corresponding device is not working normally; if the BOOT LED is on, that means you haven't entered the operating system yet.



CPU: CPU status LED VGA: Graphics card status LED DRAM: Memory status LED BOOT: Operating system status LED

1-9 Internal Connectors



1)	ATX_12V_2X4_2	12)	DLED_V_SW
2)	ATX	13)	F_PANEL
3)	CPU_FAN	14)	F_AUDIO
4)	SYS_FAN1/2	15)	SPDIF_O
5)	CPU_OPT	16)	F_USB30_1/F_USB30_2
6)	HPWR_FAN_PUMP	17)	F_USB1/F_USB2
7)	EC_TEMP1	18)	THB_C
8)	SATA3 0/1/2/3/4/5/6/7	19)	TPM
9)	M2Q_32G/M2P_32G	20)	BAT
10)	LED_C1/LED_C2	21)	CLR_CMOS
11)	D_LED	22)	VROC

Read the following guidelines before connecting external devices:

- First make sure your devices are compliant with the connectors you wish to connect.
- Before installing the devices, be sure to turn off the devices and your computer. Unplug the power cord from the power outlet to prevent damage to the devices.
 - After installing the device and before turning on the computer, make sure the device cable has been securely attached to the connector on the motherboard.

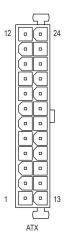
1/2) ATX_12V_2X4_2/ATX (2x4 12V Power Connector and 2x12 Main Power Connector)

With the use of the power connector, the power supply can supply enough stable power to all the components on the motherboard. Before connecting the power connector, first make sure the power supply is turned off and all devices are properly installed. The power connector possesses a foolproof design. Connect the power supply cable to the power connector in the correct orientation.

The 12V power connector mainly supplies power to the CPU. If the 12V power connector is not connected, the computer will not start.

To meet expansion requirements, it is recommended that a power supply that can withstand high power consumption be used (500W or greater). If a power supply is used that does not provide the required power, the result can lead to an unstable or unbootable system.





ATX_	_12V_	_2X4	_2:	

1/_12/_2/4_2.								
Pin No.	Definition	Pin No.	Definition					
1	GND (Only for 2x4-pin 12V)	5	+12V (Only for 2x4-pin 12V)					
2	GND (Only for 2x4-pin 12V)	6	+12V (Only for 2x4-pin 12V)					
3	GND	7	+12V					
4	GND	8	+12V					

ATX:			
Pin No.	Definition	Pin No.	Definition
1	3.3V	13	3.3V
2	3.3V	14	-12V
3	GND	15	GND
4	+5V	16	PS_ON (soft On/Off)
5	GND	17	GND
6	+5V	18	GND
7	GND	19	GND
8	Power Good	20	NC
9	5VSB (stand by +5V)	21	+5V
10	+12V	22	+5V
11	+12V (Only for 2x12-pin	23	+5V (Only for 2x12-pin ATX)
	ATX)		
12	3.3V (Only for 2x12-pin	24	GND (Only for 2x12-pin ATX)
	ATX)		

3/4) CPU_FAN/SYS_FAN1/2 (Fan Headers)

All fan headers on this motherboard are 4-pin. Most fan headers possess a foolproof insertion design. When connecting a fan cable, be sure to connect it in the correct orientation (the black connector wire is the ground wire). The speed control function requires the use of a fan with fan speed control design. For optimum heat dissipation, it is recommended that a system fan be installed inside the chassis.

		Pin No.	Definition
		1	GND
• • • • 1	1 SYS_FAN1	2	Voltage Speed Control
CPU_FAN/SYS_FAN2		3	Sense
		4	PWM Speed Control



Be sure to connect fan cables to the fan headers to prevent your CPU and system from overheating. Overheating may result in damage to the CPU or the system may hang.

These fan headers are not configuration jumper blocks. Do not place a jumper cap on the headers.

5) CPU_OPT (Water Cooling CPU Fan Header)

The fan header is 4-pin and possesses a foolproof insertion design. Most fan headers possess a foolproof insertion design. When connecting a fan cable, be sure to connect it in the correct orientation (the black connector wire is the ground wire). The speed control function requires the use of a fan with fan speed control design.

	Pin No.	Definition
1	1	GND
	2	Voltage Speed Control
	3	Sense
	4	PWM Speed Control

6) HPWR_FAN_PUMP (3 Amp Fan/Water Cooling Pump Header)

The fan/pump header is 4-pin and possesses a foolproof insertion design. Most fan headers possess a foolproof insertion design. When connecting a fan cable, be sure to connect it in the correct orientation (the black connector wire is the ground wire). The speed control function requires the use of a fan with fan speed control design. The header also provides speed control for a water cooling pump, refer to Chapter 2, "BIOS Setup," "M.I.T.," for more information

	Pin No.	Definition
7	1	GND
h	2	Voltage Speed Control
Ч		Sense
	4	PWM Speed Control



1...

|.

Because a 3 Amp fan can run very fast, DO NOT touch it when it is operating to avoid injury.

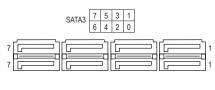
7) EC_TEMP1 (Temperature Sensor Header)

Connect the thermistor cable to the header for temperature detection.

Pin No.	Definition
1	SENSOR IN
2	GND

8) SATA3 0/1/2/3/4/5/6/7 (SATA 6Gb/s Connectors)

The SATA connectors conform to SATA 6Gb/s standard and are compatible with SATA 3Gb/s and SATA 1.5Gb/s standard. Each SATA connector supports a single SATA device. The Intel® Chipset supports RAID 0, RAID 1, RAID 5, and RAID 10. Refer to Chapter 3, "Configuring a RAID Set," for instructions on configuring a RAID array.

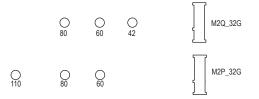


Pin No.	Definition
1	GND
2	TXP
3	TXN
4	GND
5	RXN
6	RXP
7	GND

To enable hot-plugging for the SATA ports, refer to Chapter 2, "BIOS Setup," "Peripherals\SATA And RST Configuration," for more information.

9) M2Q_32G/M2P_32G (M.2 Socket 3 Connectors)

The M.2 connectors support M.2 SATA SSDs or M.2 PCIe SSDs and supports RAID configuration. Please note that an M.2 PCIe SSD cannot be used to create a RAID set either with an M.2 SATA SSD or a SATA hard drive. To create a RAID array with an M.2 PCIe SSD, you must set up the configuration in UEFI BIOS mode. Refer to Chapter 3, "Configuring a RAID Set," for instructions on configuring a RAID array.



Follow the steps below to correctly install an M.2 SSD in the M.2 connector. Step 1:

Use a screw driver to unfasten the screw and nut from the motherboard. Locate the proper mounting hole for the M.2 SSD to be installed and then screw the nut first.

Step 2:

Locate the proper mounting hole for the M.2 SSD to be installed and then tighten the standoff first. Insert the M.2 SSD into the M.2 connector at an angle.

Step 3:

Press the M.2 SSD down and then secure it with the screw. Replace the heatsink and secure it to the original hole.



M2Q_32G¹

Select the proper hole for the M.2 SSD to be installed and refasten the screw and nut.

Installation Notices for the M.2 and SATA Connectors:

Due to the limited number of lanes provided by the Chipset, the availability of the SATA connectors may be affected by the type of device installed in the M2Q_32G and M2P_32G connectors. The M2Q_32G connector shares bandwidth with the SATA3 4, 5, 6, 7 connectors. The M2P_32G connector shares bandwidth with the SATA3 0 connector. Refer to the following tables for details.

MZQ_020.								
Connector Type of M.2 SSD	SATA3 0	SATA3 1	SATA3 2	SATA3 3	SATA3 4	SATA3 5	SATA3 6	SATA3 7
M.2 SATA SSD	~	~	~	~	×	×	×	×
M.2 PCle SSD	~	~	~	~	×	×	×	×
No M.2 SSD Installed	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~

✓ : Available, ★: Not available

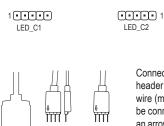
 M2P_32G: 	
------------------------------	--

WIZI _020.								
Connector Type of M.2 SSD	SATA3 0	SATA3 1	SATA3 2	SATA3 3	SATA3 4	SATA3 5	SATA3 6	SATA3 7
M.2 SATA SSD	×	~	>	~	~	>	>	>
M.2 PCIe SSD	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
No M.2 SSD Installed	~	~	>	~	~	>	>	~
A 9111 ALT 9111								

✓ : Available, ★: Not available

10) LED_C1/LED_C2 (RGB (RGBW) LED Strip Extension Cable Headers)

The headers can be used to connect a standard 5050 RGB (RGBW) LED strip (12V/G/R/B/W), with maximum power rating of 2A (12V) and maximum length of 2m.



