Questo manuale d'istruzione è fornito da trovaprezzi.it. Scopri tutte le offerte per Ubiquiti Networks EdgeSwitch 10X o cerca il tuo prodotto tra le migliori offerte di Switch



EdgeSwitch[®]

Configuration Interface Release Version: 1.8

厗 trovaprezzi.it

User Guide

Table of Contents

Chapter 1: Overview1
Introduction
Configuration
Configuration Interface System Requirements1
Chapter 2: Navigation
Accessing the Configuration Interface3
Common Interface Options4
Interface Screens
Chapter 3: Dashboard
Device Status
Port Status
Port Summary
Chapter 4: VLANs
VLANs
Chapter 5: System Settings
Device Name
Management IP
Spanning Tree Protocol
Services
System Actions
Chapter 6: Tools
MAC Table
Ping
Appendix A: Contact Information
Ubiquiti Networks Support

Table of Contents

Chapter 1: Overview

Introduction

This User Guide is designed to provide details about how to set up and use the EdgeSwitch® Configuration Interface, version 1.8 or above. This interface manages the EdgeSwitch and EdgeSwitch X models, which this User Guide will collectively refer to as EdgeSwitch.

The EdgeSwitch XP models use a different user interface. This is described in the EdgeSwitch XP User Guide, which is available at: <u>downloads.ubnt.com/edgemax</u>

Configuration

This intuitive interface allows you to conveniently manage your EdgeSwitch using your web browser. There are two versions available; however, this User Guide describes the default, which is the new UI with a more graphical interface. The legacy UI is still available as an option and is described in the EdgeSwitch Administration Guide, which is available at: <u>downloads.ubnt.com/edgemax</u>

You can also manage your device using the Ubiquiti[®] Network Management System, UNMS[™], which lets you configure, monitor, upgrade, and back up your devices using a single software application. To get started, go to: <u>unms.com</u>

Configuration Interface System Requirements

- Linux, Mac OS X, or Microsoft Windows
- Web Browser: Google Chrome, Mozilla Firefox, or Apple Safari

Chapter 1: Overview

<i>Edge</i> Switch
Username
Password
Go to the legacy interface By signing in to this device, you agree to be bound by
terms and conditions of our End User License Agreen

Chapter 2: Navigation

The EdgeSwitch uses an advanced operating system accessed through a simple and intuitive user interface for convenient configuration and management via a web browser. This interface is referred to as the Configuration Interface or UI (User Interface).

There are two versions of the Configuration Interface. The new one is described in this User Guide. The previous one is described in the EdgeSwitch Administration Guide, which is available at: <u>downloads.ubnt.com/edgemax</u>

The new Configuration Interface is designed for basic configuration of the EdgeSwitch. If you want to configure advanced settings via the old Configuration Interface or CLI, then please be aware that these advanced settings may interfere with the proper function of the new Configuration Interface, and vice versa.



Note: Do NOT make configuration changes using both the new interface and old interface/CLI – this is NOT supported.

Accessing the Configuration

Interface

The EdgeSwitch is set to *DHCP* by default, so it will try to automatically obtain an IP address. If that fails, then it will use the default fallback IP address, *192.168.1.2*. Proceed to the appropriate section, *DHCP* or <u>"Fallback IP Address"</u> on page 4:

DHCP

Use one of the following methods:

- Set up the DHCP server to provide a specific IP address to the EdgeSwitch based on its MAC address (on the label).
- Let the EdgeSwitch obtain an IP address and then check the DHCP server to see which IP address was assigned.

To log in, follow these steps:

- Launch your web browser. Type the appropriate IP address in the address field. Press enter (PC) or return (Mac).
- Enter ubnt in the Username and Password fields. Click Sign In. (When you sign in, you agree to accept the Ubiquiti License Agreement.)

EdgeSwitch
Pissword
SIGN IN
Go to the legacy interface By signing is to this device, you agree to be bound by the terms and conditions of our End User Lionse Agreement.

1		
	,1111a	
	_	_/

Note: To use the previous Configuration Interface, click **Go to the legacy interface**.

Chapter 2: Navigation

The EdgeSwitch Configuration Interface will appear, allowing you to customize additional settings as needed.

You can also manage your device using the Ubiquiti Network Management System. UNMS lets you configure, monitor, upgrade, and back up your devices using a single application. Get started at <u>www.unms.com</u>

Fallback IP Address

- 1. Ensure that your computer (or other host system) is connected to the EdgeSwitch.
- 2. Configure the Ethernet adapter on your host system with a static IP address on the 192.168.1.x subnet.
- 3. Launch your web browser. Type the appropriate IP address in the address field (*192.168.1.2* is the default fallback IP address). Press **enter** (PC) or **return** (Mac).



4. Enter **ubnt** in the *Username* and *Password* fields. Click **Sign In**. (When you sign in, you agree to accept the Ubiquiti License Agreement.)

	EdgeSwitch		
	SISN IN		
Bys	igning in to this device, you agree to be bound by the s and conditions of our End User License Agreement		
	User Pass	EdgeSwitch vernar Parant Marant Marant Maranta Mara	EcgeSwitch were were were were

Note: To use the previous Configuration Interface, click **Go to the legacy interface**.