RGBW

Strip

00

LED

Strip

 5 W Connect one end of the RGB (RGBW) LED strip extension cable to the header and the other end to your RGB (RGBW) LED strip. The black wire (marked with a triangle on the plug) of the extension cable must be connected to Pin 1 (12V) of this header. The 12V pin (marked with an arrow) on the other end of the extension cable must be lined up with the 12V of the LED strip. Be careful with the connection orientation of the LED strip; incorrect connection may lead to the damage of the LED strip. If you are connecting a RGBW LED strip (5-pin), combine the two plugs of the extension cable together first. If you are connecting a RGB LED strip (4-pin), use only the 4-pin plug of the extension cable.

Pin No.

1 12 2 G

3 R

4 B

Definition 12V



For how to turn on/off the lights of the LED strip, refer to the instructions on in Chapter 2, "BIOS Setup," "Peripherals."



Before installing the devices, be sure to turn off the devices and your computer. Unplug the power cord from the power outlet to prevent damage to the devices.

11) D_LED (Digital LED Strip Header)

The header can be used to connect a standard 5050 digital LED strip, with maximum power rating of 2A (12V or 5V) and maximum length of 5m or maximum number of 300 LEDs.

1 ...



Connect your digital LED strip to the header. There are 12V and 5V digital LED strips. Be sure to verify the voltage requirements of your digital LED strip and set the DLED_V_SW jumper accordingly. The power pin (marked with a triangle on the plug) of the LED strip must be connected to Pin 1 of the digital LED strip header. Incorrect connection may lead to the damage of the LED strip.



For how to turn on/off the lights of the LED strip, refer to the instructions on in Chapter 2, "BIOS Setup," "Peripherals."



Before installing the devices, be sure to turn off the devices and your computer. Unplug the power cord from the power outlet to prevent damage to the devices.

12) DLED_V_SW (Digital LED Strip Power Select Jumper)

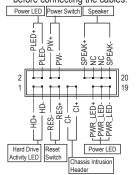
This jumper allows you to select the supply voltage of the D_LED header. Be sure to verify the voltage requirements of your digital LED strip before connection and set the correct voltage with this jumper. Incorrect connection may lead to the damage of the LED strip.

1 ••• 1-2: 5V

1 ••• 2-3: 12V

13) F_PANEL (Front Panel Header)

Connect the power switch, reset switch, speaker, chassis intrusion switch/sensor and system status indicator on the chassis to this header according to the pin assignments below. Note the positive and negative pins before connecting the cables.



• PLED/PWR_LED (Power LED, Yellow/Purple):

System Status	LED
S0	On
S3/S4/S5	Off
00/04/00	

Connects to the power status indicator on the chassis front panel. The LED is on when the system is operating. The LED is off when the system is in S3/S4 sleep state or powered off (S5).

PW (Power Switch, Red):

Connects to the power switch on the chassis front panel. You may configure the way to turn off your system using the power switch (refer to Chapter 2, "BIOS Setup," "Power," for more information).

SPEAK (Speaker, Orange): Connects to the speaker on the chassis front panel. The system reports system startup status by issuing a beep code. One single short beep will be heard if no problem is detected at system startup.

- HD (Hard Drive Activity LED, Blue): Connects to the hard drive activity LED on the chassis front panel. The LED is on when the hard drive is reading or writing data.
- RES (Reset Switch, Green): Connects to the reset switch on the chassis front panel. Press the reset switch to restart the computer if the computer freezes and fails to perform a normal restart.

 CI (Chassis Intrusion Header, Gray): Connects to the chassis intrusion switch/sensor on the chassis that can detect if the chassis cover has been removed. This function requires a chassis with a chassis intrusion switch/sensor.

• NC (Orange): No Connection.

The front panel design may differ by chassis. A front panel module mainly consists of power switch, reset switch, power LED, hard drive activity LED, speaker and etc. When connecting your chassis front panel module to this header, make sure the wire assignments and the pin assignments are matched correctly.

14) F_AUDIO (Front Panel Audio Header)

The front panel audio header supports Intel High Definition audio (HD). You may connect your chassis front panel audio module to this header. Make sure the wire assignments of the module connector match the pin assignments of the motherboard header. Incorrect connection between the module connector and the motherboard header will make the device unable to work or even damage it.

	Pin No.	Definition	Pin No.	Definition
1	1	MIC2_L	6	Sense
	2	GND	7	FAUDIO_JD
<u> </u>	3	MIC2_R	8	No Pin
Z	4	NC	9	LINE2_L
	5	LINE2_R	10	Sense



Some chassis provide a front panel audio module that has separated connectors on each wire instead of a single plug. For information about connecting the front panel audio module that has different wire assignments, please contact the chassis manufacturer.

15) SPDIF_O (S/PDIF Out Header)

This header supports digital S/PDIF Out and connects a S/PDIF digital audio cable (provided by expansion cards) for digital audio output from your motherboard to certain expansion cards like graphics cards and sound cards. For example, some graphics cards may require you to use a S/PDIF digital audio cable for digital audio output from your motherboard to your graphics card if you wish to connect an HDMI display to the graphics card and have digital audio output from the HDMI display at the same time. For information about connecting the S/PDIF digital audio cable, carefully read the manual for your expansion card.

	Pin No.	Definition
Ū,	1	SPDIFO
1	2	GND

16) F_USB30_1/F_USB30_2 (USB 3.1 Gen 1 Headers)

The headers conform to USB 3.1 Gen 1 and USB 2.0 specification and each header can provide two USB ports. For purchasing the optional 3.5" front panel that provides two USB 3.1 Gen 1 ports, please contact the local dealer.

Pin No. Definition Pin No. Definition	
1 VBUS 11 D2+	
2 SSRX1- 12 D2-	
3 SSRX1+ 13 GND	
4 GND 14 SSTX2+	
5 SSTX1- 15 SSTX2-	
6 SSTX1+ 16 GND	
10 7 GND 17 SSRX2+	
8 D1- 18 SSRX2-	
9 D1+ 19 VBUS	
10 NC 20 No Pin	

17) F_USB1/F_USB2 (USB 2.0/1.1 Headers)

The headers conform to USB 2.0/1.1 specification. Each USB header can provide two USB ports via an optional USB bracket. For purchasing the optional USB bracket, please contact the local dealer.

9 10	.:	:	:	:	1 2	
10	•••	-	•	<u> </u>	2	

Pin No.	Definition	Pin No.	Definition
1	Power (5V)	6	USB DY+
2	Power (5V)	7	GND
3	USB DX-	8	GND
4	USB DY-	9	No Pin
5	USB DX+	10	NC

- Do not plug the IEEE 1394 bracket (2x5-pin) cable into the USB 2.0/1.1 header.
- Prior to installing the USB bracket, be sure to turn off your computer and unplug the power cord from the power outlet to prevent damage to the USB bracket.

18) THB_C (Thunderbolt[™] Add-in Card Connector)

This connector is for a GIGABYTE Thunderbolt[™] add-in card.





19) TPM (Trusted Platform Module Header)

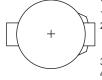
You may connect a TPM (Trusted Platform Module) to this header.

Pin No.	Definition	Pin No.	Definition
1	LAD0	7	LAD3
2	VCC3	8	GND
3	LAD1	9	LFRAME
4	No Pin	10	NC
5	LAD2	11	SERIRQ
6	LCLK	12	LRESET

20) BAT (Battery)

The battery provides power to keep the values (such as BIOS configurations, date, and time information) in the CMOS when the computer is turned off. Replace the battery when the battery voltage drops to a low level, or the CMOS values may not be accurate or may be lost.

You may clear the CMOS values by removing the battery:



- Turn off your computer and unplug the power cord.
 Gently remove the battery from the battery holder and wait for one minute. (Or use a metal object like a screwdriver to touch the positive and negative terminals of the battery holder, making them short for 5 seconds.)
- 3. Replace the battery.
- 4. Plug in the power cord and restart your computer.
- Always turn off your computer and unplug the power cord before replacing the battery.
- Replace the battery with an equivalent one. Damage to your devices may occur if the battery is replaced with an incorrect model.
 - Contact the place of purchase or local dealer if you are not able to replace the battery by yourself
 or uncertain about the battery model.
 - When installing the battery, note the orientation of the positive side (+) and the negative side (-)
 of the battery (the positive side should face up).
 - · Used batteries must be handled in accordance with local environmental regulations.

21) CLR_CMOS (Clear CMOS Jumper)

Use this jumper to clear the BIOS configuration and reset the CMOS values to factory defaults. To clear the CMOS values, use a metal object like a screwdriver to touch the two pins for a few seconds.

- Open: Normal
- Short: Clear CMOS Values



- Always turn off your computer and unplug the power cord from the power outlet before clearing the CMOS values.
- After system restart, go to BIOS Setup to load factory defaults (select Load Optimized Defaults) or manually configure the BIOS settings (refer to Chapter 2, "BIOS Setup," for BIOS configurations).

22) VROC (Intel® VROC Upgrade Key Header)

This header can be used to connected an Intel® VROC Upgrade Key.



Chapter 2 BIOS Setup

BIOS (Basic Input and Output System) records hardware parameters of the system in the CMOS on the motherboard. Its major functions include conducting the Power-On Self-Test (POST) during system startup, saving system parameters and loading operating system, etc. BIOS includes a BIOS Setup program that allows the user to modify basic system configuration settings or to activate certain system features.

When the power is turned off, the battery on the motherboard supplies the necessary power to the CMOS to keep the configuration values in the CMOS.

To access the BIOS Setup program, press the <Delete> key during the POST when the power is turned on. To upgrade the BIOS, use either the GIGABYTE Q-Flash or @BIOS utility.

- Q-Flash allows the user to guickly and easily upgrade or back up BIOS without entering the operating system.
- @BIOS is a Windows-based utility that searches and downloads the latest version of BIOS from the Internet and updates the BIOS.



- Because BIOS flashing is potentially risky, if you do not encounter problems using the current version of BIOS, it is recommended that you not flash the BIOS. To flash the BIOS, do it with caution. Inadequate BIOS flashing may result in system malfunction.
- It is recommended that you not alter the default settings (unless you need to) to prevent system instability or other unexpected results. Inadequately altering the settings may result in system's failure to boot. If this occurs, try to clear the CMOS values and reset the board to default values. (Refer to the "Load Optimized Defaults" section in this chapter or introductions of the battery/clear CMOS jumper in Chapter 1 for how to clear the CMOS values.)

2-1 Startup Screen

The following startup Logo screen will appear when the computer boots. (Sample BIOS Version: F1b)



Function Keys

There are two different BIOS modes as follows and you can use the <F2> key to switch between the two modes. The Classic Setup mode provides detailed BIOS settings. You can press the arrow keys on your keyboard to move among the items and press <Enter> to accept or enter a sub-menu. Or you can use your mouse to select the item you want. Easy Mode allows users to quickly view their current system information or to make adjustments for optimum performance. In Easy Mode, you can use your mouse to move through configuration items.



When the system is not stable as usual, select the **Load Optimized Defaults** item to set your system to its defaults. The BIOS Setup menus described in this chapter are for reference only and may differ by BIOS version.

2-2 M.I.T.





Whether the system will work stably with the overclock/overvoltage settings you made is dependent on your overall system configurations. Incorrectly doing overclock/overvoltage may result in damage to CPU, chipset, or memory and reduce the useful life of these components. This page is for advanced users only and we recommend you not to alter the default settings to prevent system instability or other unexpected results. (Inadequately altering the settings may result in system's failure to boot. If this occurs, clear the CMOS values and reset the board to default values.)

Advanced Frequency Settings

CPU BCLK Frequency

Allows you to manually set the CPU base clock in 0.01 MHz increments. (Default: Auto) **Important:** It is highly recommended that the CPU frequency be set in accordance with the CPU specifications.

PCIe/DMI/PEG Frequency Allows you to manually set the host clock frequency (which controls CPU, PCIe, and memory frequencies) in 0.01 MHz increments.

BCLK Coarse Ratio (Note)

This value is determined by multiplying the **PCIe/DMI/PEG Frequency** value by several preset host clock multipliers.

- Target CPU BCLK Frequency Displays the current CPU BCLK Frequency.
- Spread Spectrum Control (Note) Enables or disables CPU/PCIe Spread Spectrum. (Default: Auto)

CPU Clock Ratio

Allows you to alter the clock ratio for the installed CPU. The adjustable range is dependent on the CPU being installed.

∽ CPU Frequency

Displays the current operating CPU frequency.

(Note) This item is present only when you install a CPU that supports this feature. For more information about Intel® CPUs' unique features, please visit Intel's website.

Advanced CPU Core Settings

- CPU Clock Ratio, CPU Frequency The settings above are synchronous to those under the same items on the Advanced Frequency Settings menu.
- FCLK Frequency for Early Power On (Note) Allows you to set the FCLK frequency. Options are: 800Mhz, 1GHz, 400MHz. (Default: 1GHz)
- AVX Offset (Note) AVX offset is the negative offset of AVX ratio.
- AVX 512 (Note) Allows you to configure AVX 512 instructions. (Default: Auto)
- TJ-Max Offset (Note) Allows you to fine-tune the TJ Max offset value. (Default: 0)
- CPU PLL Trim (Note)/MC PLL Trim (Note)/PLL Trim Threshold (Note) Allows you to fine-tune CPU/MC PLL related settings. (Default: Auto)
- Turbo Residency Tweak LUT0~LUT3 (Note) Allows you to fine-tune the Turbo Residency related settings. (Default: Auto)
- CLR (MESH) Ratio Allows you to set the CPU Uncore ratio. The adjustable range is dependent on the CPU being used.
- CLR (MESH) Frequency
 Displays the current CPU Uncore frequency.
- CPU Flex Ratio Override (Note) Enables or disables the CPU Flex Ratio. The maximum CPU clock is

Enables or disables the CPU Flex Ratio. The maximum CPU clock ratio will be based on the CPU Flex Ratio Settings value if CPU Clock Ratio is set to Auto. (Default: Disabled)

- CPU Flex Ratio Settings (Note) Allows you to set the CPU Flex Ratio. The adjustable range may vary by CPU.
- Intel(R) Turbo Boost Technology (Note) Allows you to determine whether to enable the Intel® CPU Turbo Boost technology. Auto lets the BIOS automatically configure this setting. (Default: Auto)
- Turbo Ratio (Note)

Allows you to set the CPU Turbo ratios for different number of active cores. Auto sets the CPU Turbo ratios according to the CPU specifications. (Default: Auto)

∽ Turbo Per Core Limit Control (Note)

Allows you to control each CPU core limit separately. (Default: Auto)

C Active Cores Control (Note)

Allows you to select the number of CPU cores to enable in an Intel® multi-core CPU (the number of CPU cores may vary by CPU). Auto lets the BIOS automatically configure this setting. (Default: Auto)

∽ No. of CPU Cores Enabled (Note)

Allows you to select the number of CPU cores to enable in an Intel® multi-core CPU (the number of CPU cores may vary by CPU). **Auto** lets the BIOS automatically configure this setting. (Default: Auto)

Hyper-Threading Technology (Note)

Allows you to determine whether to enable multi-threading technology when using an Intel® CPU that supports this function. This feature only works for operating systems that support multi-processor mode. **Auto** lets the BIOS automatically configure this setting. (Default: Auto)

(Note) This item is present only when you install a CPU that supports this feature. For more information about Intel® CPUs' unique features, please visit Intel's website.