5. The EdgeSwitch Configuration Interface will appear. Click the **System Settings** tab.

Edgen	AX EdgeSwitch LOX						• UNMS	USER +
	Total throughput	Active ports	Port utilization					
₽ ₽ ₽	57 Kbps	10 % 1 pert						
	EdgeSwitch X • 5h 20n 25s 0.1.0	00:15:64:00:01:a0 MAC ADDRESS 10.2.0.198/24 IP ADDRESS		9 10				0
	Port summary							
	Port Portname	PoE	↓RX	† TX	Mode (Status)	LAG		
	1 Porti	Off	5310ps	57 Kbps	Auto (1 Gbps FDX)	*	đ) ¢
	2 Port 2	Off			Auto	•	đ	> ¢ (
	3 Port 3	Off			Auto	•	e	\$
	4 Port 4	Off			Auto	•	đ	•
	5 Port S	Off			Auto	•	e	¢ (
	6 Port 6	Off			Auto	•	đ) ¢ (
	7 Port 7	Off			Auto	•	đ) ¢ (
	8 Port 8	Off	•		Auto	•	đ	¢ (
	9 Port 9	Off			Auto	•	đ) ¢
	10 Port 10	Off			Auto	•	6	•

6. Change the *IP Address* to a unique IP address. Click **Apply**.

rstem Settings	8		
and a second by			
Device name		Services	
EdgeSwitch Y		UNMS	Disabled
Logeometry		UNMS key	
Management IP			
IPv4			
Network mode		Remote system log	Disabled
DHCP Static IP		Remote server hostname	
IP Address	Primary DNS		
10.2.0.198			
Subnet mask	Secondary DNS	COL conver	Dirabled
255.255.255.0	10.2.0.12	Son server	Charles -
Gateway IP	Management VLAN ID	22	
10.2.0.254	1		
10-4		Teinet server	Disabled
Network mode	Stateless Address AutoConfig Mode	23	
Unk-local DHCP Static	IP e Enabled		
IP address	Gateway IP		
fe80::215:6dff:fe00:1a0/64	fe80::822a:a8ff:fe8e:e3f1	Webserver	
		Server port Ser	ver secure port
		80 4	43
Seanning Tree Protocol			



Note: If you change the IP settings, then the session will be cut off, and you will need to reconnect to the EdgeSwitch using the new IP address.

Customize additional settings as needed.

You can also manage your device using the Ubiquiti Network Management System. UNMS lets you configure, monitor, upgrade, and back up your devices using a single application. Get started at <u>www.unms.com</u>

Common Interface Options

The common interface options are accessible from the top right of the Configuration Inteface.

- UNMS
- <u>"User" on page 5</u>



UNMS

You can manage your device using UNMS, which lets you configure, monitor, upgrade, and back up your devices using a single application. Click the **UNMS** button to visit: **unms.com**

The color of the circular icon represents the status of the connection to UNMS.



User

Click **User** to view the User options:

• (JNMS ⁻	USER 🚽		
	Change	e password		
Legacy interface				
	Log ou	t		
-				

Change Password Click **Change Password** to make a change. The *Change Password* screen appears:

- Old Password Enter the previous password.
- New Password Enter the new password.
- Confirm New Password Enter the new password again.
- Change Password Click to save the new password.

Enter new password for t be used for access to this and for access using the S	he ubnt user. This password will configuration interface, to CLI SH and Telnet protocols.
Old password	
1	
New password	
Confirm new password	
Confirm new password	
Confirm new password	

Legacy Interface Click to use the previous Configuration Interface.

Log Out Click to manually log out of the EdgeSwitch Configuration Interface.

Interface Screens

The Configuration Interface contains four main screens, each of which provides a web-based management page to configure a specific aspect of the EdgeSwitch. This User Guide covers each main screen with a chapter. For details on a specific screen, refer to the appropriate chapter.

- **Dashboard** <u>"Dashboard" on page 7</u> displays status information and statistics for the EdgeSwitch and each port. You can also configure port settings and Link Aggregation Groups (LAGs).
- VLANs <u>"VLANs" on page 13</u> configures Virtual Local Area Networks (VLANs) for the various ports.
- System Settings <u>"System Settings" on page 15</u> configures system settings and services.
- Tools <u>"Tools" on page 21</u> offers the MAC forwarding table and ping test as network administration and monitoring tools.

Chapter 2: Navigation

EdgeM	AX EdgeSwit	ch 16 XG										• UNMS	USER 🚽
Ø	Total throu	ughput	Active ports	Port utilizatio	n								
ස ආ ආ	72 Gb	8	100 % 16 ports		9 11 13 1	5							
	edgeswitc • 1w 3d 13h 2: 1.8	h 2m 50s	f0:9f:c2:64:53:c9 MAC ADDRESS 192.168.1.1/24 IP ADDRESS		7 9 11 8 10 12	13 14 15 16							(
	Port sum	mary											
	Port	Port name		PoE	↓RX		↑TX		Mode (Status)	LAG			
	1	Uplink 1		Off	179.1 Mbps		8.5 Gbps	handd	Autodetect (10 Gbps FDX)	LAG 1		Ċ	5 🌣
	2	Uplink 2		Off	8.2 Gbps	JI.J.JI	4.8 Gbps	dhaar	Autodetect (10 Gbps FDX)	LAG 1		Ċ	5 🗢
	3	Uplink 3		Off	1.8 Gbps	didaate	2.8 Gbps	lahtate	Autodetect (10 Gbps FDX)	LAG 1		Ċ	5 🌣
	4	Uplink 4		Off	3.7 Gbps	ditalla	9.2 Gbps	hlthall	Autodetect (10 Gbps FDX)	LAG 1		Ċ	5 🗢
	5	Port 5		Off	6.3 Gbps	alhaan	9.9 Gbps		Autodetect (10 Gbps FDX)	*		Ċ	5 ¢
	6	Port 6		Off	7.2 Gbps	nulla.t	280.4 Mbps	h.II.a.	Autodetect (10 Gbps FDX)	*		Ċ	5 🌣
	7	Port 7		Off	8.8 Gbps	It.that	219.1 Mbps	.01	Autodetect (10 Gbps FDX)	*		Ċ	5 🌣
	8	Port 8		Off	7.1 Gbps	natad	3.9 Gbps	hlar.tu	Autodetect (10 Gbps FDX)	*		Ċ	5 🌣
	9	Port 9		Off	9.6 Gbps	thutf	2.4 Gbps	Italia	Autodetect (10 Gbps FDX)	×		Ċ	5 🌣
	10	Port 10		Off	3.2 Gbps	.n.thtte	7.4 Gbps	daahtt	Autodetect (10 Gbps FDX)	*		đ	5 🌣
	11	Port 11		Off	9.7 Gbps	htant	6.4 Gbps	mbout	Autodetect (10 Gbps FDX)	*		Ċ	5 🌣
	12	Port 12		Off	3.3 Gbps	dabba	2.4 Gbps	duathe	Autodetect (10 Gbps FDX)	*		Ċ	5 🌣
	13	Backup 1		Off	9.1 Gbps	htd.ad	9.0 Gbps	hthan!	Auto (10 Gbps FDX)	▼ LAG 2		Ċ	5 🌣
	14	Backup 2		Off	2.6 Gbps	allitar	5.1 Gbps	ullulla.	Auto (10 Gbps FDX)	▼ LAG 2		Ċ	5 🌣
	15	Port 15		Off	170.9 Mbps		191.2 Mbps		Auto (1 Gbps FDX)	*		Ċ	5 🌣
	16	Management		Off	479.3 Mbps		264.4 Mbps		Auto (1 Gbps FDX)	•		Ċ	5 🌣