∽ Power Limit TDP (Watts) / Power Limit Time

Allows you to set the power limit for CPU Turbo mode and how long it takes to operate at the specified power limit. If the specified value is exceeded, the CPU will automatically reduce the core frequency in order to reduce the power. Auto sets the current limit according to the CPU specifications. (Default: Auto)

∽ Core Current Limit (Amps)

Allows you to set a current limit for CPU Turbo mode. When the CPU current exceeds the specified current limit, the CPU will automatically reduce the core frequency in order to reduce the current. **Auto** sets the power limit according to the CPU specifications. (Default: Auto)

Intel(R) Turbo Boost Max Technology 3.0 (Note)

Enables or disables Intel® Turbo Boost Max Technology 3.0. Intel® Turbo Boost Max Technology 3.0 allows the system to identify the processor's best performance core and lets you manually direct the most critical workloads to it. You can even adjust the frequency of each core individually for performance optimization. Options are: Native Mode, Legacy. (Default: Native Mode)

Intel(R) Speed Shift Technology (Intel® Speed Shift Technology) (Note)

Enables or disables Intel[®] Speed Shift Technology. Enabling this feature allows the processor to ramp up its operating frequency more quickly and then improves the system responsiveness. (Default: Enabled)

Content of the second secon

Determines whether to allow the CPU to run at Turbo C1 speed. Auto lets the BIOS automatically configure this setting. (Default: Auto)

CPU Enhanced Halt (C1E) (Note)

Enables or disables Intel[®] CPU Enhanced Halt (C1E) function, a CPU power-saving function in system halt state. When enabled, the CPU core frequency and voltage will be reduced during system halt state to decrease power consumption. **Auto** lets the BIOS automatically configure this setting. (Default: Auto)

C3 State Support (Note)

Allows you to determine whether to let the CPU enter C3 mode in system halt state. When enabled, the CPU core frequency and voltage will be reduced during system halt state to decrease power consumption. The C3 state is a more enhanced power-saving state than C1. **Auto** lets the BIOS automatically configure this setting. (Default: Auto)

C6/C7 State Support (Note)

Allows you to determine whether to let the CPU enter C6/C7 mode in system halt state. When enabled, the CPU core frequency and voltage will be reduced during system halt state to decrease power consumption. The C6/C7 state is a more enhanced power-saving state than C3. **Auto** lets the BIOS automatically configure this setting. (Default: Auto)

C8 State Support (Note)

Allows you to determine whether to let the CPU enter C8 mode in system halt state. When enabled, the CPU core frequency and voltage will be reduced during system halt state to decrease power consumption. The C8 state is a more enhanced power-saving state than C6/C7. **Auto** lets the BIOS automatically configure this setting. (Default: Auto)

Package C State Limit (Note)

Allows you to specify the C-state limit for the processor. Auto lets the BIOS automatically configure this setting. (Default: Auto)

CPU Thermal Monitor (Note)

Enables or disables Intel[®] Thermal Monitor function, a CPU overheating protection function. When enabled, the CPU core frequency and voltage will be reduced when the CPU is overheated. **Auto** lets the BIOS automatically configure this setting. (Default: Auto)

(Note) This item is present only when you install a CPU that supports this feature. For more information about Intel® CPUs' unique features, please visit Intel's website.

CPU EIST Function (Note 1)

Enables or disables Enhanced Intel[®] Speed Step Technology (EIST). Depending on CPU loading, Intel[®] EIST technology can dynamically and effectively lower the CPU voltage and core frequency to decrease average power consumption and heat production. **Auto** lets the BIOS automatically configure this setting. (Default: Auto)

Race To Halt (RTH) (Note 1)/Energy Defficient Turbo (Note 1) Enables or disables the CPU power saving related settings.

∽ Voltage Optimization (Note 1)

Allows you to determine whether to enable voltage optimization to reduce power consumption. (Default: Auto)

C RSR (Note 1)

Allows you to determine whether to automatically lower the CPU turbo ratio if the CPU voltage/temperature is too high. (Default: Auto)

∽ Hardware Prefetcher

Allows you to determine whether to enable hardware prefetcher to prefetch data and instructions from the memory into the cache. (Default: Auto)

∽ Adjacent Cache Line Prefetch

Allows you to determine whether to enable the adjacent cache line prefetch mechanism that lets the processor retrieve the requested cache line as well as the subsequent cache line. (Default: Auto)

C Extreme Memory Profile (X.M.P.) (Note 2)

Allows the BIOS to read the SPD data on XMP memory module(s) to enhance memory performance when enabled.

Disabled Disables this function. (Default)
 Profile1 Uses Profile 1 settings.
 Profile2 (Note 2) Uses Profile 2 settings.

∽ System Memory Multiplier

Allows you to set the system memory multiplier. Auto sets memory multiplier according to memory SPD data. (Default: Auto)

Memory Ref Clock

Allows you to manually adjust the memory reference clock. (Default: Auto)

∽ Memory Odd Ratio (100/133 or 200/266)^(Note 2)

Enabled allows Qclk to run in odd frequency. (Default: Auto)

∽ Memory Frequency (MHz)

The first memory frequency value is the normal operating frequency of the memory being used; the second is the memory frequency that is automatically adjusted according to the **System Memory Multiplier** settings.

Advanced Memory Settings

Extreme Memory Profile (X.M.P.) (Note 2), System Memory Multiplier, Memory Ref Clock, Memory Odd Ratio (100/133 or 200/266) (Note 2), Memory Frequency(MHz)

The settings above are synchronous to those under the same items on the Advanced Frequency Settings menu.

- (Note 1) This item is present only when you install a CPU that supports this feature. For more information about Intel® CPUs' unique features, please visit Intel's website.
- (Note 2) This item is present only when you install a CPU and a memory module that support this feature.

Memory Boot Mode (Note 1)

Provides memory detection and training methods.

- Auto Lets the BIOS automatically configure this setting. (Default)
 Normal The BIOS automatically performs memory training. Please note that if the system becomes unstable or unbootable, try to clear the CMOS values and reset the board to default values. (Refer to the introductions of the battery/clear CMOS jumper in Chapter 1 for how to clear the CMOS values.)
- ➤ Enable Fast Boot Skip memory detection and training in some specific criteria for faster memory boot.
- ➡ Disable Fast Boot Detect and train memory at every single boot.

Memory Enhancement Settings

Provides several memory performance enhancement settings: Normal (basic performance), Relax OC, Enhanced Stability, and Enhanced Performance. (Default: Normal)

∽ Memory Timing Mode

Manual and Advanced Manual allows the Memory Multiplier Tweaker, Channel Interleaving, Rank Interleaving, and memory timing settings below to be configurable. Options are: Auto (default), Manual, Advanced Manual.

∽ Profile DDR Voltage

When using a non-XMP memory module or **Extreme Memory Profile (X.M.P.)** is set to **Disabled**, the value is displayed according to your memory specification. When **Extreme Memory Profile (X.M.P.)** is set to **Profile1** or **Profile2**, the value is displayed according to the SPD data on the XMP memory.

Memory Multiplier Tweaker

Provides different levels of memory auto-tuning. (Default: Auto)

Channel Interleaving

Enables or disables memory channel interleaving. **Enabled** allows the system to simultaneously access different channels of the memory to increase memory performance and stability. **Auto** lets the BIOS automatically configure this setting. (Default: Auto)

∽ Rank Interleaving

Enables or disables memory rank interleaving. **Enabled** allows the system to simultaneously access different ranks of the memory to increase memory performance and stability. **Auto** lets the BIOS automatically configure this setting. (Default: Auto)

Channel A/B/C (Note 2)/D (Note 2) Memory Sub Timings

This sub-menu provides memory timing settings for each channel of memory. The respective timing setting screens are configurable only when **Memory Timing Mode** is set to **Manual** or **Advanced Manual**. Note: Your system may become unstable or fail to boot after you make changes on the memory timings. If this occurs, please reset the board to default values by loading optimized defaults or clearing the CMOS values.

Advanced Voltage Settings

Advanced Power Settings

∽ CPU Vcore Loadline Calibration

Allows you to configure Load-Line Calibration for the CPU Vcore voltage. Selecting a higher level keeps the CPU Vcore voltage more consistent with what is set in BIOS under heavy load. **Auto** lets the BIOS automatically configure this setting and sets the voltage following Intel's specifications. (Default: Auto)

CPU Core Voltage Control

This section provides CPU voltage control options.

(Note 1) This item is present only when you install a CPU and a memory module that support this feature. (Note 2) This item is present only when you install a CPU that supports this feature.

Chipset Voltage Control

This section provides Chipset voltage control options.

DRAM Voltage Control

This section provides memory voltage control options.

Internal VR Control (Note)

This section provides VR voltage control options.

PC Health Status

∽ Reset Case Open Status

Disabled

Keeps or clears the record of previous chassis intrusion status. (Default)

Enabled Clears the record of previous chassis intrusion status and the Case Open field will show "No" at next boot.

Case Open

Displays the detection status of the chassis intrusion detection device attached to the motherboard **CI** header. If the system chassis cover is removed, this field will show "Yes", otherwise it will show "No". To clear the chassis intrusion status record, set **Reset Case Open Status** to **Enabled**, save the settings to the CMOS, and then restart your system.

CPU Vcore (Note)/CPU VRIN (Note)/CPU VCCSA/CPU VCCIO/DRAM Channel A/B Voltage/DRAM Channel C/D Voltage (Note)/Internal CPU Voltage (Note)/CPU MESH Voltage (Note)/+3.3V/+5V/PCH Core/+12V

Displays the current system voltages.

Miscellaneous Settings

∽ Max Link Speed

Allows you to set the operation mode of the PCI Express slots to Gen 1, Gen 2, or Gen 3. Actual operation mode is subject to the hardware specification of each slot. **Auto** lets the BIOS automatically configure this setting. (Default: Auto)

3DMark01 Enhancement

Allows you to determine whether to enhance some legacy benchmark performance. (Default: Disabled)

Smart Fan 5 Settings

Monitor

Allows you to select a target to monitor and to make further adjustment. (Default: CPU FAN)

Fan Speed Control

Allows you to determine whether to enable the fan speed control function and adjust the fan speed.

- Normal Allows the fan to run at different speeds according to the temperature. You can adjust the fan speed with System Information Viewer based on your system requirements. (Default)
- Silent Allows the fan to run at slow speeds.
- Manual Allows you to control the fan speed in the curve graph.
- ➡ Full Speed Allows the fan to run at full speeds.

Fan Control Use Temperature Input

Allows you to select the reference temperature for fan speed control.

(Note) This item is present only when you install a CPU that supports this feature.

∽ Temperature Interval

Allows you to select the temperature interval for fan speed change.

☞ Fan/Pump Control Mode

- Auto Lets the BIOS automatically detect the type of fan/pump installed and sets the optimal control mode. (Default)

▶ PWM PWM mode is recommended for a 4-pin fan/pump.

☞ Fan/Pump Stop

Enables or disables the fan/pump stop function. You can set the temperature limit using the temperature curve. The fan or pump stops operation when the temperature is lower than the limit. (Default: Disabled)

∽ Temperature

Displays the current temperature of the selected target area.

☞ Fan Speed

Displays current fan/pump speeds.

Flow Rate

Displays the flow rate of your water cooling system.

∽ Temperature Warning Control

Sets the warning threshold for temperature. When temperature exceeds the threshold, BIOS will emit warning sound. Options are: Disabled (default), 60°C/140°F, 70°C/158°F, 80°C/176°F, 90°C/194°F.

∽ Fan/Pump Fail Warning

Allows the system to emit warning sound if the fan/pump is not connected or fails. Check the fan/pump condition or fan/pump connection when this occurs. (Default: Disabled)

2-3 System



This section provides information on your motherboard model and BIOS version. You can also select the default language used by the BIOS and manually set the system time.

Access Level

Displays the current access level depending on the type of password protection used. (If no password is set, the default will display as **Administrator**.) The Administrator level allows you to make changes to all BIOS settings; the User level only allows you to make changes to certain BIOS settings but not all.

System Language

Selects the default language used by the BIOS.

∽ System Date

Sets the system date. The date format is week (read-only), month, date, and year. Use <Enter> to switch between the Month, Date, and Year fields and use the <Page Up> or <Page Down> key to set the desired value.

∽ System Time

Sets the system time. The time format is hour, minute, and second. For example, 1 p.m. is 13:00:00. Use <Enter> to switch between the Hour, Minute, and Second fields and use the <Page Up> or <Page Down> key to set the desired value.

2-4 BIOS



Bootup NumLock State

Enables or disables Numlock feature on the numeric keypad of the keyboard after the POST. (Default: On)

Security Option

Specifies whether a password is required every time the system boots, or only when you enter BIOS Setup. After configuring this item, set the password(s) under the **Administrator Password/User Password** item.

 Setup A password is only required for entering the BIOS Setup program.
 System A password is required for booting the system and for entering the BIOS Setup program. (Default)

∽ Full Screen LOGO Show

Allows you to determine whether to display the GIGABYTE Logo at system startup. **Disabled** skips the GIGABYTE Logo when the system starts up. (Default: Enabled)

☞ Boot Option Priorities

Specifies the overall boot order from the available devices. Removable storage devices that support GPT format will be prefixed with "UEFI:" string on the boot device list. To boot from an operating system that supports GPT partitioning, select the device prefixed with "UEFI:" string.

Or if you want to install an operating system that supports GPT partitioning such as Windows 10 64-bit, select the optical drive that contains the Windows 10 64-bit installation disk and is prefixed with "UEFI:" string.

Hard Drive/CD/DVD ROM Drive/Floppy Drive/Network Device BBS Priorities

Specifies the boot order for a specific device type, such as hard drives, optical drives, floppy disk drives, and devices that support Boot from LAN function, etc. Press <Enter> on this item to enter the submenu that presents the devices of the same type that are connected. This item is present only if at least one device for this type is installed.

Fast Boot

Enables or disables Fast Boot to shorten the OS boot process. **Ultra Fast** provides the fastest bootup speed. (Default: Disabled)

☞ SATA Support

► All Sata Devices All SATA devices are functional in the operating system and during the POST. (Default)

> Last Boot HDD Only Except for the previous boot drive, all SATA devices are disabled before the OS boot process completes.

This item is configurable only when Fast Boot is set to Enabled or Ultra Fast.

VGA Support

Allows you to select which type of operating system to boot.

- ► Auto Enables legacy option ROM only.
- ► EFI Driver Enables EFI option ROM. (Default)

This item is configurable only when Fast Boot is set to Enabled or Ultra Fast.

➡ Disabled All USB devices are disabled before the OS boot process completes.

▶ Full Initial All USB devices are functional in the operating system and during the POST.

Partial Initial Part of the USB devices are disabled before the OS boot process completes. (Default)

This item is configurable only when Fast Boot is set to Enabled. This function is disabled when Fast Boot is set to Ultra Fast.

PS2 Devices Support

➡ Disabled All PS/2 devices are disabled before the OS boot process completes.

➡ Enabled All PS/2 devices are functional in the operating system and during the POST. (Default)

This item is configurable only when Fast Boot is set to Enabled. This function is disabled when Fast Boot is set to Ultra Fast.

NetWork Stack Driver Support

Disables booting from the network. (Default) ➡ Disabled

Enables booting from the network. ➡ Enabled

This item is configurable only when Fast Boot is set to Enabled or Ultra Fast.

Next Boot After AC Power Loss

► Normal Boot Enables normal bootup upon the return of the AC power. (Default)

➡ Fast Boot Keeps the Fast Boot settings upon the return of the AC power.

This item is configurable only when Fast Boot is set to Enabled or Ultra Fast.

Mouse Speed

Allows you to set the mouse cursor movement speed. (Default: 1 X)

CSM Support

Enables or disables UEFI CSM (Compatibility Support Module) to support a legacy PC boot process.

➡ Enabled Enables UEFI CSM. (Default)

Disables UEFI CSM and supports UEFI BIOS boot process only. ➡ Disabled

LAN PXE Boot Option ROM

Allows you to select whether to enable the legacy option ROM for the LAN controller. (Default: Disabled) This item is configurable only when CSM Support is set to Enabled.

∽ Storage Boot Option Control

Allows you to select whether to enable the UEFI or legacy option ROM for the storage device controller. Do not launch Disables option ROM.

- ➡ Legacy
- Enables legacy option ROM only. Enables UEFI option ROM only. (Default) ► UEFI

This item is configurable only when CSM Support is set to Enabled.

∽ Other PCI devices

Allows you to select whether to enable the UEFI or Legacy option ROM for the PCI device controller other than the LAN, storage device, and graphics controllers.

✤ Do not launch Disables option ROM.

➡ Legacy Enables legacy option ROM only.

► UEFI Enables UEFI option ROM only. (Default)

This item is configurable only when CSM Support is set to Enabled.

Administrator Password

Allows you to configure an administrator password. Press <Enter> on this item, type the password, and then press <Enter>. You will be requested to confirm the password. Type the password again and press <Enter>. You must enter the administrator password (or user password) at system startup and when entering BIOS Setup. Differing from the user password, the administrator password allows you to make changes to all BIOS settings.

User Password

Allows you to configure a user password. Press <Enter> on this item, type the password, and then press <Enter>. You will be requested to confirm the password. Type the password again and press <Enter>. You must enter the administrator password (or user password) at system startup and when entering BIOS Setup. However, the user password only allows you to make changes to certain BIOS settings but not all.

To cancel the password, press <Enter> on the password item and when requested for the password, enter the correct one first. When prompted for a new password, press <Enter> without entering any password. Press <Enter> again when prompted to confirm.

NOTE: Before setting the User Password, be sure to set the Administrator Password first.

2-5 Peripherals



Initial Display Output

Specifies the first initiation of the monitor display from the installed PCI Express graphics card.

- ▶ PCle 1 Slot Sets the graphics card on the PCIEX16_1 slot as the first display. (Default)
- ▶ PCle 2 Slot Sets the graphics card on the PCIEX4_1 slot as the first display.
- ▶ PCle 3 Slot Sets the graphics card on the PCIEX16_2 slot as the first display.
- ▶ PCle 4 Slot Sets the graphics card on the PCIEX4_2 slot as the first display.
- ▶ PCle 5 Slot Sets the graphics card on the PCIEX8 slot as the first display.