Chapter 3: Dashboard

The *Dashboard* screen displays a summary of the link status information, current values of the basic configuration settings, network settings and information, and traffic statistics. You can also configure port settings.

Total Throughput Displays the throughput as related to the currently active ports and their link status information. For example, if there is only one active port and it is set to 100 Mbps in full-duplex mode, then the maximum *Total Throughput* is 100 Mbps, shown with a complete circle. The throughput dimension (bps, kbps, Mbps) changes dynamically depending on the mean throughput value.



Active Ports Displays the percentage of usage (all ports combined).



Port Utilization Displays the port utilization as related to each active port and its link status information. For example, if there is only one active port and it is set to 100 Mbps in full-duplex mode, then the maximum *Port Utilization* is 100%, shown with a full bar to indicate the maximum theoretical utilization for the port's link state.



Device Status

UBNT EdgeSwitch • 1h 13m 49s	MAC ADDRESS 04:18:d6:c3:90:8c
	IP ADDRESS
v1.8.0.5106045	192.168.1.2/24

(Device Name) Displays the customizable name or identifier of the device. The *Device Name* (also known as hostname) is displayed in registration screens and discovery tools.

(Uptime) This is the total time the device has been running since the latest reboot (when the device was powered up) or software upgrade. The time is displayed in days, hours, minutes, and seconds.

(Firmware) Displays the firmware version of the device.

MAC Address Displays the Media Access Control (MAC) address of the device.

IP Address Displays the local IP address of the device.

Port Status



(Port) Displays the number of the port.

Link Status Displays the speed, activity status, and PoE feature of the port.

Color	Status
	10/100 Mbps Link
4	10/100 Mbps Link with PoE
	1000 Mbps/1 Gbps Link
4	1000 Mbps/1 Gbps Link with PoE
	10 Gbps Link
	Disabled
	Disconnected
4	Disconnected with PoE

Click a port to access its advanced settings. Go to <u>"Advanced Settings" on page 10</u> for more information.

Port Summary

Port sum	mary						
Port	Port name	1 RX	† TX		PoE	Mode (Status)	LAG
1	Port 1	0 bps	1 Kbps		24V ×	Auto + (1 Gbps FDX) +	\$ \$
2	Port 2				PoE+ (0 W) *	Auto *	\$ \$
3	Port 3	0 bps	1 Kbps		24V ×	Auto + (1 Gbps FDX) +	ڻ پ
4	Port 4				PoE+ (0 W) *	Auto *	ې نې
5	Port 5	720 bps	992 bps		PoE+ (11.55 W) *	Auto + (1 Gbps FDX) +	0 ¢
6	Port 6				PoE+ (0 W) *	Auto 👻	0 🕫
. 7	Port 7	10 Kbps	 140 Kbps	hillith	PoE+ (0 W) *	Auto (1 Gbps FDX)	0 🕸

(checkbox) Select multiple ports for group configuration.

2 ports sel	lected					Aggregate	٥
 Port 	Port name	; RX	† TX	PoE	Mode (Status)	LAG	
1	Port 1	0 bps	1 Kbps	24V +	Auto (1 Gbps FDX) *	ð	۵
2	Port 2			PoE+ (0 W) *	Auto 💌	0	۵
🗹 з	Port 3	0 bps	1 Kbps	24V ×	Auto (1 Gbps FDX) *	ڻ ڻ	\$

- Aggregate If you have multiple ports selected, click Aggregate to configure LAG options for them. The LAG window appears and displays the following:
 - (Add) Click an existing LAG to add the selected ports.
 - (Create) Click the Create + icon to create a new LAG.
 Go to <u>"Create or Edit a LAG" on page 9</u>.



- (Delete) (Available if the selected ports belong to the same LAG.) Move the cursor over the current LAG .
 When the check mark becomes an X, click it to remove the selected ports from the LAG.
- (Delete from current LAGs) (Available if the selected ports belong to different LAGs.) Click the *Delete* i icon to remove the selected ports from the current LAGs.

2 ports se	lected					LAG	٠
 Port 	Port name	↓ RX	† TX	PoE	Mode (Status)		
1	Port 1	0 bps	1 Khps	24V ×	Auto (1 Gbps FDX) *	a +	٥
2	Port 2			PoE+ (0 W) *	Auto 👻	ð	\$
V 3	Port 3	0 bps	1 Kbps	24V +	Auto (1 Gbps FDX) *	ð	\$

 (Advanced Settings) Configure settings for the selected ports. Go to <u>"Advanced Settings" on page</u> <u>10</u> for more information.

Port Displays the number of the port.

Port Name Displays the name of the port. Click to change the name.

RX Displays the current RX throughput in blue.

TX Displays the current TX throughput in green.

PoE Displays the status and voltage of the *PoE* feature. Active PoE is displayed in blue. To disable PoE, select **Off**. To enable 24V passive PoE, select **24V**. The default is *PoE*+.

EdgeSwitch User Guide

Mode (Status) Active mode is displayed in green. For RJ45 ports, *Auto* is enabled by default, and it applies only to speed and duplex, not PoE. For SFP/SFP+ ports, *Autodetect* is enabled by default. The EdgeSwitch automatically detects the speed of the inserted SFP/SFP+ module.