🗢 EZ RAID

Allows you to quickly set up a RAID array. Refer to Chapter 3, "Configuring a RAID Set," for instructions on configuring a RAID array.

☞ RGB Fusion

Allows you to set the LED lighting mode for the motherboard.

- ➤ Off Disables this function.
- ➡ Pulse Mode All LEDs simultaneously fade in and fade out.
- ✤ Color Cycle All LEDs simultaneously cycle through a full spectrum of colors.
- Static Mode All LEDs emit a single color. (Default)
- ➡ Flash Mode All LEDs simultaneously flash on and off.
- ► Double Flash All LEDs flash in an interlaced pattern.

∽ LEDs in Sleep, Hibernation, and Soft Off States

Allows you to set the lighting mode of the motherboard LEDs in system S3/S4/S5 state.

This feature is supported only with a 5V digital LED strip.

- ▶ Off Disables the selected lighting mode when the system enters S3/S4/S5 state. (Default)
- ➤ On Enables the selected lighting mode when the system enters S3/S4/S5 state.

∽ Intel Platform Trust Technology (PTT)

Enables or disables Intel® PTT Technology. (Default: Disabled)

Trusted Computing

Enables or disables Trusted Platform Module (TPM).

Network Stack Configuration

Over the stack of the stack

Disables or enables booting from the network to install a GPT format OS, such as installing the OS from the Windows Deployment Services server. (Default: Disabled)

☞ Ipv4 PXE Support

Enables or disables IPv4 PXE Support. This item is configurable only when Network Stack is enabled.

∽ Ipv4 HTTP Support

Enables or disables HTTP boot support for IPv4. This item is configurable only when $\ensuremath{\textbf{Network Stack}}$ is enabled.

☞ Ipv6 PXE Support

Enables or disables IPv6 PXE Support. This item is configurable only when Network Stack is enabled.

☞ Ipv6 HTTP Support

Enables or disables HTTP boot support for IPv6. This item is configurable only when **Network Stack** is enabled.

IP6 Configuration Policy

Allows you to change IP6 Configuration Policy to Automatic or Manual. This item is configurable only when **Network Stack** is enabled. (Default: Automatic)

∽ PXE boot wait time

Allows you to configure how long to wait before you can press <Esc> to abort the PXE boot. This item is configurable only when **Network Stack** is enabled. (Default: 0)

∽ Media detect count

Allows you to set the number of times to check the presence of media. This item is configurable only when **Network Stack** is enabled. (Default: 1)

USB Configuration

∽ Legacy USB Support

Allows USB keyboard/mouse to be used in MS-DOS. (Default: Enabled)

∽ XHCI Hand-off

Determines whether to enable XHCI Hand-off feature for an operating system without XHCI Hand-off support. (Default: Disabled)

∽ USB Mass Storage Driver Support

Enables or disables support for USB storage devices. (Default: Enabled)

∽ Port 60/64 Emulation

Enables or disables emulation of I/O ports 64h and 60h. This should be enabled for full legacy support for USB keyboards/mice in MS-DOS or in operating system that does not natively support USB devices. (Default: Enabled)

∽ Mass Storage Devices

Displays a list of connected USB mass storage devices. This item appears only when a USB storage device is installed.

SATA And RST Configuration

∽ SATA Controller(s)

Enables or disables the integrated SATA controllers. (Default: Enabled)

∽ SATA Mode Selection

Enables or disables RAID for the SATA controllers integrated in the Chipset or configures the SATA controllers to AHCI mode.

Intel RST Premium With Intel Optane System Acceleration (Note)
 Enables RAID for the SATA controller.
 Intel RST Premium (Note)
 Enables RAID for the SATA controller.

AHCI Configures the SATA controllers to AHCI mode. Advanced Host Controller Interface (AHCI) is an interface specification that allows the storage driver to enable advanced Serial ATA features such as Native Command Queuing and hot plug. (Default)

∽ Aggressive LPM Support

Enables or disables the power saving feature, ALPM (Aggressive Link Power Management), for the Chipset SATA controllers. (Default: Enabled)

Port 0/1/2/3/4/5/6/7
 Enables or disables each SATA port. (Default: Enabled)

∽ Hot plug

Enables or disable the hot plug capability for each SATA port. (Default: Disabled)

∽ Configured as eSATA

Enables or disables support for external SATA devices.

∽ Mechanical Presence Switch

Allows you to determine whether to turn on the Mechanical Presence switch for the SATA device. This item is configurable only when **Hot plug** is enabled. (Default: Enabled)

Intel(R) Ethernet Connection

This sub-menu provides information on LAN configuration and related configuration options.

(Note) This item is present only when you install a CPU that supports this feature.

2-6 Chipset



ー VT-d (Note)

Enables or disables Intel® Virtualization Technology for Directed I/O. (Default: Enabled)

∽ Audio Controller

Enables or disables the onboard audio function. (Default: Enabled) If you wish to install a 3rd party add-in audio card instead of using the onboard audio, set this item to **Disabled**.

Intel® VMD Technology Enables or disables Intel® Volume Management Device (Intel® VMD) technology. (Default: Disabled)

☞ PCH LAN Controller

Enables or disables the onboard LAN function. (Default: Enabled) If you wish to install a 3rd party add-in network card instead of using the onboard LAN, set this item to **Disabled**.

☞ Wake on LAN

Enables or disables the wake on LAN function. (Default: Enabled)

(Note) This item is present only when you install a CPU that supports this feature. For more information about Intel® CPUs' unique features, please visit Intel's website.

2-7 Power



Platform Power Management

Enables or disables the Active State Power Management function (ASPM). (Default: Disabled)

PEG ASPM

Allows you to configure the ASPM mode for the device connected to the CPU PEG bus. This item is configurable only when **Platform Power Management** is set to **Enabled**. (Default: Enabled)

PCH ASPM

Allows you to configure the ASPM mode for the device connected to Chipset's PCI Express bus. This item is configurable only when **Platform Power Management** is set to **Enabled**. (Default: Enabled)

🗢 DMI ASPM

Allows you to configure the ASPM mode for both CPU side and Chipset side of the DMI link. This item is configurable only when **Platform Power Management** is set to **Enabled**. (Default: Enabled)

🗢 AC BACK

Determines the state of the system after the return of power from an AC power loss.

- Always Off The system stays off upon the return of the AC power. (Default)
- ➡ Always On The system is turned on upon the return of the AC power.

Memory The system returns to its last known awake state upon the return of the AC power.

∽ Power On By Keyboard

Allows the system to be turned on by a PS/2 keyboard wake-up event.

Note: To use this function, you need an ATX power supply providing at least 1A on the +5VSB lead.

- Disabled Disables this function. (Default)
- ➡ Password Set a password with 1~5 characters to turn on the system.
- ▶ Keyboard 98 Press POWER button on the Windows 98 keyboard to turn on the system.
- Any Key Press any key to turn on the system.

Power On Password

Set the password when Power On By Keyboard is set to Password.

Press <Enter> on this item and set a password with up to 5 characters and then press <Enter> to accept. To turn on the system, enter the password and press <Enter>.

Note: To cancel the password, press <Enter> on this item. When prompted for the password, press <Enter> again without entering the password to clear the password settings.

∽ Power On By Mouse

Allows the system to be turned on by a PS/2 mouse wake-up event.

Note: To use this function, you need an ATX power supply providing at least 1A on the +5VSB lead. → Disabled Disables this function. (Default)

► Move Move the mouse to turn on the system.

Double Click Double click on left button on the mouse to turn on the system.

🗢 ErP

Determines whether to let the system consume least power in S5 (shutdown) state. (Default: Disabled) Note: When this item is set to **Enabled**, the following functions will become unavailable: Resume by Alarm, PME event wake up, power on by mouse, power on by keyboard, and wake on LAN.

∽ Soft-Off by PWR-BTTN

Configures the way to turn off the computer in MS-DOS mode using the power button.

Instant-Off
 Press the power button and then the system will be turned off instantly. (Default)
 Press and hold the power button for 4 seconds to turn off the system. If the power button is pressed for less than 4 seconds, the system will enter suspend mode.

Power Loading

Enables or disables dummy load. When the power supply is at low load, a self-protection will activate causing it to shutdown or fail. If this occurs, please set to **Enabled**. **Auto** lets the BIOS automatically configure this setting. (Default: Auto)

☞ Resume by Alarm

Determines whether to power on the system at a desired time. (Default: Disabled) If enabled, set the date and time as following:

Wake up day: Turn on the system at a specific time on each day or on a specific day in a month.
 Wake up hour/minute/second: Set the time at which the system will be powered on automatically.