The EdgeSwitch automatically negotiates transmission parameters, such as speed and duplex, with its counterpart. In this process, the networked devices first share their capabilities and then choose the fastest transmission mode they both support.

To manually specify the maximum transmission link speed and duplex mode, select the appropriate option (options vary depending on the model). Full-duplex mode allows communication in both directions simultaneously. Half-duplex mode allows communication in one direction at a time, alternating between transmission and reception.

To achieve full performance with extra-long Ethernet cables, ensure that you use Cat 6-qualified cables and interconnects.

LAG A port channel, also known as a Link Aggregation Group (LAG), combines multiple links into a single logical link (single IP address) for load balancing and/or redundancy. You can have up to 8 ports in a LAG, and you can create up to 32 LAGs per EdgeSwitch. If a port is part of a LAG, its LAG number is displayed.

Pert Pert States Mode (Blace) LAC 1 North 560 bps 440 ps 294 v Adab Adab 0 \$\$ 0 2 North 560 bps 440 ps 294 v (Close PDD) * +446 () 0 \$\$ 0
1 hrst. 500 hrs. 41 hrst. 24 v + (Close froid) - total v + Loid 0.0 \$\$ 0 2 hrst. Anto + (Close froid) - (Close f
2 Nrt3 Sélége Aris → Ô Q 3 Nrt3 Sélége 410ps 244 × 110km ² 00 ² × Ô Q 4 Nrt4 264 × 100km ² 0 ² × Ô Q 4 Nrt4 264 × 0.00 Q 0.00 Q 0.00 Q 0.00
3 hrt3 548 bps 49 bps 247 * (10 bps ftb) * 0 \$ \$ \$ 4 hrt4 269 * (10 bps ftb) * 0 \$ \$ \$ 5 hrt4 269 * (10 bps ftb) * 0 \$ \$ \$ 6 hrt4 10 bps ftb * 0 \$ \$ \$
4 Port4 Port4 O III 5 0 mm 5 Alato + O III
s Burts 499 ber 5 khor PoEt Auto
(11.98 W) * (11.66ps FDX) * (11.98 W)
6 Port 6 Port 6 0 VM * Auto * 0 \$
□ 7 Port 7 Port 7 0 V ↔

Click the Add LAG +LAG icon to add the port to a LAG.

You have the following options:

- (Add) Click an existing LAG to add the port to it.
- (Create) Click the Create + icon to create a new LAG. Go to the Create or Edit a LAG section below for more information.
- (Edit) If a LAG is already selected, click the *Edit ℓ* icon to configure LAG settings. Go to the *Create or Edit a LAG* section below for more information.



 (Delete) Move the cursor over the current LAG .
 When the check mark becomes an X, click it to remove the port from the LAG.

Create or Edit a LAG

To edit or create a new LAG, configure these options:

	Static LAG
	Link trap
<	Enable STP
	DHCP snooping
Load	d balance mode
So	ource/Destination MAC, VLAN, Ethertype, Incoming Port 🕶

New LAG Settings

- Static LAG Dynamic LAGs use the Link Aggregation Control Protocol (LACP); all devices must use LACP. If any device does not support LACP, then you can configure a static LAG. If enabled, this LAG will be static and will not use LACP.
- Link Trap If enabled, a notification (SNMP trap) will be sent if the status of the link changes.
- Enable STP Enabled by default. Ethernet networks cannot have multiple active paths between switches (excluding aggregation such as LAG), as this causes a switching loop: broadcast and multicast traffic is amplified and repeated in a never-ending loop, disrupting the network. Spanning Tree prevents switching loops and allows for redundant interconnections between switches. Interfaces with redundant paths are put into STP blocking mode, leaving the port down unless the current best active path fails.

Deselecting this option will disable all versions of spanning tree; however, this is not recommended, as it can leave the network susceptible to being taken down by an inadvertently created switching loop.

- DHCP Snooping DHCP snooping monitors DHCP messages between clients and servers and builds a database of trusted sources. If enabled, only DHCP server messages from trusted sources will be allowed.
- Load Balance Mode Load balancing distributes traffic load while preserving the packet order per flow. The algorithm can consider different packet attributes to determine the appropriate outgoing physical port to use. Select the appropriate option:
 - Source/Destination MAC, VLAN, Ethertype, Incoming Port (default)
 - Destination MAC, VLAN, Ethertype, Incoming Port
 - Source/Destination MAC, VLAN, Ethertype, Incoming Port
 - Source IP and Source TCP/UDP Port Fields
 - Destination IP and Destination TCP/UDP Port Fields
 - Source/Destination IP and TCP/UDP Port Fields

- **Delete** Click the *Delete* **DELETE** icon to remove an existing LAG. Then click **OK** to confirm.
- Save Click to apply changes.



(Powercycle) To power off the connected device for five seconds and then power it back on, click the *Powercycle* \bigcirc icon.

(Advanced Settings) To configure advanced settings, click the Advanced Settings 🌣 icon.

Advanced Settings

• Enable Port Enabled by default. Deselect to disable.



Note: Enabling/disabling this option only affects data traffic on a port. PoE functionality remains unaffected.

• Isolate Port Disabled by default. Select this option to mark this port as an isolated port. Isolated ports cannot communicate directly with any other isolated port.

Isolate port				
Flow contro	01			
DHCP snot	oping			
STP				
Edge port		Port priority	Path cost	
Auto	•	128	0	
oE mode				_
24V				•

- Flow Control Disabled by default. Select this option to enable 802.3x Ethernet Flow Control. This should remain disabled, unless you have a specific requirement for 802.3x and understand its implications.
- DHCP Snooping Disabled by default. DHCP snooping monitors DHCP messages between clients and servers and builds a database of trusted sources. If enabled, only DHCP server messages from trusted sources are allowed.

• **STP** Enabled by default. Ethernet networks cannot have multiple active paths between switches (excluding aggregation such as LAG), as this causes a switching loop: broadcast and multicast traffic is amplified and repeated in a never-ending loop, disrupting the network. Spanning Tree prevents switching loops and allows for redundant interconnections between switches. Interfaces with redundant paths are put into STP blocking mode, leaving the port down unless the current best active path fails.

Deselecting this option will disable all versions of spanning tree; however, this is not recommended, as it can leave the network susceptible to being taken down by an inadvertently created switching loop.

- Edge Port Select Auto, Enable, or Disable. If enabled, designates this port as a port that connects to only a host device. The host device must not be connected to another switch or router. The Edge Port is always in the forwarding state and never undergoes the learning or blocking state. The default is Auto.
- Note: Ensure that the *Edge Port* is connected to only a host device. If the *Edge Port* is connected to a switch or router (even indirectly through a host device), then this may cause a network loop.
- **Priority** STP uses *Priority* as a tiebreaker when multiple ports have the same *Path Cost* value. The lower the value, the higher the priority. If multiple ports have the same *Path Cost* value, then STP chooses the port with the highest *Priority* (lowest value) as the active port (the others are blocked). If STP detects a network loop, then a port with higher *Priority* is less likely to be blocked. If multiple ports share the highest *Priority*, then STP enables the port with the lowest port ID. The *Priority* range is 0 (highest priority) to 255 (lowest priority).The default is *128*.
- **Path Cost** STP uses *Path Cost* to determine the best path between devices. The lower the value, the higher the ranking. In most cases, specify lower values for ports with higher bandwidths, such as gigabit speeds, and specify higher values for ports with lower bandwidth. You can also specify lower values for ports you prefer to use. (*Path Cost* has precedence over *Priority*.) The default is 0.
- **PoE Mode** Select the appropriate option: **Off**, **24V**, or **PoE+**. The default is *PoE*+, which is auto-sensing.
- **PoE Ping Watchdog** Disabled by default. *Ping Watchdog* is only for PoE-enabled ports. If enabled, it configures the device to continuously ping a userdefined IP address (it can be the internet gateway, for example). If it is unable to ping under the user-defined constraints, then the device will automatically turn off PoE on the port, and then turn it back on. This option creates a kind of "fail-proof" mechanism.

EdgeSwitch User Guide

Ping Watchdog is dedicated to continuous monitoring of the specific connection to the remote host using the *Ping* tool. The *Ping* tool works by sending ICMP echo request packets to the target host and listening for ICMP echo response replies. If the specified number of replies is not received, the tool reboots the device.

- IP Address to Ping Specify the IP address of the target host to be monitored by *Ping Watchdog*.

Advanced settin	gs	×
 Enable port 1 Isolate port Flow control DHCP snooping STP 		
Edge port Auto	Port priority	Path cost 0
24V PoE ping watchdog		•
IP address to ping 0.0.0		
		SAVE

• Save Click to apply changes.

Chapter 3: Dashboard

Edgel		lgeSwitch 48 750W		• UNMS' USER 👻
Ø	VLAN	s	RESET APPLY	
ਸ ₽ %		TRUNK PORTS	1 9 17 25 33 41 49 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	New VLAN ID
	ID	Name	U untagged T tagged E exclude LAG 1 LAG 2 LAG 3	Apply to all ports Delete
	1	default	1 9 17 25 33 41 49 V V	UTE
	100	VLAN 100	1 9 17 25 33 41 49 T T E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E	UTE
	200	VLAN 200	1 9 17 25 33 41 49 E E U U E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E	UTE
	300	VLAN 300	1 9 17 25 33 41 49 T<	UTE

Chapter 4: VLANs

The VLANs screen configures Virtual Local Area Networks (VLANs) and trunk ports.

Reset To cancel your changes, click **Reset**.

Apply To immediately save your changes, click Apply.

VLANs

All ports belong to VLAN1, which is enabled as a management VLAN by default. A port can belong to more than one VLAN.

 1
 9
 17
 25
 33
 41
 47

 TRUNK PORTS
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1

Trunk Ports Trunk mode is disabled by default. Trunk ports carry both untagged and tagged traffic from multiple VLANs. Trunk ports are indicated by a dark gray background in the *Trunk Ports* section and by a thick outline in the *VLAN* sections below. If ports belong to a LAG, they are color-coded by LAG.

	1	9	17	25	33	41	49
TRUNK PORTS							

New VLAN ID To create a new VLAN, enter a unique VLAN ID from 2 to 4093 and click +.

New VLAN ID	+
200	

The new VLAN appears.

ID	Name	Uum	tagge	d 1	tagg	ed I	excl	ude																				Appl	ly to a	all ports	Deleb
1	default	1				9				17				25				33				41				49					
		U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	т	E	
		U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U				
100	VLAN 100	1				9				17				25				33				41				49					
		E	Е	Е	Е	Е	Ε	Е	Е	Ε	Ε	Е	Ε	Ε	Е	Е	Ε	Е	Е	Е	Ε	Е	Е	Ε	Е	Ε	Ε	U	Ŧ	F	
		E	ε	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	E				

- ID Displays the ID number of the VLAN.
- Name Displays the name of the VLAN. Click to change the name.
- (ports) Displays the ports with the appropriate membership status indicator, as described below.
- *n* For each port, assign its membership status as a tagged or untagged member of this VLAN. You can also exclude a port from this VLAN.
 - **T (tag)** The port belongs to this VLAN, and VLAN tags are included on outgoing frames. Click the letter until it becomes a "T".
 - **U (untag)** The port belongs to this VLAN, and VLAN tags are excluded from outgoing frames. Click the letter until it becomes a "U".

- **E (exclude)** The port does not belong to this VLAN. Click the letter until it becomes an "E". If a port is configured as a trunk port, you can also use *E (exclude)* to exclude it from trunking.

lcon	Status
U	Untagged
т	Tagged
E	Exclude

If ports belong to a LAG, they are color-coded by LAG. For any LAG port, click the letter until it becomes a "U", "T", or "E". The other ports in the same LAG will be automatically assigned the same status.