Note: When using this function, avoid inadequate shutdown from the operating system or removal of the AC power, or the settings may not be effective.

2-8 Save & Exit



∽ Save & Exit Setup

Press <Enter> on this item and select **Yes**. This saves the changes to the CMOS and exits the BIOS Setup program. Select **No** or press <Esc> to return to the BIOS Setup Main Menu.

☞ Exit Without Saving

Press <Enter> on this tem and select **Yes**. This exits the BIOS Setup without saving the changes made in BIOS Setup to the CMOS. Select **No** or press <Esc> to return to the BIOS Setup Main Menu.

Coad Optimized Defaults

Press <Enter> on this item and select **Yes** to load the optimal BIOS default settings. The BIOS defaults settings help the system to operate in optimum state. Always load the Optimized defaults after updating the BIOS or after clearing the CMOS values.

Boot Override

Allows you to select a device to boot immediately. Press <Enter> on the device you select and select Yes to confirm. Your system will restart automatically and boot from that device.

∽ Save Profiles

This function allows you to save the current BIOS settings to a profile. You can create up to 8 profiles and save as Setup Profile 1~ Setup Profile 8. Press <Enter> to complete. Or you can select **Select File in HDD/FDD/USB** to save the profile to your storage device.

∽ Load Profiles

If your system becomes unstable and you have loaded the BIOS default settings, you can use this function to load the BIOS settings from a profile created before, without the hassles of reconfiguring the BIOS settings. First select the profile you wish to load and then press <Enter> to complete. You can select **Select File in HDD/FDD/USB** to input the profile previously created from your storage device or load the profile automatically created by the BIOS, such as reverting the BIOS settings to the last settings that worked properly (last known good record).

Chapter 3 Appendix

3-1 Configuring a RAID Set

RAID Levels

	RAID 0	RAID 1	RAID 5	RAID 10
Minimum Number of Hard Drives	≥2	2	≥3	4
Array Capacity	Number of hard drives * Size of the smallest drive	Size of the smallest drive	(Number of hard drives -1) * Size of the smallest drive	(Number of hard drives/2) * Size of the smallest drive
Fault Tolerance	No	Yes	Yes	Yes

Before you begin, please prepare the following items:

- At least two SATA hard drives or SSDs. (Note 1) (To ensure optimal performance, it is recommended that you
 use two hard drives with identical model and capacity). (Note 2)
- A Windows setup disk.
- · Motherboard driver disk.
- A USB thumb drive.

Configuring SATA Controllers

A. Installing hard drives

Install the hard drives/SSDs in the Intel® Chipset controlled connectors on the motherboard. Then connect the power connectors from your power supply to the hard drives.

B. Configuring SATA controller mode in BIOS Setup

Make sure to configure the SATA controller mode correctly in system BIOS Setup. Steps:

- Turn on your computer and press <Delete> to enter BIOS Setup during the POST (Power-On Self-Test). Go to Peripherals\SATA And RST Configuration, make sure SATA Controller(s) is enabled. To create RAID, set SATA Mode Selection to Intel RST Premium With Intel Optane System Acceleration. Then save the settings and restart your computer.
- To use the EZ RAID feature, follow the steps in "C-1." To configure UEFI RAID, follow the steps in "C-2." To enter the legacy RAID ROM, refer to "C-3" for more information. Finally, save the settings and exit BIOS Setup.



The BIOS Setup menus described in this section may differ from the exact settings for your motherboard. The actual BIOS Setup menu options you will see shall depend on the motherboard you have and the BIOS version.

C-1. Using EZ RAID

GIGABYTE motherboards provide you with the EZ RAID feature, allowing you to quickly configure a RAID array with simplified steps.

Steps:

- After restarting the computer, enter the BIOS Setup and go to Peripherals. Press <Enter> on the EZ RAID item. Select the type of hard drives you use for RAID in the Type tab and then press <Enter>.
- Go to the Mode tab to select a RAID level. RAID levels supported include RAID 0, RAID 1, RAID 10, and RAID 5 (the selections available depend on the number of the hard drives being installed). Then press <Enter> to move to the Create tab. Click Proceed to begin.
- After completing, you'll be brought back to the Intel(R) Rapid Storage Technology screen. Under RAID Volumes you can see the new RAID volume. To see more detailed information, press <Enter> on the volume to check for information on RAID level, stripe block size, array name, and array capacity, etc.

(Note 1) An M.2 PCIe SSD cannot be used to set up a RAID set either with an M.2 SATA SSD or a SATA hard drive. (Note 2) Refer to "1-9 Internal Connectors," for the installation notices for the M.2 and SATA connectors.

C-2. UEFI RAID Configuration

Steps:

- 1. In BIOS Setup, go to BIOS and set CSM Support to Disabled. Save the changes and exit BIOS Setup.
- After the system reboot, enter BIOS Setup again. Then enter the Peripherals\Intel(R) Rapid Storage Technology sub-menu.
- 3. On the Intel(R) Rapid Storage Technology menu, press <Enter> on Create RAID Volume to enter the Create RAID Volume screen. Enter a volume name with 1~16 letters (letters cannot be special characters) under the Name item and press <Enter>. Then, select a RAID level. RAID levels supported include RAID 0, RAID 1, RAID 10, and RAID 5 (the selections available depend on the number of the hard drives being installed). Next, use the down arrow key to move to Select Disks.
- 4. Under Select Disks item, select the hard drives to be included in the RAID array. Press the <Space> key on the hard drives to be selected (selected hard drives are marked with "X"). Then set the stripe block size. The stripe block size can be set from 4 KB to 128 KB. Once you have selected the stripe block size, set the volume capacity.
- 5. After setting the capacity, move to Create Volume and press <Enter> to begin.
- 6. After completing, you'll be brought back to the Intel(R) Rapid Storage Technology screen. Under RAID Volumes you can see the new RAID volume. To see more detailed information, press <Enter> on the volume to check for information on RAID level, stripe block size, array name, and array capacity, etc.

C-3. Configuring Legacy RAID ROM

Enter the Intel[®] legacy RAID BIOS setup utility to configure a RAID array. Skip this step and proceed with the installation of Windows operating system for a non-RAID configuration. Steps:

- In BIOS Setup, go to BIOS and set CSM Support to Enabled and Storage Boot Option Control to Legacy. Save the changes and exit BIOS Setup. After the POST memory test begins and before the operating system boot begins, look for a message which says "Press <Ctrl-I> to enter Configuration Utility". Press <Ctrl> + <I> to enter the RAID Configuration Utility.
- After you press <Ctrl> + <l>, the MAIN MENU screen will appear. If you want to create a RAID array, select Create RAID Volume in MAIN MENU and press <Enter>.
- After entering the CREATE VOLUME MENU screen, enter a volume name with 1~16 letters (letters cannot be special characters) under the Name item and press <Enter>. Then, select a RAID level. RAID levels supported include RAID 0, RAID 1, RAID 10, and RAID 5 (the selections available depend on the number of the hard drives being installed). Press <Enter> to proceed.
- 4. Under **Disks** item, select the hard drives to be included in the RAID array. If only two hard drives are installed, they will be automatically assigned to the array. Set the stripe block size if necessary. The stripe block size can be set from 4 KB to 128 KB. Once you have selected the stripe block size, press <Enter>.
- Enter the array capacity and press <Enter>. Finally press <Enter> on the Create Volume item to begin creating the RAID array. When prompted to confirm whether to create this volume, press <Y> to confirm or <N> to cancel.
- 6. When completed, you can see detailed information about the RAID array in the DISK/VOLUME INFORMATION section, including the RAID level, stripe block size, array name, and array capacity, etc. To exit the RAID BIOS utility, press <Esc> or select 6. Exit in MAIN MENU.



Please visit GIGABYTE's website for details on configuring a RAID array.

Installing the RAID/AHCI Driver and Operating System

With the correct BIOS settings, you are ready to install the operating system.

Installing Windows

As some operating systems already include Intel® RAID/AHCI driver, you do not need to install separate RAID/ AHCI driver during the Windows installation process. After the operating system is installed, we recommend that you install all required drivers from the motherboard driver disk using "Xpress Install" to ensure system performance and compatibility. If the operating system to be installed requires that you provide additional SATA RAID/AHCI driver during the OS installation process, please refer to the steps below:

- 1. Copy the **IRST** folder under **Boot** in the driver disk to your USB thumb drive.
- Boot from the Windows setup disk and perform standard OS installation steps. When the screen requesting you to load the driver appears, select Browse.
- 3. Insert the USB thumb drive and then browse to the location of the driver. The location of the driver is as follows: \IRST\f6flpy-x64
- 4. When a screen as shown, select Intel Chipset SATA RAID Controller and click Next to load the driver and continue the OS installation.