ID	Name	Uuntagged Ttagged Execlude LAG1 LAG2 LAG3	Apply to all ports	Delete
1	default	1 9 7 8 8 4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	U T E	
100	VLAN 100	1 7 7 7 8 8 8 8 6 6 6 6 6 7 6 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	U T E	
200	VLAN 200	1 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	UTE	
300	VLAN 300	1 2 2 4 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	UTE	

- Apply to all ports You can assign member status to all ports as a group. You have the following options:
 - **T (tag)** All ports are tagged members of this VLAN. All ports belong to this VLAN, and VLAN tags are included on outgoing frames. Click **T**.
 - **U (untag)** All ports belong to this VLAN, and VLAN tags are excluded from outgoing frames. Click **U**.
 - **E (exclude)** All ports do not belong to this VLAN. Click **E**.



• **Delete** Click the *Delete* i icon to permanently remove the VLAN.

Chapter 5: System Settings

ystem Settings		APPLY APPLY	
Device name		Services	
UBNT EdgeSwitch			Disabled
Management IP			
IPv4		Pomoto system los	Dicabled
Network mode DHCP Static IP		Remote server hostname	Disabled
IP Address	Primary DNS		
192.168.1.2			
Subnet mask	Secondary DNS	SSH server	Enabled
255.255.255.0		Server port	-
Gateway IP	Management VLAN ID	22	
	1		
		Telnet server	Disabled
IPv6	Enable	Server port	
Link-local DHCP Stati	ic IP Disabled	20	
IP address	Gateway IP		
fe80::618:d6ff:fec3:908c/64		Webserver	
		Server port Server se	ecure port
		80 443	
Spanning Tree Protocol			
Version		CNTD elient	Enabled
MSTP (802.1s)		SNTP client	Enabled
Max age	Hello time	NTP server 1 1.ubnt.pool.ntp.org	×
20	2	NTP server 2 2.ubnt.pool.ntp.org	×
Forward delay	Priority		
	007/0	Add server	

Chapter 5: System Settings

The System Settings screen allows you to configure and use the Device Name, Management IP, Spanning Tree Protocol, Services, and System Actions, including configuration backup and restore, as well as firmware update.

Reset To cancel your changes, click **Reset**.

Apply To immediately save your changes, click Apply.

Device Name

Device name			
UBNT EdgeSwitch			
	UBNT EdgeSwitch	Vevice name	UBNT EdgeSwitch

Device Name Specify the Device Name (hostname), which is the system-wide device identifier. The SNMP agent reports it to authorized management stations. The *Device Name* will be used in popular router operating systems, registration screens, and discovery tools.

Management IP

The *Management IP* settings configure the IP settings of the EdgeSwitch.

The *IP Address* and *Subnet Mask* are not mandatory for a Layer 2 device such as the EdgeSwitch; however, they must be configured if you want to manage the EdgeSwitch (and will not be using DHCP).

Configure the *Management VLAN ID* and then configure the appropriate section(s): IPv4 or IPv6.

r'''''
<u> </u>

Note: The *Management VLAN ID* is shared for IPv4 DHCP and static modes, as well as IPv6.

Management VLAN ID Specify the ID of the management VLAN. This VLAN must be configured in the list of VLANs; otherwise you may lose access. The default is *1*.

IPv4

Network Mode The EdgeSwitch can use a static IP address or obtain an IP address from its DHCP server.

• **DHCP** The local DHCP server assigns a dynamic IP address, netmask, gateway IP address, and DNS address to the EdgeSwitch.

IPv4	
Network mode OHCP Static IP	
IP Address	Primary DNS
192.168.1.2	
Subnet mask	Secondary DNS
255.255.255.0	
Gateway IP	Management VLAN ID
	1

- Static Assign static IP settings to the EdgeSwitch.
 - Note: IP settings should be consistent with the address space of the EdgeSwitch's network segment.

IB:4		
11 14		
Network mode		
OHCP Static IP		
IP Address	Primary DNS	
192.168.1.2		
Subnet mask	Secondary DNS	
255.255.255.0		
Gateway IP	Management VLAN ID	
	1	

- **IP Address** Specify the IP address of the EdgeSwitch. This IP will be used for device management purposes. The default is *192.168.1.2*.
- Subnet Mask When the subnet mask is expanded into its binary form, it provides a mapping to define which portions of the IP address range are used for the network devices and which portions are used for host devices. The netmask defines the address space of the EdgeSwitch's network segment. The default 255.255.255.0 (or "/24") netmask is commonly used on many Class C IP networks.
- Gateway IP Typically, this is the IP address of the host router, which provides the point of connection to the internet. This can be a DSL modem, cable modem, or WISP gateway router. The EdgeSwitch directs packets to the gateway if the destination host is not within the local network.

- **Primary DNS IP** Specify the IP address of the primary DNS (Domain Name System) server.
- Secondary DNS IP Specify the IP address of the secondary DNS server. This entry is optional and used only if the primary DNS server is not responding.

IPv6



Note: The *Management VLAN ID* setting is in the IPv4 section; however, it is shared for both IPv4 and IPv6.

Enabled/Disabled IPv6 is enabled by default.

Network Mode Configure the appropriate mode for the EdgeSwitch: Link-local, DHCP, Static IP, or Stateless Address AutoConfig Mode.

• Link-local A link-local address is intended for communication only within the local network. Link-local addresses have a prefix of *fe80::/64*.

Network mode	Stateless Address AutoConfig Mode
Link-local DHCP Static IP	Disabled
IP address	Gateway IP
fe80::618:d6ff:fec3:908c/64	

- **DHCP** The local DHCPv6 server assigns a dynamic IP address, netmask, gateway IP address, and DNS address to the EdgeSwitch.
 - Note: We do not recommend the *DHCP* option. The IP address may change, and you will need to use the *Discovery* tool from another Ubiquiti device or computer to discover the IP address of the EdgeSwitch. You can also reset the EdgeSwitch to its factory default settings. (Press and hold the **Reset** button for more than 10 seconds.) Its default *IP Address* is reset to an EUI-64 link-local address derived from its MAC address.

◯ Link-local 💽 DHCP ◯ Static IP	Disabled	
IP address	Gateway IP	
fe80::618:d6ff:fec3:908c/64		

- Static Assign static IPv6 settings to the EdgeSwitch.
 - Note: IP settings should be consistent with the address space of the EdgeSwitch's network segment.

Network mode	Stateless Address AutoConfig Mode	
	Colored	
IP address	Gateway IP	
fe80::618:d6ff:fec3:908c/64		

EdgeSwitch User Guide

- IP Address Specify the IPv6 address of the EdgeSwitch. This IP will be used for device management purposes. The default is an EUI-64 link-local address derived from its MAC address.
- Gateway IP Typically, this is the IPv6 address of the host router, which provides the point of connection to the internet. This can be a DSL modem, cable modem, or WISP gateway router. The EdgeSwitch directs packets to the gateway if the destination host is not within the local network.
- Stateless Address AutoConfig Mode Disabled by default. If enabled, the EdgeSwitch can acquire an IPv6 address through the IPv6 Neighbor Discovery Protocol (NDP) and the use of Router Advertisement messages.

Network mode	Stateless Address AutoConfig Mode Disabled	
IP address	Gateway IP	
fe80::618:d6ff:fec3:908c/64		

Spanning Tree Protocol

For optimal performance, there should be a single active path between two networking devices in an Ethernet network. Spanning Tree Protocol (STP) provides redundant paths and prevents network loops that can create excessive traffic and slow down performance. STP calculates the best path for network traffic; if the best path fails, STP recalculates and finds the next best path.

Enabled by default, STP provides redundancy without network loops.

Spanning Tree Protocol		
Version		
MSTP (802.1s)		•
Max age	Hello time	
20	2	
Forward delay	Priority	
15	32768	

Version Select the version of STP to use: **MSTP**, **STP**, or **RSTP**. Multiple STP (MSTP) and Rapid STP (RSTP) are enhanced versions of STP. RSTP displays the following states: *Blocking, Learning,* and *Forwarding*. MSTP uses RSTP and groups VLANs together. When STP is selected, the EdgeSwitch sends STP packets. The default is *MSTP*.

Max Age Specify how long the EdgeSwitch saves a configuration message received on a port. If the EdgeSwitch does not hear any new configuration messages after the *Max Age* time interval, then the EdgeSwitch adapts and starts to reconfigure. The default is 20 seconds. **Hello Time** Specify the time interval between configuration messages transmitted by the EdgeSwitch to other switches. The default is *2* seconds.

Forward Delay Specify how long the listening and learning states last before the EdgeSwitch forwards traffic. The default is *15* seconds.

Priority STP uses priority values to select a switch as the root switch of the spanning tree. Specify the *Priority* value of the EdgeSwitch. The default is *32768*.

Services

Configure the following services: UNMS, Remote System Log, SSH Server, Telnet Server, Web Server, and SNTP Client.

UNMS

Disabled

Enabled/Disabled Disabled by default. Enabling this option activates UNMS access to the device.

 UNMS Key Enter the UNMS key, which helps to secure communication between the device and UNMS. For more information, go to: <u>ubnt.link/UNMS-Key</u>

Remote System Log

Every logged message contains at least a system time and host name. Usually a specific service name that generates the system event is also specified within the message. Messages from different services have different contexts and different levels of detail. Usually error, warning, or informational system service messages are reported; however, more detailed debug level messages can also be reported. The more detailed the system messages reported, the greater the volume of log messages generated.

Remote system log	Disabled
Remote server hostname	

Enabled/Disabled Disabled by default. If enabled, system log messages are sent to a remote server.

 Remote Server Hostname Enter the hostname of the remote server that receives syslog messages. Properly configure the remote host to receive syslog protocol messages.

SSH Server

SSH server	Enabled
Server port	
22	

Enabled/Disabled SSH access to the device is enabled by default.

• **Server Port** Specify the TCP/IP port of the SSH server. The default is 22.

Telnet Server

Disabled

Enabled/Disabled Disabled by default. Enabling this option activates Telnet access to the device.

• Server Port Specify the TCP/IP port of the Telnet server. The default is 23.

Web Server

erver port	Server secure port	
80	443	
•		

HTTPS is enabled by default. The following *Web Server* parameters can be set:

Server Port For HTTP mode, specify the TCP/IP port of the web server. The default is *80*.

Secure Server Port For secure HTTPS mode, specify the TCP/IP port of the web server. The default is 443.

SNTP Client

Simple Network Time Protocol (SNTP) is a simplified version of NTP, a protocol for the synchronization of network device clocks using an SNTP server. You can use it to set the system time on the device, and the system time is reported next to every log entry that registers a system event.

NTP server 1	1.ubnt.pool.ntp.org	×
NTP server 2	2.ubnt.pool.ntp.org	×
Add server		

Enabled/Disabled Enabled by default. The device obtains the system time from a time server on the internet.

- NTP Server 1 Specify the IP address or domain name of the primary NTP server. The default is as follows: *1.ubnt.pool.ntp.org*
- NTP Server 2 Specify the IP address or domain name of the secondary NTP server. The default is as follows: *2.ubnt.pool.ntp.org*

System Actions

This section manages device configuration routines, firmware updates, and the option to reset the device to factory default settings.

Backup

System action	IS			
• ВАСКИР		۲	٥	٩
		_	_	_

Backup Click Click Configuration file. The device configuration is stored as a gzipped tar archive (.tar.gz). You can back up, restore, or update the system configuration file:



Note: We strongly recommend that you save the configuration file in a secure location. The configuration file includes confidential information, such as hashed passwords.

Restore

System action	IS			
💽 ВАСКИР		۲	٥	Φ



Note: We recommend that you back up your current system configuration before uploading the new configuration.

The configuration file must match the device you are uploading to. Behavior may be unpredictable if you mix configuration files from different device models. For example, upload an ES-16-150W configuration file to an ES-16-150W; do NOT upload an ES-24-Lite configuration file to an ES-16-150W.

Restore Click **D** restore to locate the new configuration file. Select the file and then click **Open** to upload the new configuration file to the EdgeSwitch.

After the EdgeSwitch reboots, the settings of the new configuration are displayed in the Configuration Interface.