3-2 Installing an Intel[®] Optane[™] Memory

System Requirements

- 1. Intel[®] Optane[™] memory
- 2. The Optane[™] memory must have at least 16 GB capacity, and it must have equal or smaller capacity than the hard drive/SSD to be accelerated.
- The Optane[™] memory cannot be used to accelerate an existing RAID array; the accelerated hard drive/SSD cannot be included in a RAID array.
- 4. The hard drive/SSD to be accelerated must be a SATA hard drive or M.2 SATA SSD and must have Windows 10 64-bit (or later version) installed on it. (Must be formatted for GPT partition.)
- 5. The motherboard driver disk

Installation Guidelines

A-1: Insllation in AHCI mode

If the SATA controller has been configured in AHCI mode, please install the Optane[™] memory in the M2Q_32G or M2P_32G connector and follow the steps below:

- After entering the operating system, insert the motherboard driver disk into your optical drive. On the Xpress Install screen, select Intel(R) Optane(TM) Memory System Acceleration (Note) to install. Follow the on-screen instructions to continue. The system will auto-restart.
- After re-entering the operating system, the dialog box as shown will appear. Click Yes to continue the installation and then restart the system.
- 3. Launch the Intel(R) Optane Memory application from the Start menu. A message which says Intel[®] Optane[™] Memory is disabled will appear on the main screen. Click **Enable** to activate the Intel[®] Optane[™] Memory and restart the system again. (If you install more than one Optane[™] memory, please select which one you are going to use).
- 4. Launch the Intel(R) Optane Memory application from the Start menu and make sure the Intel[®] Optane[™] Memory has been enabled. (The SATA controller mode is changed to Intel RST Premium With Intel Optane System Acceleration from AHCI mode. DO NOT change your SATA controller mode back to AHCI. Doing so will prevent Intel[®] Optane[™] memory from functioning properly.
- (Note) If the system already has Intel[®] Rapid Storage Technology utility installed, you have to remove it first before installing the Intel(R) Optane Memory application.

A-2: Installation in Intel RST Premium With Intel Optane System Acceleration mode

If the SATA controller has been configured in Intel RST Premium With Intel Optane System Acceleration mode, please install the Optane[™] memory in the M2Q_32G or M2P_32G connector first and follow the steps below: 1. After system restarts, go to the BIOS Setup, make sure **CSM Support** under the **BIOS** menu is disabled.

- Go to Peripherals\SATA And RST Configuration and make sure USE RST Legacy ROM is disabled. If you want to enable the Optane[™] memory installed in the M2Q_32G connector, set PCIe Storage Device on Port 17 to RST Controlled; to enable the Optane[™] memory installed in the M2P_32G connector, set PCIe Storage Device on Port 9 to RST Controlled.
- 3. Enter the operating system, launch the Intel[®] Rapid Storage Technology utility from the Start menu, and then enable Intel[®] Optane[™] Memory screen
- 4. If you install more than one Optane[™] memory, please select which one you are going to use.
- 5. Follow the on-screen instruction to continue the installation and then restart the system when completed.
 - An Optane[™] memory cannot be used to accelerate an M.2 PCIe SSD.
 - Do not abruptly remove the Optane[™] memory. Doing so will cause the operating system to stop functioning correctly.
 - If you want to change/remove the Optane[™] memory, you must disable it using the Intel[®] Rapid Storage Technology or Intel(R) Optane Memory application first.
 - After enabling the Optane[™] memory, the related BIOS settings will remain even after a BIOS update.

3-3 Drivers Installation



Before installing the drivers, first install the operating system.

After installing the operating system, insert the motherboard driver disk into your optical drive. Click on the message "Tap to choose what happens with this disc" on the top-right corner of the screen and select "Run **Run**.exe." (Or go to My Computer, double-click the optical drive and execute the Run.exe program.)

"Xpress Install" will automatically scan your system and then list all of the drivers that are recommended to install. You can click the **Xpress Install** button and "Xpress Install" will install all of the selected drivers. Or click the arrow **Queen** icon to individually install the drivers you need.

🐞 Intel X299 AORUS Gaming Series	Ver 1.0 B17.0516.2			
GIGABYTE: Xpi	ress Install			
Drivers & Software	We recommend that you install the drivers and software listed below for your my Please click "Xpress install" to install all the drivers automatically.	otherboard. Xpress Install		
3 42	☑ Google Drive	🕑 Install		
Application Software	Store your files safely and access them from any device Learn more By installing this application, you agree to the Google DriveTerms and Use and the Privacy Policy.			
		Version:1.31.2873.2758		
		Size:33.31MB		
	Google Chrome (R) a faster way to browse the web	🕑 Install		
Google	Google Search built into the address bar Stable and Secure learn more By installing this application, you agree to the Google Chrome Terms of use and	d Privacy Policy.		
	Google Toolbar for Internet Explorer	🕑 Install		
	Google Toolbar makes web browsing more convenient:Search from any websit instantly;Share your favorite sites with friend. Learn more			
	Vinton Internet Security(NIS)	🕑 Install		



Please visit GIGABYTE's website for more software information.



Please visit GIGABYTE's website for details on configuring the audio software.

Regulatory Statements

Regulatory Notices

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Our Commitment to Preserving the Environment

In addition to high-efficiency performance, all GIGABYTE motherboards fulfill European Union regulations for RoHS (Restriction of Certain Hazardous Substances in Electrical and Electronic Equipment) and WEEE (Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment) environmental directives, as well as most major worldwide safety requirements. To prevent releases of harmful substances into the environment and to maximize the use of our natural resources, GIGABYTE provides the following information on how you can responsibly recycle or reuse most of the materials in your "end of life" product.

Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS) Directive Statement

GIGABYTE products have not intended to add and safe from hazardous substances (Cd, Pb, Hg, Cr+6, PBDE and PBB). The parts and components have been carefully selected to meet RoHS requirement. Moreover, we at GIGABYTE are continuing our efforts to develop products that do not use internationally banned toxic chemicals.

Waste Electrical & Electronic Equipment (WEEE) Directive Statement

GIGABYTE will fulfill the national laws as interpreted from the 2002/96/EC WEEE (Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment) directive. The WEEE Directive specifies the treatment, collection, recycling and disposal of electric and electronic devices and their components. Under the Directive, used equipment must be marked, collected separately, and disposed of properly.

WEEE Symbol Statement



The symbol shown below is on the product or on its packaging, which indicates that this product must not be disposed of with other waste. Instead, the device should be taken to the waste collection centers for activation of the treatment, collection, recycling and disposal procedure. The separate collection and recycling of your waste equipment at the time of disposal will help to conserve natural resources and ensure that it is recycled in a manner that protects human health and the environment.

For more information about where you can drop off your waste equipment for recycling, please contact your local government office, your household waste disposal service or where you purchased the product for details of environmentally safe recycling.

- When your electrical or electronic equipment is no longer useful to you, "take it back" to your local or regional
 waste collection administration for recycling.
- If you need further assistance in recycling, reusing in your "end of life" product, you may contact us at the Customer Care number listed in your product's user's manual and we will be glad to help you with your effort.

Finally, we suggest that you practice other environmentally friendly actions by understanding and using the energy-saving features of this product (where applicable), recycling the inner and outer packaging (including shipping containers) this product was delivered in, and by disposing of or recycling used batteries properly. With your help, we can reduce the amount of natural resources needed to produce electrical and electronic equipment, minimize the use of landfills for the disposal of "end of life" products, and generally improve our quality of life by ensuring that potentially hazardous substances are not released into the environment and are disposed of properly.

FCC Notice (U.S.A. Only)

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult a dealer or experienced TV/radio technician for help.

Canada, Industry Canada (IC) Notices / Canada, avis d'Industry Canada (IC)

- This Class B digital apparatus complies with Canadian ICES-003 and RSS-210.
- Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause interference, and (2) this
 device must accept any interference, including interference that may cause undesired operation of the device.
- Cet appareil numérique de classe B est conforme aux normes canadiennes ICES-003 et RSS-210.
- Son fonctionnement est soumis aux deux conditions suivantes : (1) cet appareil ne doit pas causer d'interférence et (2) cet appareil doit accepter toute interférence, notamment les interférences qui peuvent affecter son fonctionnement.









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