EdgeSwitch User Guide

Locate Device



Click the *Locate Device* icon to flash the System LED on the EdgeSwitch so you can locate it. It will quickly flash blue until you click the *Locate Device* icon again.

Upgrade Firmware





Note: We recommend that you back up your current system configuration before updating the firmware.

The EdgeSwitch firmware update is compatible with all configuration settings. The system configuration is preserved while the EdgeSwitch is updated with a new firmware version.

Click the *Upgrade Firmware* icon to locate the new firmware file. Select the file and then click **Open** to update the firmware.

During the firmware update, the System LED on the EdgeSwitch will alternate between blue and white.

If the firmware update is in process, you can close the EdgeSwitch Configuration Interface, but this does not cancel the firmware update.

While the firmware update is in process, please be patient, as the firmware update routine can take three to seven minutes. You cannot access the EdgeSwitch until the firmware update routine is completed.



WARNING: Do not power off, do not reboot, and do not disconnect the EdgeSwitch from the power supply during the firmware update process as these actions will damage the EdgeSwitch!

Reboot Device



Click the *Reboot Device* \clubsuit icon to initiate a full reboot cycle of the device. You will be prompted to confirm; click **OK** to proceed with the reboot or click *Cancel* to cancel the reboot.

Reboot is the same as the hardware reboot, which is similar to the power-off and power-on cycle. The system configuration stays the same after the reboot cycle completes. Any changes that have not been applied are lost. Chapter 5: System Settings

Edgel	MAX' EdgeSv	witch 16 XC				• UNMS" USER 👻
Ø	MAC Tab	le	Ping			
ų	MAC Ta	ble 🔺	ll ports 👻			Search Refresh
(
0	Port	VLAN	MAC Address	IP Address	Hostname	
19	12	1	04:18:d6:83:11:cc	192.168.0.38 CM PING	unknown	
	12	1	04:18:d6:a0:4b:8a	192.168.0.40 CM PING	unknown	
	12	1	04:18:d6:a0:4b:8b	unknown	unknown	
	12	1	04:18:d6:a0:89:7a	192.168.0.254 6 th PING	unknown	
	12	1	04:18:d6:a0:a8:77	192.168.0.62 Ch PING	unknown	
	12	1	04:18:d6:a0:d6:b4	192.168.0.41 Ch PING	unknown	
	12	1	04:18:d6:a0:d9:8e	unknown	unknown	
	12	1	04:18:d6:a2:22:ea	192.168.0.56 CM PING	unknown	
	12	1	04:18:d6:a2:23:d2	192.168.0.59 Ch PING	unknown	
	12	1	04:18:d6:c3:90:8c	192.168.0.61 6 PING	unknown	
	12	1	70:f0:87:e4:e4:92	unknown	unknown	
	12	1	80:e6:50:28:b4:f8	192.168.0.63 CM PING	unknown	
	12	1	a4:5e:60:c7:85:71	unknown	unknown	
	12	1	f0:9f:c2:68:f3:68	192.168.0.39 6 th PING	unknown	
	12	1	fc:ec:da:77:04:07	192.168.0.55 Ch PING	unknown	

Chapter 6: Tools

The *Tools* screen offers the MAC forwarding table and ping test.

MAC Table

The *MAC Forwarding Table* displays information, including MAC addresses, of the hardware devices using the EdgeSwitch.

MAC Ta	ble	Ping				
MACT	able AF	oorts 💌			Search	Refresh
Port	VLAN	MAC Address	IP Address	Hostname		
5	1	04:18:d6:a0:a8:77	unknown	unknown		
7	1	68:5b:35:a6:08:70	192.168.1.28 (3 ¹⁾ PING	unknown		

MAC Table

All ports *All ports* is the default. To view information about the hardware device using a specific port, select the port from the drop-down list.

Search The *Search* field automatically filters MAC and IP addresses containing specified numbers or letters as you enter them.

Refresh To refresh the window, click **Refresh**.

The MAC Forwarding Table reports the Port number, VLAN ID, MAC Address, IP Address, and Hostname for each hardware device.

• **Ping** If the IP address is displayed, then you can click the *Ping* String icon to start a ping test.

Ping

You can ping other devices on the network directly from the EdgeSwitch. The *Ping* tool uses ICMP packets to check the preliminary link quality and packet latency estimation between two network devices.

MAC Table	Ping		
Ping Address	SI	•	Packet size: 56 bytes / Packet count: Change paramet
MIN	AVG	MAX	
ms	- ms	- ms	

Ping

Address Enter the IP address.

Packet size The default is *56 bytes*. To specify the size of the packet in bytes, click **Change parameters**.

Packet count The default is *10*. To specify the number of packets to send for the ping test, click **Change parameters**.

Ping Parameters

- Packet size Enter the size of the packet in bytes.
- **Packet count** Enter the number of packets to send for the ping test.
- Save Click to apply changes.

Start Click to begin the ping test.

Ping parameters	×	
Packet size		
56		
Packet count		
10		

Packet loss statistics and latency time evaluation are displayed after the test is completed.

Appendix A: Contact Information

Ubiquiti Networks Support

Ubiquiti Support Engineers are located around the world and are dedicated to helping customers resolve software, hardware compatibility, or field issues as quickly as possible. We strive to respond to support inquiries within a 24-hour period.

Ubiquiti Networks, Inc. 685 Third Avenue, 27th Floor New York, NY 10017 USA www.ubnt.com

Online Resources

Support: ubnt.link/EdgeMAX-Support Community: community.ubnt.com/edgemax Downloads: downloads.ubnt.com/edgemax



© 2018 Ubiquiti Networks, Inc. All rights reserved. Ubiquiti, Ubiquiti Networks, the Ubiquiti U logo, the Ubiquiti beam logo, EdgeMAX, EdgeSwitch, and UNMS are trademarks or registered trademarks of Ubiquiti Networks, Inc. in the United States and in other countries. Apple and the Apple logo are trademarks of Apple Inc., registered in the U.S. and other countries. App Store is a service mark of Apple Inc., registered in the U.S. and other countries. Google, Android, Google Maps, and Google Play are trademarks of Google LLC. All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners.